



Photo: WFP/George Fominyen

WFP South Sudan Situation Report #145

24 September 2016

In Numbers

1.61 million internally displaced people ([OCHA est.](#))

1,009,854 South Sudanese refugees ([UNHCR est.](#))

169,418 people seeking shelter with the UN ([UNMISS est.](#))

4.8 million people in emergency or crisis level food insecurity ([IPC, May - July 2016](#))

Highlights

- UNHAS cargo deliveries have exceeded pre-July crisis levels as agencies continue to scale up assistance to meet increased humanitarian needs.
- Average number of South Sudanese arriving per day in Uganda exceeds 3,000.
- Inflation levels continue to rise, now hitting 730 percent.

Highlights

- From 15-17 September, an inter-agency rapid assessment mission was conducted in three communities south-west of Wau town: Mboro, Ngo Dakala and Ngoku. The assessment found the food security situation of the population stressed, but the nutrition situation was below emergency levels. However, the population remains vulnerable to high levels of food insecurity during the upcoming dry season as a result of the communities' reliance on wild vegetables which grow during the wetter months. Alongside malnutrition screening, High Energy Biscuits (HEB) were provided by WFP for 7,340 people.
- UNHCR reports that the average rate of new arrivals per day from South Sudan to Uganda is 3,063, almost double the daily average in July, with the greatest proportion of new arrivals from the Equatoria region.
- WFP's market price monitoring report highlights inflation levels at 730 percent in South Sudan. However, prices of locally produced commodities [have started to decrease](#) in many markets in line with seasonal harvests.

WFP's Activities



Food Assistance

- In Northern Bahr el Ghazal, WFP has scaled up its support to severely food insecure households, reaching 870,000 people so far. 748,000 people have benefitted from general food distributions as well as 87,000 children aged 6-59 months and 34,600 pregnant/nursing mothers who have received a ration of SuperCereal for the treatment and prevention of moderate acute malnutrition. Distributions have been completed at 27 of the 33 planned distribution points and the are ongoing in Aweil East.
- There are eight ongoing Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM) missions in Aweil Centre/East (Northern Bahr el Ghazal), Dengjok (Jonglei), Jazeera, Thanyang, Kueryiek, Nyal (Unity) and Kuich (Upper Nile) where teams are providing assistance to 291,000 people. Over the next month, there are 21 planned IRRM missions through which 354,000 people will receive assistance in the Greater Upper Nile region.
- Preparations are underway for cash based transfer (CBT) payments to 43,000 displaced people in Mingkaman who have recently been registered in WFP's [SCOPE](#) system. In October, all 114,000 displaced people in Mingkaman will receive CBTs through SCOPE instead of an in-kind ration, amounting to the equivalent value of a 15 day in-kind ration.
- Following recent displacement from Baliet country to Malakal, WFP has provided HEBs to 1,066 people alongside NFIs provided by other humanitarian partners.
- Fighting and insecurity have displaced thousands in the Greater Equatoria region. Access to populations remains constrained, and WFP has been unable to provide food assistance. An improvement in the security situation is necessary to enable humanitarian partners to provide much needed assistance in this region.

Beneficiaries

(August 2016)





Logistics

- WFP has received the required flight safety assurances and air operations are ongoing from all locations where aircraft are based: Juba, Bor, Wau (South Sudan), Entebbe (Uganda), and Jimma, Gambella (Ethiopia). So far this month, over 4,000mt of assorted commodities have been moved by air to locations in South Sudan. An additional aircraft (Ilyushin) was added to the fleet this week and one more will arrive in the coming week. The increased fleet will have the daily delivery capacity of 480mt, from 360mt, through 13 air assets.
- For the October–December period, WFP expects that 95 percent of commodity deliveries will be done by air given limited road transport options as a result of deteriorated road conditions and insecurity.
- After more than one month delay, 29 WFP contracted trucks carrying 836mt of commodities have been received in Juba without any incident reported along the Juba-Nimule road. However, movement along the Juba-Nimule road remains restricted, with contracted trucks reminded to travel in convoys during daylight hours.

