တာဝန္မရွိေစေၾကာင္းေဖာ္ျပခ်က္ ခ်က္ ဤစားနပ္ရိကၡာဖူလံုမႈ ဆန္းစစ္ေလ့လာျခင္းကို ၂၀၁၇ မတ္လႏွင့္ဧျပီလအတြင္းတြင္ ျပဳလုပ္ခဲ့ပါသည္။ ကုလသမဂၢ ကမၻာ့စားနပ္ရိကၡာအစီအစဥ္ အေနျဖင့္ ဤဆန္းစစ္ေလ့လာမႈမွရရွိေသာ သတင္းအခ်က္ အလက္မ်ားအတိုင္း ရပ္တည္လွ်က္ရိွျပီး၊ ထိုေနာက္ပိုင္းတြင္ ရခိုင္ျပည္နယ္ေျမာက္ပိုင္းရွိ အေျခအေနသည္ သိသိသာသာေပာင္းလဲလွ်က္ရွိေနပါသည္။ ရခိုင္ျပည္နယ္ေျမာက္ပိုင္းတြင္ ၾသဂုတ္လ၂၅ ရက္ ေန႕မွ စတင္႕ဖစ္ပြားခဲ့ေသာ အၾကမ္းဖက္မႈမ်ားေကာင့္လူဦးေရာက္သိန္းေက်ာ္ ဘဂၤလားေဒ့ရွ္ႏိုင္ငံတြင္သို ဗုဒ္နယ္စပ္ျဖတ္ေက်ာ္ ေရြ႕ေျပာင္းမႈမ်ားရွိပါသည္။ ရခိုင္ျပည္နယ္ေျမာက္ပိုင္းတြင္ လ့လာဆန္းစစ္မႈအသစ္မ်ားေဆာင္ႏိုင္ရန္ႏွင့္ အခက္အခဲမ်ားရင္ဆိုင္ေနတြင္ေနထိုင္ၾကေသာ လူမ်ား၏ စားနပ္ရိကၡာလိုအပ္ခ်က္မ်ားျဖည့္ဆည္းေပးႏိုင္ရန္ ကုလသမဂၢ ကမၻာ့စားနပ္ရိကၡာ အ စီအစဥ္အပေါ် အေဆာတလ်င္ ၀ င္ေရာက္ခြင့္ျပဳရန္မျဖစ္မေနလိုအပ္ေနပါသည္။
ပုံ ၄
အစားအစာအုပ္စုအလိုက္တစ္ပတ္ပ်မ္းမွ်စားသုံးမႈအ ေၿခအေနပုံ ၃ အစားအစာအတြက္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္ ႏွင့္ အဏုအာဟာရႏွင့္ အားအင္ၿပည့္ဖိဳးေစရန ႈင္းယွဥ္ပပုံ နိမ ္က်သတ္မွတ္ထားသောအမွတ္အတြင္း ၿပည္႔ဝေသာ ႏွံစားသီးႏွံမ်ားပဲအမ်ိဳးမိ်ဳးဟင္းသီးဟင္းရြက္သစ္သီးအသားဆီအဏုအာဟာရအတြက္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္ အားအင္ၿပည ္႔ကြားေဖိဳးေစရန္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္အစားအစာအတြက္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္။

ပုံ ၅
အတွင္းအစားအစာအုပ္စုအလိုက္တစ္ပတ္ပ်မ္းမွ်စားသုံးမႈအစားအစာအတြက္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္ ။ အမွတ္အတြင္းအစားအစာအုပ္စုအလိုက္တစ္ပတ္ပ်မ္းမွ်စားသုံးမႈအစားအစာအတြက္တစ္ပတ္အသုံးစရိတ္ကို ဗိုလ်ချားစွဲပေးခြင်းဖြင့္ပါဝင်သည်။
ပုံ ၅

ပုံ ၆

ပုံ ၇
Livelihood Coping Strategies (LHCS): LHCS may refer to coping strategies that households adopt to manage their livelihoods. LHCS are strategies that are used to adapt to changing conditions or to improve livelihood outcomes. These strategies may include diversification of income sources, access to credit, and other forms of economic support.

Food Price Index: The Food Price Index (FPI) is a measure of the average level of food prices over time. The FPI is calculated by taking the average of the prices of a basket of food items, weighted by the proportion of income spent on food. The FPI is used to track changes in the cost of living for households.

Household Food Insecurity Access Scale (HFIAS): HFIAS is a scale that measures the severity of household food insecurity. The scale ranges from 1 to 5, with 1 indicating no food insecurity and 5 indicating severe food insecurity. HFIAS is used to assess the impact of food insecurity on households and to target interventions.

Household Dietary Diversity Score (HDDS): HDDS is a measure of the diversity of foods consumed by households. The HDDS is calculated by counting the number of food groups consumed by households and dividing by the number of household members. HDDS is used to assess the nutritional adequacy of diets.

Women Dietary Diversity Scores (WDDS): WDDS is a measure of the dietary diversity of women. WDDS is calculated by counting the number of food groups consumed by women and dividing by the number of women. WDDS is used to assess the nutritional adequacy of diets consumed by women.

Child Minimum Acceptable Diet (MAD): MAD refers to the minimum number of food groups that children should consume to meet their nutritional needs. MAD is an important indicator of dietary adequacy for children.

Minimum Food Consumption Score (FCS): FCS is a measure of the amount of food that households consume. FCS is calculated by multiplying the number of household members by the number of food groups consumed and dividing by the number of household members. FCS is used to assess the dietary adequacy of households.

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