robberies, abductions and thefts, remains a security concern along the C.A.R border.

- In Chad, an influx of refugees could be expected to arrive in south Chad in the aftermath of continuing violence in C.A.R.

- In DRC, the presidential election constitutionally scheduled to be organized in 2016 is expected to be postponed. The delay is likely to have an impact on the security situation in the country. The security situation remains calm in RoC.

- In Adamawa region, Cameroon, food insecurity reached alarming levels, increasing from 19 percent in 2015 to 39 percent in 2016. In addition to the C.A.R refugees, arrival of some 1,000 IDPs fleeing the Boko Haram conflict in the Far North region was recently reported. The north shows an increase in food insecurity from 10.6 to 16.8 percent whilst the east remains stable at 8 percent.

As of October, WFP will cut rations for the C.A.R refugees by 30% of the initial value in an effort to extend the limited resources up to end-year. Urgent funding is needed in Cameroon to provide full assistance to meet the refugee’s needs.

- In DRC, WFP and UNHCR are finalizing a report on data collected following a joint assessment mission on the response to C.A.R. refugees’ needs.

In Numbers*

2 million people food insecure in C.A.R. — 40% of the population of the country

405,000 people received food assistance in September

*The number include vulnerable local and IDPs in C.A.R. and refugees in neighbouring countries.

Highlights

- WFP provided food assistance to 405,195 people including 148,818 in C.A.R., 173,549 in Cameroon, 12,543 in Chad, 53,950 in DRC and 16,335 in RoC.

- Preliminary results of the September 2016 Emergency Food Security Assessment (EFSA) carried out in four northern and eastern regions in Cameroon show overall food insecurity increased from 19 percent in 2015 to 25 percent in 2016.

Situation Update

- Civil unrest took place in Kaga-Bandoro C.A.R., on 28 September and the security situation led to the cancellation of some UN and other humanitarian operations. Operations resumed the following day but the situation remains volatile.

- In Cameroon, the presence of armed groups and rebels from C.A.R perpetrating attacks,
• In Chad, in September WFP provided food assistance to 12,543 returnees in Salamat as well as 1,453 C.A.R. refugees based in Diba site and recently arrived in Chad. The refugees were part of the 6,000 refugees announced by UNHCR as new arrivals in July further to security incidents on the border (Bitoye). Following a relocation exercise to Diba, 40 km away from the entry point of refugees in July, only around 1,500 individuals were registered as refugees (2nd level registration). WFP prepared for a distribution to these refugees.

**Cash-based transfers**

• In DRC, 45,373 people in need of assistance were reached with CBT in Boyabu, Mole and Inke camps, out of a planned total of 47,500 (a realization percentage of 95.5 percent). In addition, 8,577 people received in-kind food assistance in Bili camp.

• In RoC, WFP completed a cash and voucher feasibility study. It is expected to reduce the operation cost and meet beneficiaries’ requirements. In addition, WFP and UNHCR are preparing a second round food distribution to the C.A.R. refugees in Moulalé.

• In Cameroon, the complaints and feedback mechanism managed through a telephone hotline is fully operational since July 2016. The primary complaints received by beneficiaries concerned technical issues in relation to the SIM cards/mobile phones, beneficiary registration, quantities of rations and fraudulent actions. Trainings were organized for partners and WFP staff in late September and system was put in place to follow through on the complaints received.

• In Chad, WFP is organizing with UNHCR the introduction of cash-based assistance for refugees from C.A.R. to begin in October. Assistance to 78,000 returnees in Southern Chad was suspended due to lack of funding and will resume in October.

### Clusters and Common Services

#### Food Security Cluster (FSC)

• FSC/C.A.R. participated in the workshop on humanitarian needs overview (HNO) and Humanitarian response plan (HRP). The recent IPC analysis which estimates that two million people are in need of humanitarian assistance was used as the base for food security.

• 50 people from national NGOs were trained in conducting food security analysis, humanitarian principals and food security standards. FSC is collecting information on the 2016 agriculture campaign.

• In C.A.R., the Food Security Cluster organized a workshop to finalize the gender guidelines applicable to food security interventions.

### WFP Operation

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<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total Received (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>People Assisted (September 2016)</th>
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<td>EMOP 200799</td>
<td>379 million</td>
<td>241 million</td>
<td>54 million</td>
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**WFP C.A.R. crisis-Regional Impact**  
Situation Report #26 - 30 September 2016