



WFP Iraq

Situation Report #39

02 August 2016

In Numbers

10 million people in need of humanitarian assistance

18 governorates affected by conflict

3.2 million people displaced

2.4 million people in need of food assistance

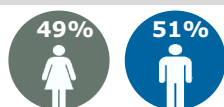
249,395 Syrian refugees in Iraq

Highlights

- On 03 July 2016, a suicide bomber in Baghdad killed 300 people and wounded 200 others in one of the worst attacks in Iraq since 2003.
- Iraqi Security Forces (ISF) captured al-Qayyarah Airfield, located about 60 km south of Mosul, on 09 July. The airfield will be a major military logistics point for the Mosul offensive.
- In order to respond to anticipated displacement resulting from military operations against ISIL in Mosul, WFP will require USD 88 million. This will cover the procurement and pre-positioning of stocks to assist 1.4 million beneficiaries for three months.

Beneficiaries

(Reached, June 2016)



Funding Update

Global Humanitarian Funding

Iraq—USD 861 million; WFP—USD 222 million (26 percent of HRP funding, OCHA)

Requirements (Until end of 2016, WFP)

EMOP 200677: USD 76.9 million

EMOP 200433.IQ: USD 0*

Food Security Cluster (OCHA)

USD 134.9 million

ETC Cluster/Logistics Cluster (OCHA)

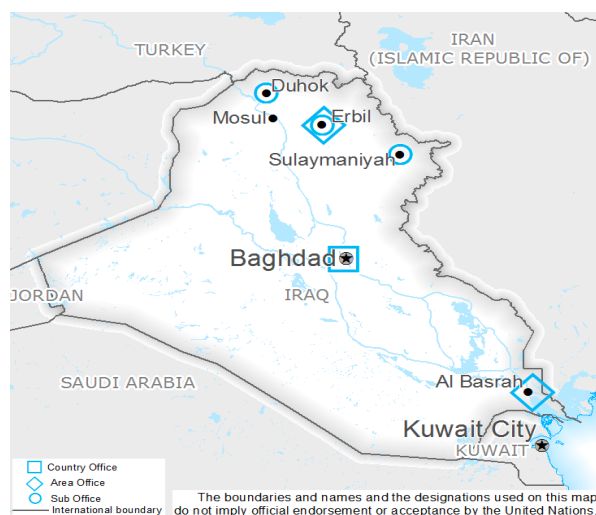
SO 200746: USD 1.7 million

Situation Update

- The ISF captured al-Qayyarah Airfield from Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL) militants on 09 July 2016. This advance underlines the ongoing momentum currently experienced by Iraqi Security Forces as well as the airfield's strategic significance, just 60km south of Mosul. Further developments in the Mosul offensive may lead to mass displacement from the city and the surrounding areas.
- WFP has assisted 90,000 people displaced in the Fallujah district with IRRs since 23 May 2016, with 100,000 people receiving monthly Family Food Rations (FFRs). The vast majority of civilians who fled the fighting in Fallujah went south, across the Euphrates river to Amariyat al-Fallujah. WFP continues to provide assistance to vulnerable people displaced by fighting.

WFP Response

- Under [EMOP 200677](#), WFP aims to assist 1.8 million internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Iraq per month through three modalities: Family Food Rations (FFRs); cash-based transfers (CBTs); and IRRs.
- As part of the regional [EMOP 200433](#), to support Syrian refugees who have fled the conflict, WFP aims to provide CBTs to 72,500 Syrian refugees residing in nine camps across Iraq per month.
- WFP leads [three inter-agency Clusters](#) to coordinate humanitarian action on the ground. Co-led by FAO, the Food Security Cluster works with local partners to coordinate the food security response to the crisis in Iraq. By heading the Logistics and Emergency Telecommunications Clusters through [Special Operation 200746](#), WFP assists UN and



Iraq: EMOP 20067 (IDPs); EMOP 200433 (Refugees)

Photo: Iraqi IDPs in Baghdad. WFP/Shatha Kando

NGO partners to ensure an effective logistics and telecommunications response.

