In Numbers

21.2 million (82 percent of population) in need of humanitarian assistance (2016 Yemen Humanitarian Needs Overview)

14.4 million food insecure
of which 7.6 million severely food insecure (2016 HNO)

2.8 million internally displaced (HCT Task Force on Population Movement, 8th Report, April 2016)

92,500 refugee and migrant arrivals in Yemen from the Horn of Africa, Oman and Saudi Arabia in 2015 (UNHCR)

Highlights

- In April 2016, WFP exceeded its monthly General Food Distribution (GFD) target of 3 million beneficiaries, reaching 3.18 million people in 19 governorates. 225,515 people in Sana’a, Aden and Taizz benefited from 2,352 mt of food assistance received through commodity vouchers. In March, WFP distributed food for 3.4 million beneficiaries in 17 governorates, surpassing its monthly GFD target of 3 million people assisted. In addition, 195,000 people received food received 2,364 mt through WFP’s commodity vouchers distributed in Sana’a and Aden.

- WFP Yemen will face shortfalls for its GFD and commodity vouchers activities under EMOP 200890, starting July 2016. Given the long lead times, potentially up to 4.5 months, urgent resources are required immediately to prevent a pipeline break/dramatic reduction in food assistance. WFP Yemen’s Nutrition programme is facing a similar shortfall, causing treatment of malnourishment activities to be prioritised over prevention activities.

Funding Update

Requirements

EMOP 200890 USD 183 million
(Net 6-month requirement for May-Oct 2016)

SO 200845 (UNHAS) USD 12 million
(funding requirements/overall project duration)

SO 200841 (Logistics and ETC) USD 19.7 million (funding requirements/shortfalls overall project duration)

PRRO 200305 merged with EMOP 200890 at the beginning of April 2016.

Situation Update

- United Nations-brokered intra-Yemeni peace talks between the Government of Yemen, led by President Abd Rabboh Mansour Hadi, and Houthi representatives, continue in Kuwait having begun on 22 April. Both sides have submitted a comprehensive proposal on Houthi withdrawals from occupied areas, the handover of heavy weapons to the Yemeni Government, and the exchange of prisoners. A nationwide cessation of hostilities that began on 10 April continues to hold, despite complaints from both sides of sporadic violations.

WFP Response

- During April and May, WFP conducted field monitoring missions to the southwestern city of Dhamar and within Sana’a governorate to inspect food distribution points and meet with cooperating partners and local leaders. WFP monitors also visited Amran to assess damage caused by April flash floods that affected over 49,000 people in seven governorates. The WFP Country Director led missions to Ibb and Taizz and oversaw the distribution of food to over 3,000 households (approximately 18,000 people) in Taizz City’s besieged Al Qahira area and neighbouring Attaiziah.

- Together with its flood assessment missions, WFP assisted 1,741 flood-affected families (10,500 people) in Amran and 150 families (900 people) in Hajjah with one-off food entitlements. In addition, as part of the April GFD, WFP reached 543,000 people in Hajjah, 205,400 people in Hudaydah, 117,300 people in Amran and 233,600 people in Sana’a.
In April, WFP distributed food to Al Jawf and Al Dhale’e governorates, previously unreachable in March due to security concerns. WFP distributed food for 49,500 people in five districts in Al Jawf despite reports of continued fighting, and for 230,160 people in nice districts in Al Dhale’e.

As part of its Commodity Vouchers through Traders Network (CV-TN) programme, 198,100 people in Sana’a and Aden were assisted through commodity vouchers in March (99 percent of the March target of 199,700). WFP assisted 225,515 people in Sana’a, Aden and Taizz with food assistance through commodity vouchers in April (68 percent of the April target of 330,372).

WFP’s assistance to refugees from the Horn of Africa is being implemented under EMOP 200890 following the merger of PRRO 200305 in April 2016. In April, 17,751 out of 18,000 planned refugees at the Kharaz refugee camp received entitlements.

