



World Food Programme



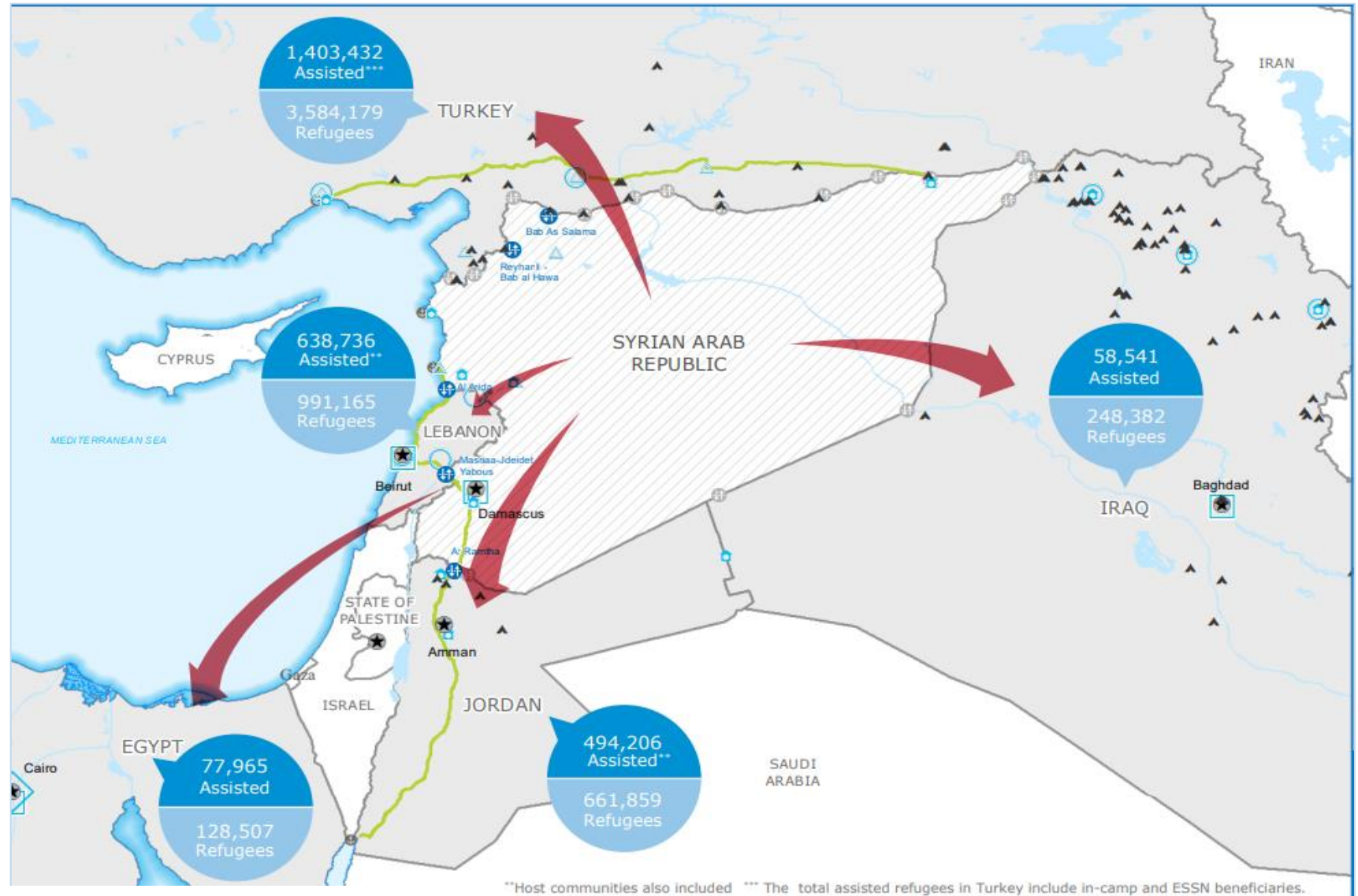
WFP regional response to the Syrian Crisis (January 2015 – March 2018)

