





July 1 2017

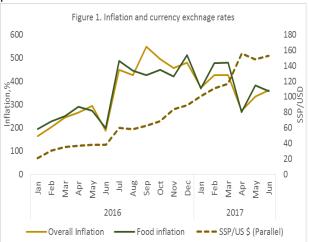
#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

- Inflation: June 2017 witnessed year-on-year overall inflation rate of 362 percent and a food inflation rate of 358 percent.
- Exchange rate: Compared to May 2017, the exchange rate in parallel and official market remained stable in June. The exchange rate of SSP to the USD in parallel market stood at SSP 153 and at SSP 116.92 in the official market. In the past 12 months, the official exchange rate increased from SSP 37.90 to SSP 116.92 (208 percent) per US Dollar, while the parallel exchange rate increased from SSP 37.90 to SSP 153 (304 percent).
- Cereal prices: Staple food commodity prices continued to increase in most markets across the country. Compared to the previous month, the retail price of white sorghum has increased seasonally in the range of 9 to 20 percent in Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Unity, Upper Nile and Lakes states. Likewise, white maize grain in Eastern Equatoria has increased by 15 percent. In Juba, prices have shown stability and some decline from the previous month. Depreciation of the local currency and dependence on imports have caused very high increase in prices compared to a year ago.
- **Field bean prices**: Compared to the previous month, a high increase in field bean prices was observed in Bentiu (146 percent), Aweil (75 percent), Yida (45 percent), and Agok (30 percent); while it has increased between 8 to 21 percent in Konyokonyo, Bunj, Rumbek and Bor markets. In markets across the country, the price of field beans increased by more than 200 percent compared to one year ago, except in Yida where it increased by 30 percent.
- Terms of Trade: Compared to May 2017, the stability of daily wage and increased cereal prices have
  led the terms of trade to deteriorate in Aweil (6 percent) and Torit (10 percent) whilst the terms of
  trade has improved in Juba (55 percent) due to increased wages and decline in food prices.
- **Outlook:** With the peak of the lean season approaching, the prices of staple food commodities are likely to remain at elevated levels, thus making most households vulnerable to food insecurity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The analysis is based on prices data of June 2017
Photos: WFP/Ryan McDonald (left) and WFP/George Fominyen (right)
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## The inflation rate remains high, while SSP shows some stability in exchange rate

June 2017 witnessed a year-on-year overall inflation rate<sup>2</sup> of 362 percent and a food inflation rate of 358 percent. This means prices are more than four and half times higher as compared to a year ago. With no commensurate increase in income, such a hyper-inflation has led to serious deterioration in the households' purchasing power in South Sudan.



**Source: NBS and BSS** 

Compared to May 2017, the South Sudanese Pound has remained relatively stable. In June 2017, the average exchange rate of US Dollar to SSP stood at 153 and 116.92 in the parallel and official markets respectively, as compared to 148 and 116.46 respectively in the previous month. Despite some stability in the past two months, there has been a significant depreciation of the SSP in the past one year. During the last 12 months, the official exchange rate dropped from SSP 37.90 to SSP 116.92 (208 percent) per US Dollar, while the parallel exchange rate drifted from SSP 37.90 to SSP 153 (304 percent) per US Dollar.

#### **Further increase in fuel prices**

In June, the price of petrol has increased in almost all of the monitored markets, compared to the previous month. These include Rumbek (12 percent), Yida (17 percent), Bor (19 percent), Bunj (20 percent) and the highest increase was in Wau (47 percent). Likewise, diesel price increased in Rumbek, Wau, Mingkaman, Yida and Bor markets. However, fuel prices were stable in Aweil and Mingkaman. Compared to one year ago (June 2016), prices have increased by more than 150 percent across all monitored markets. In Juba, the fuel was still available at official rate, despite the irregularity of supply and a long queue at gas stations. A liter of fuel in parallel market in Juba sold at SSP 167 for diesel (8 times the official rate) and at SSP 130 for petrol (6 times the official rate).