WFP’s nutrition interventions are being implemented as part of a joint Community Management of Acute Malnutrition (CMAM) scale-up plan with UNICEF and WHO. During the first quarter of 2016, 47,545 children were admitted into the treatment programme for moderate acutely malnourished (MAM) children under 5, and 31,100 children under 5 already in the programme were reported cured (76 percent cured rate). The defaulter rate dropped to slightly above 15 percent – an improvement from the final quarter of 2015 (27 percent). In the same timeframe, 78,650 pregnant and lactating women (PLW) were admitted into the treatment programme for PLW, and 26,050 PLW were reported cured from MAM. WFP is continuing its MAM prevention support for PLW, and 26,050 PLW were reported cured from MAM (MAM) children under 5, and 31,100 children under 5 already in the programme were reported cured (76 percent cured rate). The defaulter rate dropped to slightly above 15 percent – an improvement from the final quarter of 2015 (27 percent). In the same timeframe, 78,650 pregnant and lactating women (PLW) were admitted into the treatment programme for PLW, and 26,050 PLW were reported cured from MAM. WFP is continuing its MAM prevention support for children under 2 through GFD.

**Logistics**

WFP-chartered vessels continue to face long delays in receiving clearances to berth at Yemeni ports. As of 20 April, the average delay time was: Hudaydah (8 days at berth and 20 at anchorage), Aden (8 days at berth and 15 at anchorage) and Saleef (8 days at berth and 26 at anchorage).

UNHAS: In March, UNHAS carried 467 passengers, 195 kg of light cargo and 43 mt of chartered cargo between Djibouti and Sana’a.

### Clusters

**Food Security Cluster**

- Given the continued suspension by Yemeni authorities of the planned Emergency Food Security and Nutrition Assessment (EFSNA), WFP, FAO and UNICEF are working on an alternative assessment based on secondary data – the results of which are expected in June.

**Logistics Cluster**

- As of 02 May, the Logistics Cluster had 2.17 million litres of fuel in stock in Sana’a, Aden, Hudaydah and Ras Issa. Of this, 1.59 million litres was diesel, and 0.59 million litres was petrol.
- Starting 22 May, the Logistics Cluster will provide a free of charge monthly airlift service for emergency relief cargo from Djibouti to Sana’a. Further details can be found [here](#).

**Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC)**

- The ETC has successfully installed a UNDSS Communications Centre (CONCEN) for inter-agency use in Ibb, as well as VSAT (satellite telecommunications) at WFP’s Aden field office.

### Resourcing Update

- The monthly requirement for WFP’s EMOP is USD 59.4 million. This covers USD 42 million for general food distribution, USD 14 million for CV-TN, USD 3 million for nutrition activities and USD 0.4 million for food assistance for refugees.
- EMOP 200890 has a six-month net funding requirement of USD 157 million (May—Oct 2016).

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Emergency Telecommunications: Michael Dirksen (michael.dirksen@wfp.org)

### WFP Operations in Yemen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Duration</th>
<th>Planned number of people</th>
<th>Total requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total received (in USD)</th>
<th>People Assisted per month by WFP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMOP 200890</td>
<td>Oct 15 – Dec 16</td>
<td>3,000,000 per month</td>
<td>744 m (pending approval of Budget Revision)</td>
<td>405 m</td>
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<td>GFD : Mar (3 million)</td>
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<td>GFD : April (3 million)</td>
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<td>CV-TN : Mar (119,800)</td>
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<td>CV-TN: April (330,370)</td>
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<td>Refugees : Mar-Apr (18,000)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SO 200841</td>
<td>Apr 15 – Dec 16</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>43.1 m</td>
<td>23.4 m</td>
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<td>GFD: Feb (3,381,000)</td>
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<td>GFD : Apr (3,183,900)</td>
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<td>CV-TN: Mar (198,100)</td>
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<td>CV-TN: Apr (225,515)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Refugees : Mar-Apr (17,751)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SO 200845</td>
<td>May 15 – Dec 16</td>
<td>–</td>
<td>19.4 m</td>
<td>7.61 m</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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