







WFP NigeriaSituation Report #34

01-31 October 2018

In Numbers

(Borno, Adamawa & Yobe (BAY) States)

1.7 m people food insecure (CH 3-5)

(October- December 2018)

2 m people displaced

(IOM Displacement Matrix, October 2018)

699 k people assisted by WFP in October 2018

People assisted in October 2018: 698,669*

General Food Assistance: **628,838**

In-Kind Food Distributions: 477,778 Cash Based Transfers(CBT): 151,060

[Mobile Money: 11,569] [E-Voucher: 139,491]

Preventative Nutrition Assistance: 235,997

In- Kind Food Distributions: 189,762 Cash Based Transfers: 46,235

Livelihoods: 655

*The total includes 69,176 unique nutrition beneficiaries

GENDER MARKER 2A

Situation Update

- The United Nations Secretary-General (UNSG) António Guterres issued a <u>statement</u> strongly condemning the killing of the second ICRC midwife by Non- State Armed Groups (NSAG). The UNSG emphasized that those responsible for this killing must be brought to justice and that all parties to the conflict must protect aid workers who provide life-saving humanitarian assistance to the millions of people in need in North-East Nigeria.
- The result of the CH analysis indicates that about 1.7 million people in BAY states require emergency assistance in the current period of October to December, 2018. During the projected period of June to August 2019, these figures are expected to increase to 2.7 million people in the absence of resilience driven interventions and humanitarian assistance, in areas where such is not feasible.

Highlights

- In October, WFP provided food and nutrition assistance to 699 thousand people in Borno, Adamawa and Yobe states (80 percent of the plan) through in-kind food assistance and cash-based transfers, complemented by preventive nutrition assistance activities.
- As per the latest Cadre Harmonisé (CH) report, the number of people in need of food assistance in BAY states, has fallen from 2.6 to 1.7 million over the past year. The decrease can be attributed to above average rainfall and continued humanitarian assistance. However, conflict and displacement continue to negatively impact farming and other livelihood activities, and without sustained humanitarian support, this number is predicted to rise to 2.7 million people within the next six months.

This indicates an improvement in the food security and nutrition situation compared to March 2018, except for Yobe where concerning rates of malnutrition was observed in some areas. Overall, compared to, 2017, the 2018 CH results show a decrease for the BAY states of 851,519 (representing 33.2%) people in in the critical phases (3 to 5) of food insecurity.

WFP Response

- After further analysis following preliminary findings shared in September, the Expanded Food Security Outcome Monitoring (EFSOM) exercise (covering 5,053 WFP beneficiaries' households in camps and host communities) concluded in October. The findings showed that overall, 56 percent of households were food insecure in BAY states. Moreover, food insecurity was more pronounced for households in camp like situations with restrictions and limited livelihood opportunities. Over half of households in Yobe and Adamawa have access to farmland and cultivated during the planting season, except for Borno where the hostilities and military restrictions continue to limit such opportunities. Other prominent income sources for beneficiaries were handicraft, petty trading and unskilled wage labour.
- Targeting was completed in all nine Local Government Areas (LGA) of Yobe and two LGAs of Adamawa States where WFP is operational, including in two outstanding LGAs (Kala Balge and

Monguno) in Borno. Overall, a decrease by 46.4 and 6.8 percent of the caseload was witnessed in Yobe and Borno respectively.

- Sensitization and retargeting, commenced in Ngala and Madagali LGA to align WFP's caseload to its post-harvest strategy. The same exercise will also be undertaken in other areas that will witness a significant change in the caseload during the postharvest period.
- WFP supported 3,997 new arrivals, with highest figures in Bama (987), Monguno (955) and Pulka (758), and lowest in Mafa (4) and Gwoza (86).



Food and Nutrition Assistance

- In October, as per the overall strategy to refocus assistance to the most conflict-affected communities, WFP planned to reduce to 873,157 beneficiaries from a planned 1.17 million in September in BAY States. Eighty per cent of the plan was reached - with a total of 698,669 beneficiaries, of which 151,060 beneficiaries through cash-based transfers (84 percent of the plan) and 477,778 beneficiaries through in-kind food assistance (93 percent of the plan). The total includes 69,176 unique nutrition beneficiaries and 655 livelihoods beneficiaries.
- The difference between planned and actual beneficiaries reached was a result of SCOPE registration in Monguno, where a shift in modality from in-kind food to CBT was implemented, delayed SCOPE registration to 50,000 beneficiaries in Rann, and security challenges that led a few Cooperating Partners (CP) to re-locate field staff and delay distributions. In Gwoza 56,700 beneficiaries were provided with a partial food ration. A few locations had an increase in caseload following resolution of previous technical issues and new arrivals in camps. Preparatory work is ongoing to increase the number of beneficiaries supported through livelihoods support activities.





Supply Chain(SC)

• In October 8,316 mt of mixed commodities (100% of the requirement for the month) was dispatched to various Food Distribution Points in BAY states.

Clusters and Common Services



Food Security Cluster

- For the Nigerian Humanitarian Fund (NHF) 2018 Standard Allocation, the sector's recommended portfolio focusing on emergency food assistance for new arrivals and Safe Access to Fuel and Energy (SAFE) activities has been endorsed by the Humanitarian Coordinator and NHF Advisory Board.
- The Sector held a consultation meeting on Multi-Year Humanitarian Response Plan 2019-2021. Thirty-two partners (including PCNI, NEMA, SEMA),

with a total of 51 participants, took part.



Emergency Telecommunications Cluster

- With the support of WFP, co-lead of the Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETS) in North-East Nigeria, 16 radio operators were recruited to man the COMCENs deployed by the ETS across Borno.
- In line with ETS capacity building efforts in North-East Nigeria, the ETS conducted a survey to identify the training needs of humanitarians on the ground, to tailor the specialised training courses that the ETS plans to deliver in 2019.



TUN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

• In October UNHAS transported a total of 5,736 humanitarian workers and 11,773 Kg of cargo to humanitarian hubs. There was a 37.05 percentage decrease in No shows. 10 patients were successfully evacuated from Rann, Damboa, Bama and Gwoza, to Maiduguri for emergency treatment.



Logistics Cluster

- The Sector Coordinator attended the Nigerian Humanitarian Fund (NHF) budget presentation on behalf of UNHAS. The NHF advisory board agreed to provide UNHAS with the full request of USD 2.2 million for 2019.
- The Logistics Sector together with UNOCHA has initiated discussions with Theatre Command on existing fuel movement limitations, raised as a follow up to the Fuel Transport Planning Session held in early October.

WFP Nigeria Resourcing Situation

(as of 29 October)			
Project	Requirements in 2018	6-month net funding requirements*	Shortfall (percent)*
EMOP 200777 Emergency Operation (Jan2015—Dec2018) Nigeria component	USD 320 million	USD 36 million	32%
SO 200834 UNHAS (Aug2015-Dec2018)	USD 29.6 mil- lion	USD 5.8 million	45%
SO 201032 Logistics and ETS Sector (Nov2016-Dec2018) * Nov 2018—April 2019	USD 8.4 million	USD 1.9 million	39%

Partners

(contributing to WFP Nigeria in 2018 -in alphabetical order)

• Canada, European Commission, Finland, Germany, Nigeria, Norway, Private Donors, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom, and United States of America. Funds have also been received from the Nigeria Humanitarian Fund.

Contact: <u>Sanchita Lobo</u>, OIM Officer, WFP Abuja