

Initial Market Price Bulletin for the month of **August 2017** (Reported in September 2017)

HIGHLIGHTS:

- **Wheat:** The current average wheat price in main cities' markets of Afghanistan (AFN 23.4/Kg) is negligibly lower by 0.6% compared to the same time last year (August 2016), but slightly higher by 6.5% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016).
- **Wheat flour (High Price):** The current retail price (AFN 27.6/kg) is slightly lower by 4.2% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and slightly lower by 3.8% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months.
- **Rice** is considered as the 2nd main staple food in Afghanistan. The current average retail price of Low Quality Rice (AFN 45.3/kg) is slightly higher by 8.4% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and slightly higher by 7.7% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months. The current average price of High Quality Rice (AFN 84.4/kg) is significantly higher by 10.8% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and slightly higher by 5.0% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months.
- **Pulses:** The current retail price (AFN 88.3/kg) is significantly higher by 16.9% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and significantly higher by 39.2% compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months.

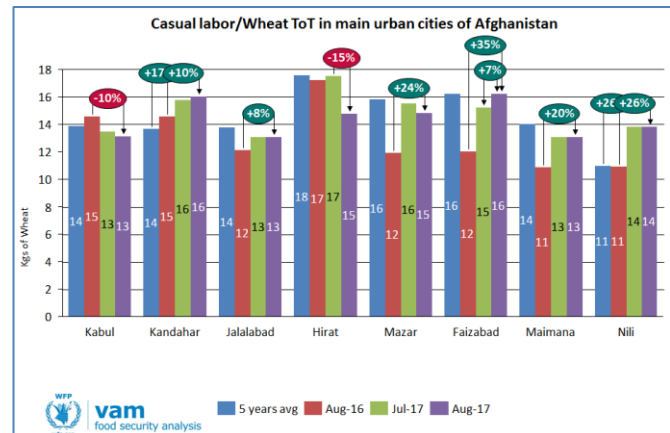
Terms of Trade (ToT)

Casual Labor and Wheat (ToT): The Terms of Trade (ToT) between casual Labor and wheat is a proxy indicator or the purchasing capacity of households mainly relying on casual labor as main income, and purchase of wheat in the market. This ToT reveals how many Kilograms of wheat can be purchased with one-day casual unskilled labor wage, but does not say how many days a month a laborer can get to cover the family food needs. Labor wage/Wheat average ToT for the reporting month was 14.3 Kgs of Wheat. On average, this ToT slightly deteriorated (by 2.1%) from July to August 2017, mainly due to decreased labor wage by 2.3%. The highest deterioration occurred only in Hirat (by 15.5%) due to decrease in labor wage by 12.5%. While this ToT has improved for the reporting month only for Faizabad (6.6%) mainly due to increase of labor wage by 7.1%. The variations in all other remaining main city markets were within normal range (-4.5% to 1.6%). In the last three proceeding years, this deterioration was only experienced in;

- July to August 2014 (by 5.2%)

While improved in;

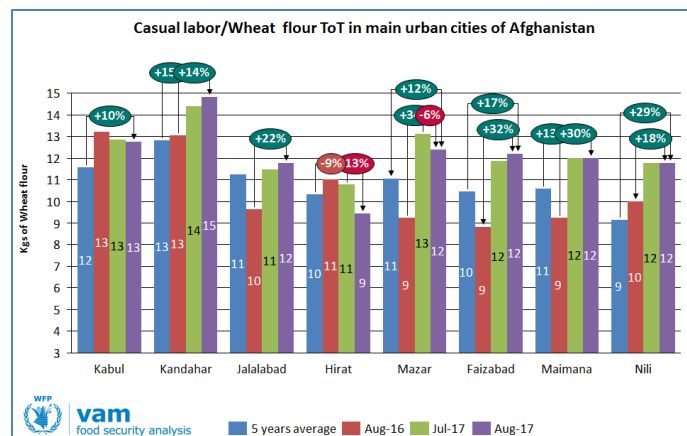
- July to August 2016 (by 2.2%)
- July to August 2015 (by 0.1%)



- In comparison to the same month one year ago (August 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 10.2%, mainly due to increased labor wage (by 11.0%) as well slightly decreased of wheat price (by 0.6%).
- On the two-year comparison (August 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 11.2%.
- Compared to the 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012-2016), this ToT negligibly deteriorated 0.9%.

Casual Labor and High Price Wheat flour (ToT): The Terms of Trade (ToT) between casual Labor and High Price Wheat Flour is a proxy indicator or the purchasing capacity of households mainly relying on casual labor as main income, and purchase of Wheat Flour in the market. This ToT reveals how many Kilograms of Wheat Flour (HP) can be purchased with one-day casual unskilled labor wage, but does not say how many days a month a laborer can get to cover the family food needs.

Labor wage/Wheat flour (HP) average ToT for the reporting month was 12.1Kgs of Wheat flour which negligibly deteriorated (by 1.2%) from July to August 2017, mainly due



to decreased labor wage by 2.3%. The highest deterioration occurred in Hirat (by 12.5%) and Mazar (5.6%) due to decrease in labor wage. The variations in all other remaining main city markets were within normal range (-0.8% to 3.0%).