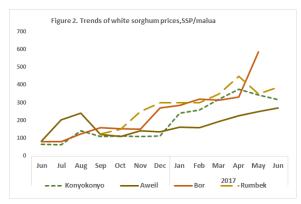
# Staple food prices continued to increase in most areas while Juba witnessed drop in prices

Staple food commodities in Juba showed stability and some drop in their prices compared to May 2017. The observed price behavior is likely due to the introduction of subsidized food commodities by Ramciel, a company established by the government. In other markets, prices have increased across the country, except in few markets which registered decline in prices of one or two staple commodities (see Annex 1).

Compared to May 2017, the retail price of the main staple, white sorghum, has increased seasonally in the range of 9 to 20 percent in monitored markets of Northern Bahr el Ghazal, Unity, Upper Nile and Lakes states. Similarly, white maize grain in Eastern Equatoria has increased by 15 percent. The prices of other food commodities such as maize flour and wheat flour have also increased in most monitored markets. The exceptions were in Rumbek, Mingkaman and Benitu where prices have decreased in the range of 6 to 13 percent for wheat flour and 10 to 25 percent for maize flour.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The national Bureau of Statistics compute the inflation rate based on Juba and Wau prices data.



Source: WFP

Given the huge depreciation of the currency and dependence on imports for most of the staple food, the prices have increased significantly compared to one year ago. Prices have increased between 133 to 384 percent for white sorghum; 136 to 484 percent for white maize grain; 187 to 611 for maize flour and 173 to 457 percent for wheat flour.

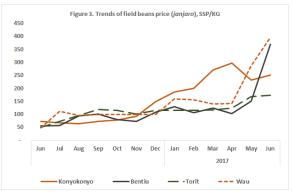
#### <u>High increase in field bean prices while</u> <u>vegetable oil showed mixed trends</u>

Field beans (janjaro) is the most commonly consumed pulse in South Sudan. It is mainly imported from Uganda. In June 2017, the retail price of field bean has increased in markets across the country. Compared to the previous month, the highest increase was in Bentiu (146 percent), followed by Aweil (75 percent), Yida (45 percent), Wau (38 percent), and Agok (30 percent). The corresponding price increases were in the range of 8 to 21 percent in Konyokonyo, Bunj, Rumbek and Bor markets. Compared to one year ago (June 2016), the price of field beans increased by more than 200 percent in markets across the country, except in Yida where it increased by 30 percent. The distribution of humanitarian food to refugees in Yida could be the reason for the relatively lower increase in prices in this market.

About one third of the monitored markets experienced decline in the price of cooking oil,

ranging from 6 to 15 percent in one month. These markets are Yida, Konyokonyo, Bentiu and Wau. On the other hand, markets of Bunj, Rumbek and Aweil experienced price increases, ranging from 6 to 24 percent compared to the previous month.

Compared to a year ago, all the monitored markets experienced price increases of cooking oil, in the range of 128 to 510 percent. The scarcity and depreciation of local currency mainly contributed to the observed excessive price increases of imported food commodities.



Source: WFP

#### **Terms of Trade: Purchasing Power**

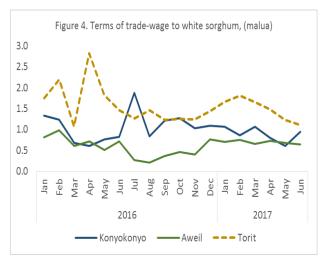
Wage to sorghum: The increase in cereal prices and the unchanged daily wage rates in Aweil and Torit have contributed to the deterioration of TOT in June by 6 percent and 10 percent, respectively compared to the previous month. In Juba, increased daily wage has coincided with a decline in cereal price that led the TOT to improve by 55 percent. Compared to one year ago, In June, TOT has deteriorated in Aweil by 11 percent and in Torit by 24 percent while the TOT improved by 14 percent in Juba. In June, the daily wage of unskilled labor fetched 0.9 malua of sorghum in Juba, 0.64 malua of sorghum in Aweil and 1.11 malua of maize grain in Torit.

