



WFP South Sudan Situation Report #251

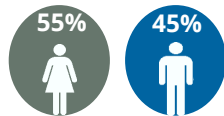
In Numbers

- 6.96 million** people facing acute food insecurity from May to July 2019 ([IPC](#))
- 2.1 million** acutely malnourished women and children ([HRP](#))
- 2.7 million** people assisted by WFP in June 2019
- 1.83 million** internally displaced people ([OCHA](#))
- 2.31 million** South Sudanese refugees ([UNHCR](#))
- 202,776** seeking shelter with the UN ([UNMISS](#))

Highlights

- WFP commemorated **World Breastfeeding Week** in collaboration with Ministry of Health, UNICEF and partners, between 1–7 August. This year’s theme was “Empower Parents, Enable Breastfeeding, now and for the future” — a recognition of the key role both parents play in ensuring breastfeeding.
- The **Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) review** on 6 - 7 August was attended by the Government, NGOs, UN agencies, Famine Early Warning Systems Network and IPC Global Support Unit. It discussed effective ways to improve data availability and analysis, institutionalization, capacity strengthening amongst other, to inform the August IPC analysis.

People assisted June 2019



Global Humanitarian Funding 2019

Overall:
USD 1.5 billion
WFP share:
USD 660 million

WFP 6-month Net Funding Requirements (August '19 —January '20)

481.5

Strategic Outcome 1

Food-insecure women, men and children in crisis-affected areas have access to safe and nutritious food

394.6

Strategic Outcome 2

People at risk of malnutrition in crisis affected areas, specially young children and pregnant and lactating women, are able to meet their basic nutrition requirements all year round

36.0

Strategic Outcome 3

Food-insecure smallholders and communities in non-conflict zones have enhanced livelihoods and resilience to seasonal climate shocks throughout the year

24.1

Strategic Outcome 4

The humanitarian community has access to reliable common services until satisfactory alternatives are available

26.8

Situation Update

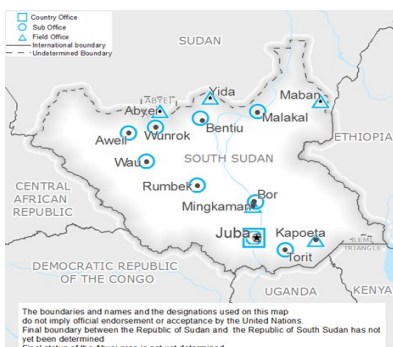
- WFP, in collaboration with National Bureau of Statistics, FAO, UNICEF and other partners, concluded data collection for the Food Security and Nutrition Monitoring System (FSNMS) a nationwide, rural, randomly sampled household survey. The recently completed round 23, employing nearly 500 enumerators, has achieved the highest level of geographic and household coverage ever, providing data for all counties and directly assessing around 8,500 households and 10,000 children under five across rural South Sudan. The data will provide an in-depth understanding of food security and nutrition situation, as well as market dynamics, throughout South Sudan at the peak of the lean season. FSNMS data will provide indicative food security findings and nutritional status findings in order to inform the Integrated IPC report. The IPC analysis is planned to take place in Rumbek at the end of August 2019.

WFP Response



Food and Nutrition Assistance

- WFP assisted 220,957 people in hard-to-reach areas through the Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM), distributing 1,413 mt of food and nutrition commodities across five sites in four counties— Akobo, Fangak, Koch and Leer— in the past two weeks.
- WFP initiated a blanket supplementary feeding programme (BSFP) in Renk, former Upper Nile State, for the prevention of acute malnutrition due to a recent SMART survey (July 2019) conducted by the nutrition partner, Medair. The survey found a Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) above 24.4% for camp communities and 32.1% for host communities. Despite occurring humanitarian response, including nutrition, since 2013 GAM has rarely been below the emergency threshold of 15%.





Safety Nets & Resilience

- WFP's Food Assistance for Assets (FFA) team held its mid-year workshop that drew participants from WFP field offices and more than 20 NGO partners from all regions of the country. During the workshop the team discussed five focus areas of the programme, including activity sequencing, programme sustainability factors, broadening scope of livelihood activities supported, non-food items management strategies and FFA in the context of changing climate (climate change adaptation). Recommendations from the workshop will be used to adapt the current FFA programme standards to be more responsive to community needs.
- As part of the efforts to reduce post harvest losses, WFP continues to distribute hermetic silos— air-tight containers—in schools across the country to help them better store the commodities provided for the school feeding programme. By providing improved storage at schools, WFP is able to decrease transport costs by reducing frequency of food deliveries to schools and improve food safety by using a storage container that guards against mold, insects and pests. WFP will begin from schools in/around Juba, Yambio, Aweil and Kuajok.



