East and Central Africa Regional Overview

• 22.2 million people acutely food insecure, with highest numbers in Ethiopia, South Sudan and Somalia.

• Good rainfall expected to result in better harvest season and improved food security – improvement not immediate in areas of Kenya, Ethiopia and Somalia – pockets of South Sudan still at risk of famine.

• After multiple years of droughts and displacement, floods have affected more than 1.7 million people across the region.

• Number of refugees in the region continues to increase. Now at 3.39 million - Regional Refugee Plans heavily underfunded.
South Sudan – L3

- 7.1 million people – more than half the population – are severely food insecure.
- WFP and partners aim to reach 4.4 million people at the height of the current lean season.
- Continued conflict in Southern Unity and constrained access are of particular concern – risk of famine.
- Over 80 percent of prepositioning target met – before rainy season cuts access by road.

WFP requires USD 267 million to support lifesaving operations for six months.
Striving for effectiveness and cost efficiency
Examples from South Sudan

- Optimized WFP supply solutions generated USD 35 million worth of savings in South Sudan.
- Further cost reduction through **barge** transport and opening new corridors.
- Scaling up biometric registration of affected populations: in collaboration with the International Organization for Migration (IOM) aiming at three million people registered by the end of 2019.
Somalia – Preventing Famine

- 2.5 million people experiencing Crisis and Emergency levels of food insecurity (the Integrated Food Security Phase Classification or IPC Phase 3 and above).
- WFP will continue providing humanitarian assistance.
- Opportunity for renewed livelihood and resilience-building work.
- In July, WFP will launch its shock-responsive safety net programme in Mogadishu, providing predictable cash transfers to the urban poor.

WFP needs USD 129 million to continue life-saving assistance for six months
Horn of Africa Drought – L2

FLOODS FOLLOWING YEARS OF DROUGHT

• **Somalia**
  More than 900,000 people have been affected by the floods and cyclone Sagar, of which 290,000 have been displaced.

• **Kenya**
  Floods have led to destruction of croplands, human displacement and water-borne diseases.

• **Ethiopia**
  1.7 million displaced from insecurity and droughts and over 300,000 people affected by flash floods in May 2018.
Thank you