In Numbers

24.1 million people in need of humanitarian assistance*
3.3 million people internally displaced
20.1 million people are food insecure

*According to the 2019 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP)

Highlights

- WFP distributed general food assistance to 11.03 million Yemeni people in July.
- Recent Integrated Food Security Phase Classification hotspot analysis revealed that 29 of the identified 45 districts with pockets of IPC 5 no longer have populations in such conditions, thanks to the increased food assistance.
- WFP is facing a major funding shortfall of USD 893.8 million for the next six months (September 2019 – February 2020).

Situation Update (including security)

- On 18 July, the Executive Director (ED) briefed UN Security Council (UNSC) members that WFP negotiations with Ansar Allah continued in regards to the beneficiary targeting and registration process. He informed members that substantial progress had been made and while an agreement was still to be signed, an agreement had been reached “in principle”. He assured the UNSC that should an agreement be reached, WFP was ready to resume food distributions in Sana’a city “within days”. Since the SC briefing, negotiations with the authorities continue, with no agreement reached in July.

- On 30 July, the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) published the hotspot analysis of 29 of the identified 45 districts with pockets of IPC 5 (Catastrophe) populations from the December 2018 IPC assessment. The current analysis indicates that due to the increased provision of humanitarian food assistance in these 29 districts, there are no longer populations in IPC Phase 5 conditions. However, some 1.25 million people are still severely food insecure (IPC Phase 3 and 4 combined).

- Between 21-24 July, WFP conducted the second round of one-off food distributions inside Nihm district, a front-line, difficult-to-access area of Sana’a governorate, reaching 906 out of 1,000 households with general food assistance. WFP is working to conduct a final distribution at Alfalah food distribution point to the remaining 94 households.

- Fumigation works to the last remaining 3,000 mt of wheat in the Red Sea Mills in Hudaydah continues. The mills originally housed some 51,000 mt of WFP wheat, enough to feed 3.7 million people for one month. A Supply Chain team visited the mills where an assessment of the silos and production lines was conducted. Overall, three production lines with milling capacity are operational, with milling expected to begin in August.

Global Humanitarian Funding

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Overall: USD 4.2 billion</th>
<th>WFP share: USD 2.3 billion</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

WFP Net Funding Requirements (September 2019 – February 2020)

Interim Country Strategic Plan (ICSP)

USD 893.8 million

In Numbers

11.03 million people assisted
July 2019

49% Female
51% Male
WFP Response

- During the July cycle, WFP delivered food assistance to a total of 11.03 million people in 21 governorates. Of these, 8.3 million people received in-kind food assistance, 2.5 million people received commodity vouchers and over 300,000 people received cash-based transfers.
- In response to the increased fighting and large-scale population displacement in Hudaydah governorate last year, the UN established a Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) in June 2018 to assist newly-displaced persons and ensure their most immediate needs are met. Displaced families are provided with WFP Immediate Response Rations (IRR) sufficient for five days. In July, WFP distributed 15,912 IRR kits through UNFPA and its cooperating partners.
- Preparations for registration in the northern governorates are ongoing to register 1.3 million households. In the southern governorates, registration is ongoing in Aden, and has been completed in Lahj and Shabwa governorates. A total of 521,844 people (92,994 households) have been registered as of end of July.

Clusters and Common Services

**Food Security and Agriculture Cluster (FSAC)**
- The FSAC (with support from WFP and FAO) has activated the Global Network on Food Crises in Yemen.
- The FSAC Livelihood Technical Working Group has developed the "Technical Guidelines for Conditional Cash Programmes in Yemen". The guidelines were endorsed by FSAC partners during the national cluster meeting held end of July.
- The training of trainers for the upcoming Extended Famine Risk monitoring (EFRM) trainers is scheduled for 18 August.

**Supply Chain**
- Under the July distribution cycle, WFP dispatched 77,963.7 mt of commodities under the general food assistance programme, representing almost 100 percent of the 77,963.7 mt planned dispatch target.

**Livelihood and Resilience Projects**
- The implementation of food assistance for assets (FFA) activities resumed in mid-July, introducing a food assistance for training (FFT) component for the first time in Yemen. Activities commenced in Al Mahweet, Hudaydah, Dhamar and Sana’a governorates and benefited over 31,000 beneficiaries (4,437 participants) in nine districts. The new FFT component includes adult literacy training and vocational training.

**Resourcing Update**
- Based on the ICSP, WFP urgently needs an additional USD 893.8 million to ensure operations can continue unimpeded over the next six months.
- WFP is expecting a series of serious pipeline breaks for its food assistance; wheat flour is expected to break in September, vegetable oil in September, and pulses in October and November. Nutrition interventions are anticipated to break in September. The food vouchers and cash assistance pipeline will begin breaking in October. School feeding is covered until the end of year, with breaks expected in November and December.

**School Feeding Programme**
- The School Feeding programme will resume assistance with the start of the new academic year in September 2019, with the aim to reach 900,000 students across 43 districts in 18 governorates during the first semester, and 1.2 million students during the second semester.
- To prepare for the upcoming school year, the School Feeding team held a series of internal workshops in both Aden and Sana’a to assess best practices and lessons learnt with main recommendations centred around procurement, quality control and delivery.

**Nutrition Assistance**
- During July 2019, WFP reached 502,602 children aged 6 to 59 months and 402,594 pregnant and lactating women and girls (PLWG) with its Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme (TSFP) to treat moderate acute malnutrition (MAM). For MAM prevention, WFP reached 554,777 children aged 6 to 23 months and 494,949 PLWG with its Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP) out of the total monthly target of 1.6 million people.
- During the suspension of food assistance in Sana’a city in July, 3,600 children under five and 5,500 PLWG were admitted to the TSFP programme, and the number of TSFP sites increased from 22 to 68. This is in line with normal trends of admission within Sana’a city. The percentage of screened people admitted did not increase, indicating that the nutrition status has remained stable.
### WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Allocated Contributions (in USD)</th>
<th>6-Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD) (Sep 2019 – Feb 2020)</th>
<th>People Assisted (Jul 2019)</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ICSP TOTAL*</td>
<td>4.82 b</td>
<td>1.3 b</td>
<td>893.8 m</td>
<td>11,034,255</td>
<td>5,420,026</td>
<td>5,614,229</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Food Assistance</td>
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<td></td>
<td>11,034,255</td>
<td>5,420,026</td>
<td>5,614,229</td>
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<td>School Meals**</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<td>Food for Assets (FFA)</td>
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<td>Nutrition (Prevention)***</td>
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<td>Nutrition (Treatment)***</td>
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<td>905,196</td>
<td>648,869</td>
<td>256,327</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

* The total beneficiary figure includes beneficiaries of all activities as there is almost a complete overlap between activities.
**No beneficiary data for School Meals is presented in July as preparations are ongoing for next round of planned assistance.
***Nutrition Prevention and Treatment figures are for July 2019 and are based on dispatch.

WFP would like to thank all government donors, UN funds, and private sector donors for their contributions to ICSP YE01.

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