Supply Chain

- WFP held training sessions to strengthen the capacity of retailers on Cash Based Transfers (CBT). The training, which was held in Wau, was attended by 47 contract retailers, 3 participants from the Chamber of Commerce, 1 Relief and Rehabilitation Commission staff, 12 Norwegian Refugee Council staff and 3 WFP staff members. The condensed two-day training was designed to illustrate how to price products, maximize profit margins and increase customer value.

Clusters and Common Services



Food Security & Livelihoods (FSL) Cluster

- In June 2019, partners assisted 2.2 million people with unconditional and transitional emergency food assistance. The FSL cluster reached 57,709 households with livelihood kits (fishing, vegetable & crop kits) to improve food production in June. A further 62,164 households received different types of trainings to build their capacity and reduce dependency on food and agricultural assistance.
- Between January and June 2019, FSL partners have now reached a total of 3.7 million people with unconditional and transitional emergency food assistance. The FSL cluster reached 193,889 (63 percent FAO, 37 percent FSL partners) households with livelihood kits to improve food production. During the same period, 159,578 households received different types of trainings to build their capacity and reduce dependency on food and agricultural assistance.

- Between January and June 2019, 42 partners reached a total of 766,416 unique people using CBT. 89 percent covered food assistance activities, while 11 percent covered livelihoods support. An estimated total of 2.8 million livestock has been vaccinated or treated by FAO and FSL partners.



Logistics Cluster

- The Logistics Cluster facilitated the transport of 204 mt of education, food security, general operations, general program, health, logistics, nutrition, shelter, and WASH cargo to 24 locations on behalf of 23 organizations, including 6 National NGO, 13 International NGO and 4 UN organizations.
- The Logistics Cluster continues to roll out internal Ebola Virus Disease (EVD) briefings to WFP staff in the field. To date, 220 staff including security guards and cleaners have been sensitized.
- The Logistics Cluster supports WHO and other partners with the transportation of EVD supplies. On 26 July, the cluster airlifted one emergency medical kit for repositioning at the isolation unit constructed by WFP in Yei.
- The Logistics Cluster met with the Health Pooled Fund to discuss logistics coordination services and support including dedicated EVD common storage space in Juba. The cluster is currently kitting medical personal protective equipment (PPE) on behalf of UNHCR for onward distribution in high risk locations throughout South Sudan.
- The most recent access constraint map is [here](#).



UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- UNHAS transported 3,387 passengers and 32.1 mt of light humanitarian cargo to 55 destinations across South Sudan.
- UNHAS performed 13 medical evacuations on behalf of 6 organizations from Ajuong Thok, Aweil, Old Fangak, Rumbek, Nyal, Malakal and Yambio.
- In support of the UNICEF family reunification project, UNHAS flew six children to be reunited with their families.
- UNHAS performed eight passenger charter flights on behalf of IOM, UNDSS, UNHCR, USAID and WFP and two Inter Cluster Working Group flights.
- UNHAS performed a security evacuation from Pagak to Juba of 10 ADRA staff.
- UNHAS organized for a ground demonstration of an EVD case evacuation on an UNHAS contracted aircraft to familiarize crew and partners on applicable procedures.

WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan

	Total Requirements (in USD)	Allocated Contributions (in USD) *	6 Months Net Funding Requirements** (in USD)	People Assisted*** (June, 2019)	Female	Male
ICSP TOTAL (2018-2020)	2.99b	1070.5	481.5	2,744,307	1,501,324	1,242,983
Activity 1 Provide nutrition-sensitive food assistance to crisis-affected populations Strategic Result 1: Access to food	1680.3	575.0	326.5	1,993,286	1,052,601	940,685
Activity 2 Provide food and nutrition assistance to refugees Strategic Result 1: Access to food	317.5	110.1	68.1	268,315	144,850	123,465
Activity 3 Provide nutrition assistance to populations at risk of malnutrition Strategic Result 2: End malnutrition	437.5	110.4	36.0	219,375	156,951	62,424
Activity 4 Provide livelihood support and build resilience of rural households Strategic Result 3: Smallholder Productivity and Income	220.2	81.1	24.1	263,331	146,992	116,409
Activity 5 Operate air services for the humanitarian community Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	152.4	77.0	17.1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Activity 6 Coordinate the Logistics Cluster in support of the humanitarian community Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	73.5	43.4	0.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Activity 7 Supply Chain provision Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	16.5	5.7	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Activity 8 Inter-Agency IT Communication Service Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	6.5	1.8	0.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Activity 9 SCOPE Service to humanitarian partners Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	36.7	8.5	9.0	N/A	N/A	N/A
Activity 10 Provision of IT services to the humanitarian community Strategic Result 8: Global Partnerships	1.2	-	0.3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non Activity Specific funding	0.0	57.5				

*Includes contributions received in 2017 and 2018, but specifically earmarked for the ICSP, which began on 1 January 2018.

**August '19 —January '20

***Unique beneficiaries, excluding overlap among activities.

Donors (2019, listed alphabetically)*

