Situation Update

- The latest Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) update released on 21 June highlights that the situation remains dire across the country as the number of people struggling to find enough food each day has grown to 6 million – up from 4.9 million in February – and is the highest level of food insecurity ever experienced in South Sudan. According to the report nearly 45,000 people in the former Unity and Jonglei states are still experiencing extreme hunger conditions and face starvation if assistance is not sustained. In all, 1.7 million people require immediate regular humanitarian assistance to prevent a catastrophe. The report shows that famine has eased in South Sudan after a significant scale-up in the humanitarian response. It states that famine is no longer occurring in Leer and Mayendit counties, and further deterioration was prevented in Koch and Panyijiar counties of Southern Unity State.

- WFP, in collaboration with UNICEF, conducted a training on Standardized Monitoring and Assessment of Relief and Transition (SMART) for nutrition survey managers from 13 to 21 June. The capacity training was attended by 25 participants from the Government, UNICEF, and various national and international non-governmental organizations.

- The absence of reliable nutrition information on prevalence of acute malnutrition, mortality and risk factors has been a major drawback to the current efforts to prioritize locations in need of nutrition response.

In Numbers

- **3.4 million** people assisted by WFP (2017)
- **2 million** internally displaced people (OCHA)
- **1.8 million** South Sudanese refugees (UNHCR)
- **219,465** seeking shelter with the UN (UNMISS)
- **6 million** people facing severe food insecurity from June to July 2017 (IPC, June 2017)

Global Humanitarian Funding

- **Overall:** USD 1.64 billion
- **WFP share:** USD 774.1 million

WFP 6-month Net Funding Requirements (July—December 2017)

- **Emergency Operation (EMOP 200859)**: USD 115.1 million
- **Protracted Relief & Recovery Operation (PRRO 200572)**: USD 41.6 million
- **Logistics Cluster**: USD 8.4 million
- **UNHAS**: USD 7.5 million

WFP Response

- **Food and Nutrition Assistance**
  - In May, WFP assisted a total of 2.4 million people with 23,500mt of food commodities. This is the highest quantity of food distributed in one month by WFP in South Sudan. WFP provides food assistance through general food distributions (GFD), blanket/targeted supplementary feeding for children and pregnant and nursing mothers, food for education programmes and food assistance for

Photo: WFP/George Fominyen
assets (FFA) activities. Since the beginning of the year, WFP assisted a total of 3.4 million people across South Sudan.

- This week WFP and partners concluded cash distributions to 81,660 people in Northern Bahr el Ghazal state who are participating in WFP’s food assistance for assets (FFA) programme. In Warrap state, cash distributions are ongoing to 33,110 people who will also receive cash payments over the course of six months. FFA participants are fully engaged in the asset creation process now, working on group crop farms, vegetable gardens, tree seeding nurseries, community roads and other activities identified as priority needs by the communities themselves. Through FFA, WFP helps households meet their short term food needs while supporting them to construct productive assets that help them improve their food security and resilience. WFP also supports FFA participants in other locations with in-kind food assistance. In total this year, more than 470,000 people will receive food or cash assistance through FFA.

- Currently, there are 13 integrated rapid response mission (IRRM) teams deployed in Unity, Jonglei and Upper Nile States, providing life-saving food assistance to about 270,000 people, including 55,200 children under the age of five, with 4,400mt of food commodities. WFP plans to deploy an additional 25 missions in the coming six weeks, assisting approximately 391,000 people with 7,250mt of food commodities.

- In response to worsening food security indicators in Ayod County, WFP is increasing its food assistance to 45 day IRRM cycles rather than 60 day cycles in all county locations. In order to ensure multi-sectoral scale-ups to deploy alongside rapid response missions and to increase inter-agency cooperation, an Ayod County Working Group has been established.