Food Assistance

- WFP reached 1.38 million food insecure people in all 18 governorates of Iraq through three modalities in the June 2016 cycle. This included 1.33 million displaced Iraqis, and 55,000 Syrian refugees in the Kurdistan Region of Iraq (KR-I).
- WFP is preparing to scale-up assistance ahead of the Mosul military operation. WFP is expecting to assist 400,000 Iraqis in the vicinity of Mosul, known as the Mosul corridor, and 1.1 million people in the city itself. Small numbers of displaced families are currently arriving on a daily basis in Tikrit, south of Mosul.
- In order to provide assistance to up to 1.4 million additional IDPs from Mosul and the Mosul corridor, WFP has reduced food rations in Baghdad and the southern governorates by 50 percent.
- As of July 2016, WFP is collecting information on non-food items as well as food in its regular price monitoring, which is gathered by field monitor assistants in urban markets in every governorate except Anbar, Ninewa and Salah al-Din. This reflects the organization's efforts to move from outcome monitoring to impact monitoring.
- In the June 2016 cycle, WFP assisted 660,000 females, including 96,000 girls under five and 35,000 women over the age of 60.

Logistics

- Despite recent events across the border in Turkey, the transportation of food assistance into Iraq was not impacted. After temporarily closing for the Eid celebrations, the border remains open and operational as of the end of July 2016; several WFP trucks are currently awaiting clearance there.

Clusters

Food Security Cluster (FSC)

- In mid-July 2016, a full-time Information Management Officer joined the FSC team in Iraq. Based in Erbil, she will support cluster coordination for at least the next three months working on Mosul preparedness amongst other duties.

Logistics Cluster

- Information on agencies' storage capacity and

logistics-specific needs/gaps is being updated in relation to the Anbar humanitarian response as well as across the country for preparedness and contingency purposes ahead of the Mosul offensive.

Emergency Telecommunications Cluster (ETC)

- The ETC continues to provide vital security telecommunications and data services to the humanitarian community in five sites across the KR-I. The team has installed analogue and digital repeaters on top of a mountain in Sulaymaniyah which has significantly improved radio communications coverage for UN agencies and NGOs. As the situation in Mosul is escalating, the ETC is ordering equipment to be deployed in new sites if required.

Partnerships

- Field Level Agreements have been signed with ACTED in Sulaymaniyah, Action Contre La Faim in Dohuk and World Vision in Erbil. These partners will now implement all WFP CBT programming in the KR-I.

Resourcing Update

- A donor meeting was held by the United States, Japan, Germany, Canada, Netherlands and Kuwait as a side event to the coalition meeting in Washington, DC on 20 July 2016. Almost USD 1 billion was pledged for stabilization, mineclearance and humanitarian response. Information on how much is for the humanitarian response and how much had already been contributed by governments is not yet available.

FFRs: Keeping people off the street

Amal, 51 years old, recently lost her husband in the fighting near Tikrit, leaving her alone to bring up her four children. With no support, she left Tikrit and now lives in an unfinished building with a large group of people and without sanitation facilities. She tries to provide for her family but has not found employment due to her poor health. She told WFP that the Family Food Ration, "kept me and my family from having to beg in the streets." While grateful for the food assistance, she hopes for more help with regards to clothing and her children's education in the future.

Contacts

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WFP Iraq						
	Total Requirements (in USD)	Total Received (in USD)	Net Funding Requirements until end of 2016 (in USD)	People Reached (June cycle)	Female	Male
EMOP 200677 04/2014–12/2016	719,072,920	432,147,682	76,900,000	1,329,456	657,815	671,641
In-kind			32,243,700	1,048,346	518,931	529,415
Cash-Based Transfers			44,164,700	281,110	139,149	141,961
EMOP 200433.IQ 07/2012–12/2016	219,124,871	104,970,703	0*	55,064	N/A	N/A
In-kind			0*	7,773	N/A	N/A
Cash-Based Transfers			0*	47,291	23,661	23,630

*Following the pledges made at the [London Conference](#) and solid forecasts, the refugee operation is fully funded until the end of 2016.