WFP Office of Evaluation












November 2018

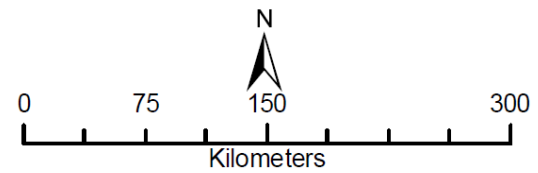
SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

Context



Host communities also included * The total assisted refugees in Turkey include in-camp and ESN beneficiaries.

-  Regional Bureau
-  Sub Office
-  Field Office
-  Warehouse
-  Country Office
-  Open Border Crossings
-  Closed Border Crossings
-  Sea Port
-  IDP/Refugee Camps
-  Capital City
-  Road Supply Route



Sources: UNHCR, UFP, UNGWIG
GeoNames, GAUL
This dashboard is based on best available information at the time of production. Future updates may vary as new information becomes available.

WFP response features

- 7 million targeted / year
- 18 percent of the WFP 2015-2017 requirements
- 65 percent funded overall
- > USD 1 billion of expenditures / year
- General Food / Basic Needs Assistance reached 82 percent of total beneficiaries
 - ✓ Syria: 98% in-kind
 - ✓ Region: 98% in Cash-based transfers (CBT)



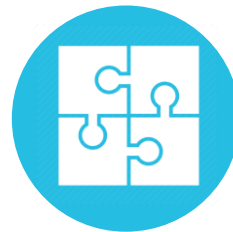
Key findings

Q 1 – Partnerships & Synergies



- Generous, conscientious, and leading partner
- Some [resolving] tensions in CBT partnerships
- Expanding typology of partnerships – (financial service providers, private sector)
- S+5 model appropriate for advocacy & coordination, less so for lessons' learning

Q 2 – Alignment to needs



- Modalities appropriate to context
- Most activities highly appropriate to needs – resilience activities less so
- Enhanced food security analysis, targeting and prioritization [since 2014 evaluation]
- Areas for improvement: cross-cutting issues, engagement with Affected Populations

Key findings - II

Q 3 – Efficiency

- Highly efficient
 - ✓ in time and cost
 - ✓ in-kind and CBT
- Innovative supply chain in Syria: highly efficient and effective
- Innovative at scale CBT ensures reliable transfers to target populations in refugee-hosting countries

Q 4 – Results

Outputs

- 105% of target population achieved
- 66% of planned tonnage delivered
- 72% of planned CBT value delivered

Outcomes

- GFA food security indicators targets fully met
- Other activities (school feeding, nutrition, and resilience) showing initial positive trends



Key findings - III

Q 4 – [Additional] results

- Increased access for all humanitarian actors in Syria
- Considerable economic contributions to regional economy
- Technological knowledge shared in host countries
- International Humanitarian Principles (IHP) adhered to with some challenges to operational independence in their application at local level
- Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP) mechanisms not fully meeting wider needs, concerns and expectations

Conclusions

WFP stayed, delivered and achieved aims and objectives



- Timely
- Efficient
- Effective
- Sophisticated
- At-scale
- Adaptive response

Conclusions



Some blind spots

- Limited line-of-sight to beneficiaries (and their concerns)
- Resilience activities not adapted to context but emerging gains
- WFP capacity for tracking and ensuring full adherence to the IHP application by partners at local level
- Lack of adequate staff and attention to Gender – Protection – APP

Recommendations



Strengthen capacity & systems for **APP**



Build capacities to ensure adherence to **humanitarian principles**



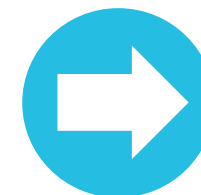
Focus & mainstream **gender**



Develop a regional **knowledge management** strategy



Reinforce **protection** capacities



Define a regional **vision for the future**