- Over the past week, WFP and IOM deployed a community consultations mission for the upcoming biometric registration exercise in Mayom County. This biometric registration is part of a broader strategy to register communities surrounding Bentiu protection of civilians (POC) site, including Rubkona, and Guit counties.

- On 20 June the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) between the Government of Sudan and the Government of South Sudan has been extended for one year (1 July 2017 – 30 June 2018) to transport food commodities through four corridors from Sudan to South Sudan. This allows WFP to provide assistance to northern parts of South Sudan more swiftly and cost-efficiently.

## Clusters and Common Services

### Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

- The FSL cluster coordinator visited Bentiu to support the WFP lead sub-cluster to understand the context of recent shocks and events that resulted in displacements of people to the protection of civilians (POC) sites. Moreover the visit documented the current FSL strategy to transition towards more early recovery and resilience as part of the ‘Beyond Bentiu’ response and to enhance cluster coordination for multi-sectoral integrated response.

- The FSL cluster is supporting the scaled up response in Jonglei state through conducting a mapping exercise of all actors to identify gaps.

### Logistics Cluster

- The Logistics Cluster facilitated the delivery of 186 mt of cargo to Akobo, Bieh, Ganyiel, Gum, Jikmir, Kapoeta, Karam, Keichkon, Koch, Lankien, Leer, Loth, Mading, Mandeng, New Fangak, Numanyang, Nyal, Old Fangak, Pathai, Pibor, Thaker, Touch Riak and Ulang on behalf of 20 organisations.

- This week the Logistics Cluster successfully coordinated convoys to Mundri and Yei on behalf of 8 organisations with 17 vehicles carrying WASH, shelter, health and operational support supplies.

- In support of the famine response to areas in Central Unity, the Logistics Cluster airlifted 43mt of agriculture, FSL, nutrition and operational support cargo to Bauw, Bieh, Koch, Leer, Loth, Thaker and Touch Riak.

- The most recent Access Constraints map can be found at the following link.

### UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- Over the past week, UNHAS transported 2,114 passengers and 13.8mt of light humanitarian cargo to 53 destinations. Moreover, UNHAS facilitated 50 WFP airdrops, dropping 1,433mt of food commodities.

- UNHAS facilitated five special flights on behalf of WFP, UNHCR, OCHA, and UNICEF to Old Fangak, Rubkona, Gambella (Ethiopia), Nyal, and Malakal respectively. The special flights accommodated high-level missions from the Minister of International Development and La Francophonie of Canada, the UNHCR High Commissioner, and donors from Belgium and Norway. In addition, UNHAS facilitated an Inter-Cluster Working Group (ICWG) Rapid Response Mission (ICRM) support from Numanyang.

- UNHAS performed two medical evacuations, one on behalf of MEDAIR from Numanyang to Rumbek and one on behalf of WFP from Wau to Juba.

- During the week, UNHAS cancelled flights to Yuai, Bor, and Akobo due to technical issues and weather conditions.

### Feeder Roads

Nothing significant to report.
## WFP Operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2017 Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD) (July–Dec 2017)</th>
<th>People Assisted (May 2017)**</th>
<th>Female**</th>
<th>Male**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>EMOP 200859 TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>765 million***</td>
<td>115.1 million</td>
<td>1,741,371*</td>
<td>1,133,434</td>
<td>924,146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Oct 2015-Sept 2017)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Food</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution (GFD)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition Assistance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRRO 200572 TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>191 million</td>
<td>41.6 million</td>
<td>653,540*</td>
<td>360,833</td>
<td>321,058</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(Jan 2014—Dec 2017)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Food</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Distribution (GFD)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nutrition Assistance</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food for Education</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Food Assistance for</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Unique beneficiaries, excluding overlap **May include overlap of beneficiaries
*** Estimated requirements for Oct-Dec included

### 2016-2017 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)*:

![Flags of various countries]

* Not included: SSHF and Private Donors

### Contact

wfp.southsudan@wfp.org

Follow us on Twitter— @WFP_SouthSudan