**Livestock to cereal:** One medium size goat fetched white sorghum equivalent to 11.36 malua in Aweil, 7.7 malua in Rumbek and 8.44

malua of white maize in Torit. In Mingkaman, Wau and Yida, the TOT was 12 malua, 9 malua and 16 malua of white sorghum, respectively. In June, the purchasing power of livestock dependent households has deteriorated in Rumbek (32 percent), Torit (14 percent) and Mingkaman (29 percent) as compared to one month ago. On the other hand, TOT has improved slightly in Wau (5 percent) and Yida (6 percent) markets. Compared to one year ago (June 2016), the TOT has decreased in Rumbek (74 percent) whilst it has improved in Aweil (35 percent).

#### **Food Security Outlook**

As the peak lean season approaches, the prices of staple food commodities are expected to remain at elevated levels. Furthermore, with the continued economic crisis and the supply constraints due to insecurity and the likelihood of road impassability during this rainy season, prices of food commodities are likely to rise further, thus exposing most households, particularly those with poor purchasing power, to food insecurity.



Source: WFP

ANNEX: Commodity prices by market and trend of price changes (June 2017)

|            |                             | SSP Price Change (%) |             |          |        |                |                |          |        |           |                             | SSP      | Price Change (%) |        |       |                |          |          |
|------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------------|----------------|----------|--------|-----------|-----------------------------|----------|------------------|--------|-------|----------------|----------|----------|
|            | Major Commodity             | June                 | 1M          | 3М       | 1Y     | 1M             | 3М             | 1Y       |        |           | Major Commodity             | June     | 1M               | 3М     | 1Y    | 1M             | зМ       | 1Y       |
|            |                             |                      |             |          |        |                |                |          |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | White Sorghum               | 317                  | -8          | -1       | 384    | ▼              | •              | _        |        | Yida      | White Sorghum               | 186      | 13               | 50     | 338   | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> | <b>A</b> |
|            | White Maize (Grain)         | 383                  | -1          | 21       | 484    |                |                |          |        |           | Rice                        | 372      | 28               | 133    | 520   |                |          |          |
| 0          | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 251                  | 8           | -7       | 245    |                |                |          |        |           | Vegetable oil               | 370      | -6               | 28     | 335   | $\blacksquare$ |          |          |
| kony       | Maize flour                 | 143                  | -3          | 33       | 218    |                | <b>_</b>       |          |        |           | Wheat flour                 | 195      | 5                | 63     |       |                | <b>A</b> |          |
| Konyokonyo | Wheat Flour                 | 137                  | 2           | 15       | 173    |                | <b>_</b>       |          |        |           | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 300      | 21               | 70     | 400   | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> | <b>A</b> |
| δ          | Vegetable oil               | 200                  | -11         | -39      | 176    | $\blacksquare$ | $\blacksquare$ |          |        | Bor       | Wheat Flour                 | 195      | 1                | 77     | 457   |                |          |          |
|            | Rice                        | 250                  | -4          | 3        | 471    |                |                |          |        |           | Vegetable oil               | 300      | -2               | 33     | 400   | •              | <b>A</b> |          |
|            | TOT (wage to sorghum)       | 1                    | 55          | -11      | 14     |                | $\blacksquare$ |          |        |           | Rice                        | 200      | 4                | 17     | 194   |                | <b>A</b> |          |
|            | White sorghum(Grain)        | 203                  | 10          | 21       | 209    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        | ın Wunrok | White sorghum 9Grain)       | 243      | -10              | 27     |       | ▼              | <b>A</b> |          |
| 송          | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 371                  | 30          | 84       | 411    | <b>A</b>       | <b>_</b>       |          |        |           | Wheat flour                 | 150      | 12               | 36     |       |                | <b>A</b> |          |
| Agok       | Vegetable oil               | 264                  | 1           | -1       | 265    |                |                |          |        |           | Vegetable oil               | 320      | -9               | 62     |       | $\blacksquare$ | <b>A</b> |          |
|            | Rice                        | 269                  | 14          | 30       | 514    |                |                |          |        |           | Maize flour                 | 180      | -25              | 4      | 300   | <b>V</b>       | <b>•</b> | <b>A</b> |
| Ē          | white sorghum(Grain)        | 150                  | 11          | 50       | 133    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        | Mingkaman | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 250      | -5               | 61     | 456   |                | <b>A</b> | <b>A</b> |
| Bunj       | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 200                  | 10          | 28       | 264    | <u> </u>       | <u> </u>       |          |        | ingk      | TOT (Goat to sorghum)       | 9        | -29              | 0      | 0     | _              | <b>•</b> | •        |