Clusters and Special Operations



UN Humanitarian Air Service

- Over the past week UNHAS transported 1,660 passengers and 23.6mt of light humanitarian cargo. The current cargo request has exceeded pre-July crisis levels, while passenger figures are edging towards 80 percent, an indication that humanitarian organizations are deploying relief items to meet the surge in needs after the crisis.
- UNHAS facilitated two flights during the week from Rubkona to Jazeera and Nhialdu in support of the Beyond Bentiu Response (BBR) initiative. About six humanitarian organizations are implementing rapid response activities in these locations.
- Due to the deterioration of the security situation in Jazeera and Nhialdu, UNHAS performed a security relocation of 24 humanitarian staff from two UN agencies and four NGOs to Rubkona. In addition, one IRC staff was evacuated from Rubkona to Juba due to security concerns.
- UNHAS continues to support the ECHO partners engaged in Emergency Preparedness and Response activities. During the week, two flights were facilitated to Nimule in Magwi county of Eastern Equatorial, where the recent conflict has resulted in several displacements as well as food and nutrition insecurity concerns.
- Four medical evacuations were accommodated on UNHAS regular flights from Ajuong Thok, Mayom, Torit and Wau for UNHCR, MSF-Switzerland, Caritas Switzerland and MSF-France. UNHAS also facilitated the reunification of one child with her family in Paloich on behalf of UNICEF.
- The monthly UNHAS User Group meeting took place during the week, where participants endorsed the removal of 11 destinations from the weekly schedule due to reduced need in the locations. An updated schedule will be shared.



Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

- The FSLC is completing the August round of reporting with partners to identify gaps in coverage in order to identify how best to ensure the food security needs of the most vulnerable are met. This exercise will also feed into the Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP)

2016 mid-year review and related prioritization processes to identify where resources need to be focussed.



Emergency Telecommunications

Cluster (ETC)

- Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC) has been closely monitoring the Humanitarian Internet Service Project (HISP) link in Bentiu as high data usage among users affects the speed of transmission of online applications. Content filtering is currently being implemented in order to improve the data connectivity performance.
- Helpdesk support has been provided to both on-site and remote IT clients that require assistance to access, configuration and other technical needs.



Logistics Cluster

- In the past week, the Logistics Cluster coordinated the delivery of 90mt of humanitarian relief items to Aweil, Dablual, Ganyiel, Koch, Lankien, Mathiang, Mayendit, Nyal, Paloich, Raja on behalf of 15 organizations.
- Despite access constraints into key destinations throughout the country, the Logistics Cluster supported the dispatch of over 40mt of Agriculture, Camp Management and Coordination, Education, Health, Nutrition, Operational Support, Protection and WASH cargo to three destinations, including Aweil which remains a priority location as designated by the Inter Cluster Working Group (ICWG) .
- The most recent Access Constraints Map can be found at the following link: <http://www.logcluster.org/map/south-sudan-access-constraints-map-16-september-2016>.



Feeder Roads

- Works are ongoing along the Kangi-Kuajok (Warrap-Western Bahr el Ghazal) road; however lack of fuel in the second week of September supply slowed work. Fuel issues have now been resolved and rehabilitation work continues to progress along this 41km stretch of road.

WFP Operations in South Sudan			
	2016 Requirements (in USD)	6 Months Net Funding Requirements (September 2016-February 2017) (in USD)	People Reached (August 2016)
EMOP 200859 (Oct 2015—Sept 2016*)	424.4 million	134.6 million	1,040,571
PRRO 200572 (Jan 2014—Dec 2016*)	277 million	9.4 million	1,427,051
SO 200775 Food Security and Livelihoods Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	585,000	0	N/A
SO 200778 Logistics Cluster (Jan 2015—Dec 2016*)	36.2 million	8.4 million	N/A
SO 200931 ETC (Jan-Dec 2016)	663,000	0	N/A
SO 200786 UNHAS (Jan 2015—Dec 2016)	58.6 million	15.5 million	N/A
The Feeder Roads Special Operation has a total budget of US\$167.3 million, with a shortfall of US\$70.4 million.			

*Budget revision in process.

2016 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)*:



*Includes donors that provided multi-year funding continuing in 2016
Not included: UN CHF, World Bank and Private Donors

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