Situation Update

- WFP has published the findings of the 19th round of data collection for the Food Security and Nutrition Monitoring System (FSNMS) survey (December 2016). Results point towards a very grave food insecurity and nutrition situation in South Sudan from harvest through the height of the lean season in 2017.
- As of December 2016, food insecurity has increased in all ten states compared with the same time the previous year, with two-thirds of households facing moderate to severe food insecurity. This is the highest level in this season since FSNMS data collection started in 2010, and serious food insecurity has spread to previously less affected areas in the Greater Equatoria Region.
- Conflict and food insecurity continue to push people from South Sudan to neighbouring countries at an alarming rate (on average 2,800 people per day fleeing to Uganda alone), with the total number of South Sudanese displaced to the surrounding region reaching 1.6 million according to UNHCR.

Highlights

- WFP teams completed a first round of emergency food distributions in Leer County for 48,480 people facing acute hunger.
- FSNMS survey results from December 2016 point to the worst post-harvest food security situation in South Sudan since independence.
- WFP barge set departs Malakal for Bor after delays due to insecurity.

In Numbers

- 1.89 million internally displaced people (OCHA)
- 1.6 million South Sudanese refugees (UNHCR)
- 223,926 seeking shelter with the UN (UNMISS)
- 4.9 million people facing severe food insecurity from Feb-April 2017 (IPC, Feb. 2017)

People assisted

February 2017

GENDER MARKER 2A EMOP 200859

Global Humanitarian Funding

Overall: USD 1.64 billion
WFP share: USD 774.1 million

WFP 6-month Net Funding Requirements (March—August 2017)

Emergency Operation (EMOP 200859) USD 134.9 million
Protracted Relief & Recovery Operation (PRRO 200572) USD 60.6 million
Logistics Cluster USD 1.5 million
UNHAS USD 6 million

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WFP Response

Food and Nutrition Assistance

- In Leer County (Unity) WFP mobile times have completed distributions in three sites (Leer town, Thonyor and Padeah), serving 48,480 people, including 8,230 children under five. WFP will continue to serve populations facing famine in Leer with a 30 day delivery cycle for the next three months including household rations and preventative nutrition assistance. In Mayendit, Koch and Panyijiar counties, WFP is providing food assistance to populations facing acute hunger on a 60 day delivery cycle, with preventative nutrition assistance provided through moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) treatment sites every 30 days.
Currently, there are 10 integrated rapid response mechanism (IRRM) teams deployed in the Greater Upper Nile region, providing lifesaving food assistance for more than 157,000 people. WFP plans to deploy to 17 additional locations in the coming weeks to serve as many as 152,000 people.

Supply Chain

- WFP has initiated the first test convoy from Mobasa to Kapoeta via Nadapal. 13 trucks carrying 364 mt have been dispatched and are expected to arrive on 23 March.
- After delays due to insecurity in Malakal, the WFP empty barge set has commenced its return journey to Bor and is expected to arrive by the end of the month.
- To meet shortfalls in Gambella (Ethiopia) where WFP maintains a fleet of aircraft for its airdrop operations in South Sudan, 3,500 mt of commodities are being delivered from Mombasa and will meet requirements for one month.

Clusters and Common Services

Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster (FSLC)

- The South Sudan Humanitarian Fund (SSHF) is selecting approximately 10 projects to support scale-up response in locations in Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) phases 4 ("emergency") and 5 ("catastrophe") as well as hot spot areas in the Greater Equatoria with rapidly rising needs.
- The cluster is working closely with FAO to ensure effective livelihood protection interventions, especially targeting gaps in the central Unity famine response.
- The cluster has disseminated key famine response advocacy tools and infographics for use by cluster members, the global cluster, WFP, FAO and donors.

Logistics Cluster

- Over the past week, the logistics cluster facilitated the delivery of 85 mt of humanitarian cargo to Akobo, Juba, Kodok, Lankien, Mandeng, New Fangak, Nyal, Pultruk and Wanding.
- The current logistics cluster-coordinated air fleet consists of 2 M18 helicopters and one specialised fixed-wing aircraft (currently under maintenance). An ad-hoc charter has been mobilised to support cargo delivery to Malakal, and additional assets are being mobilised to augment operations, in preparation for the Central Unity famine response.

The most recent Access Constraints map is available at the following link: [http://www.logcluster.org/map/access-constraints-map-10-march-2017](http://www.logcluster.org/map/access-constraints-map-10-march-2017)

UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- During the past week, UNHAS transported 1,741 passengers and 26 mt of light humanitarian cargo, and facilitated 68 WFP airdrop flights which delivered 1,960 mt food.
- RRM deployments on behalf of five humanitarian partners were supported to Ganyiel, Meir, Buoh, Dindin, Buaw, and Walgawk.
- During the week, UNHAS conducted 28 medical and security evacuations on behalf of four humanitarian organisations.
- A flight to Mogok was cancelled for security reasons with a recovery flight scheduled for the following week.

Feeder Roads

- Construction of the Kangi-Kuajok road (41.25 km) has been completed, and the WFP inspection of the completed road works is scheduled from 17 to 21 March.
- The construction of cross-drainage structures along the Terekeka-Muni-Tombek and Juba-Kajojeji roads is ongoing, with expected completion in mid-April 2017.
# WFP Operations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2017 Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD) (Mar-Aug 2017)</th>
<th>People Assisted (February 2017)</th>
<th>Female**</th>
<th>Male**</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>EMOP 200859 TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(Oct 2015-Sept 2017)</td>
<td>710 million</td>
<td>134.9 million</td>
<td>1,075,677</td>
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<td>Distribution (GFD)</td>
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<td>983,191</td>
<td>529,637</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nutrition Assistance</td>
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<td><strong>PRRO 200572 TOTAL</strong></td>
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<td>(Jan 2014—Dec 2017)</td>
<td>190 million</td>
<td>60.6 million</td>
<td>381,684</td>
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<td>Distribution (GFD)</td>
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<td>Assets</td>
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*Unique beneficiaries, excluding overlap
**May include overlap of beneficiaries

## 2016-2017 WFP South Sudan donors (listed alphabetically)*:

![Belgium](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Belgium%20Flag.png)
![Brazil](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Brazil%20Flag.png)
![Canada](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Canada%20Flag.png)
![United Nations](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20United%20Nations%20Flag.png)
![European Union](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20European%20Union%20Flag.png)
![Sweden](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Sweden%20Flag.png)
![Germany](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Germany%20Flag.png)
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![Switzerland](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20Switzerland%20Flag.png)
![United Kingdom](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20United%20Kingdom%20Flag.png)
![United States](https://www.wfp.org/sites/default/files/2016-12/Emph%20Imagery%20United%20States%20Flag.png)

*Includes donors that provided multi-year funding continuing in 2017
Not included: SSHF and Private Donors

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