|            | White Sorghum               | 388                  | 11          | 11       | 675    | <b>_</b>       | <b>_</b>       | <b>A</b> |        | Σ         | Vegetable oil               | 320      | 2                | 56     | 276   |                | <b>A</b> |          |
|            | White Maize(Grain)          | 363                  | -9          | 4        | 625    | $\blacksquare$ |                |          |        |           | White Maize(Grain)          | 450      | 15               | 80     | 445   | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> | <b>A</b> |
| bek        | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 230                  | 15          | 15       | 379    |                |                |          |        |           | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 173      | 3                | 47     | 240   | •              |          |          |
| Rumbek     | Wheat Flour                 | 338                  | 125         | 181      |        |                |                |          |        | ŧ         | Wheat Flour                 | 116      | -2               |        | 232   |                |          |          |
|            | Vegetable oil               | 234                  | 17          | -7       | 368    |                |                |          |        | Torit     | Vegetable oil               | 244      | -3               | 22     | 219   |                | <b>A</b> |          |
|            | TOT (Goat to sorghum)       | 8                    | -32         | -23      | -74    | $\blacksquare$ | •              | ▼        |        |           | Maize flour                 | 160      | 13               | 58     | 611   | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> | <b>A</b> |
|            | White Sorghum               | 272                  | 9           | 39       | 225    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        |           | TOT (Goat to maize grain)   | 8        | -14              |        |       | $\blacksquare$ |          |          |
| _          | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 320                  | 75          | 92       | 276    |                |                |          |        |           | Units of measurement        |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| Aweil      | Wheat Flour                 | 172                  | 27          | 34       | 394    |                |                |          |        | Whi       | te sorghum                  | 3.5kg    |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| 4          | Vegetable oil               | 174                  | 24          | 74       | 128    |                |                |          |        | Whi       | te maize                    | 3.5kg    |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | Rice                        | 218                  | 9           | 63       | 445    |                | <b>A</b>       |          |        | Cass      | ava                         | 3.5kg    |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 371                  | 146         | 197      | 575    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        | Mai       | ze flour                    | kg       |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| Ę          | Wheat Flour                 | 243                  | -13         | 64       | 311    | $\blacksquare$ |                |          |        | Field     | d beans/Groundnuts          | kg       |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| Bentiu     | Vegetable oil               | 450                  |             | 58       | 510    |                |                |          |        | Rice      |                             | kg       |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | white sorghum (Grain)       | 203                  | 20          | 50       | 218    |                |                |          |        | Whe       | eat flour                   | KG       |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | White Sorghum               | 313                  | 4           | 30       | 268    | <b>•</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        | Veg       | etable oil                  | L        |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | White Maize(Grain)          | 338                  | 2           | 56       | 242    |                |                |          |        | тот       |                             | # (      | of mal           | wa per | goat  | or dai         | ly wag   | e        |
|            | Field Beans (Janjaro)       | 398                  | 38          | 184      | 715    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       |          |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| Wau        |                             |                      |             |          |        |                |                |          |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
| >          | Vegetable oil               | 155                  | -15         | -25      | 210    | •              | •              | <b>A</b> |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | Diesel                      | 200                  | 14          | 37       | 525    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            | Petrol                      | 220                  | 47          | 39       | 198    | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b>       | <b>A</b> |        |           |                             |          |                  |        |       |                |          |          |
|            |                             |                      |             |          |        |                |                |          |        |           |                             |          |                  | -      |       |                | -        |          |
|            | Price increases above       | normal               |             |          |        |                |                |          | Norr   | nal p     | orice changes               | ▼        | Pric             | e dec  | rease | s bel          | ow no    | rmal     |
| Price      | e fluctutuation is consider | ed norma             | al if the p | rice cha | nge is | 5% with        | nin one        | mont     | h, 10% | with      | nin 3 months and 20% within | one year |                  |        |       |                |          |          |