In the last three proceeding years, this deterioration was experienced in;

- July to August 2015 (by 2.2%)
- July to August 2014 (by 3.5%)

While improved only during;

- July to August 2016 (by 2.4%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 15.3%, mainly due to increased labor wage (by 11.0%) and decreased wheat flour price (by 4.2%).
- On the two-year comparison (August 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 25.7%.
- Compared to the 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 11.3%.

Sheep and Wheat (ToT): *The Terms of Trade between a one year old female sheep and Wheat is a proxy for the purchasing capacity of those households mainly relying on income from livestock (pastoralists). It says how many kilograms of Wheat can be obtained when selling a one year old female sheep.*

Sheep/Wheat average ToT for the reporting month was 280.5Kgs of wheat against one-year alive female sheep, which slightly improved by 2.7% from July to August 2017, mainly due to increased sheep price (by 1.9%) and decreased wheat price (by 0.8%). The highest improvement occurred in Mazar (by 8.2%) and Kabul (6.7%) due to decreased of wheat price and negligibly increase in sheep price. The variation all other main cities markets was within normal range (0.0% to 2.4%).

In the last three proceeding years, this improvement was only experienced in;

- July to August 2016 (by 2.4%)

While deteriorated in;

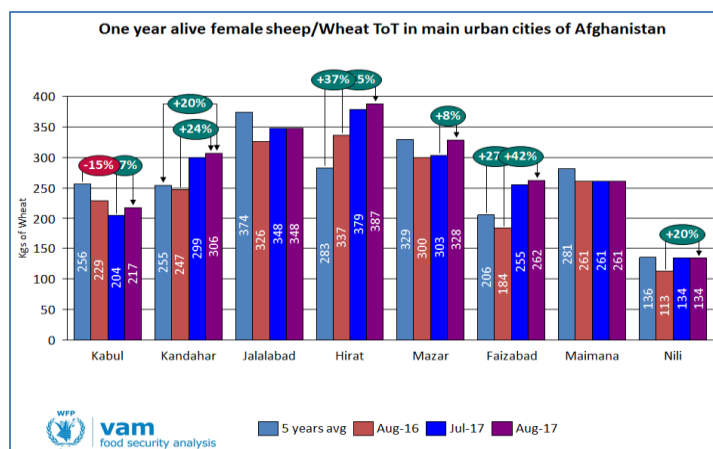
- July to August 2015 (by 0.7%)
- July to August 2014 (by 3.4%)

- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 12.4%, which is mainly due to increased sheep price (by 13.2%) and decreased wheat price by 0.6%.
- On the two-year comparison (August 2015) this ToT significantly improved by 14.5%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), this ToT slightly improved by 5.9%.

Sheep and High Price Wheat flour (ToT): *The Terms of Trade between a one year old female sheep and High Price Wheat Flour is a proxy for the purchasing capacity of those households mainly relying on income from livestock (pastoralists). It says how many kilograms of Wheat Flour (HP) can be obtained when selling a one year old female sheep.*

Sheep-Wheat flour (HP) average ToT for the reporting month was 235 Kgs of Wheat flour against one-year alive female sheep, which slightly improved by 3.5% from July to August 2017, mainly due to increased sheep price (by 1.9%) and decreased wheat flour price (by 1.1%). The highest improvement occurred in Kabul (by 8.7%), Mazar (7.0%) and Hirat (5.8%) due to increase of sheep price and decrease in wheat flour prices. The variation in all other markets was within normal range (-1.3% to 3.6%).

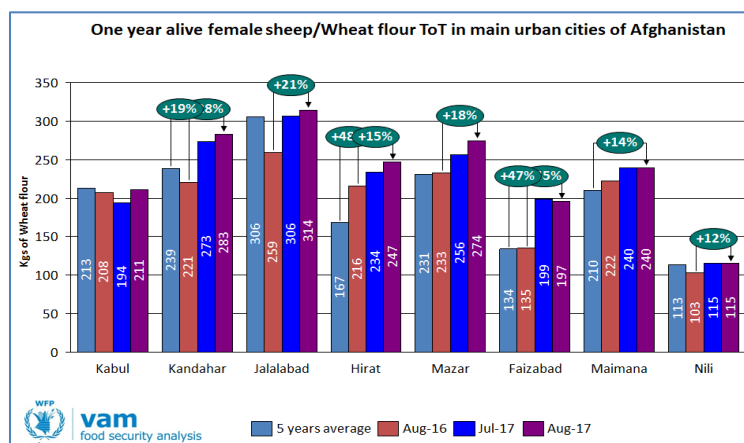
In the last three proceeding years, this improvement was only experienced in;



- July to August 2016 (by 2.5%)

While deteriorated in;

- July to August 2015 (by 3.4%)
- July to August 2014 (by 2.0%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 17.8%, mainly due to increased sheep price (by 13.2%) and decreased wheat flour price (by 4.2%).
- On the two-year comparison (August 2015), this ToT significantly improved by 27.5%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), this ToT significantly improved by 16.5%.



Retail Price of Wheat Grain in Main Urban Cities:

- The monthly average price of Wheat in main cities' markets of Afghanistan was AFN **23.4/Kg** in August 2017. Compared to the past month (July 2017), the average price negligibly decreased by 0.8%. The highest decreased occurred only in Mazar (by 6.9%), which was mainly due to increase of supply. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-1.6% to 3.5%). In the last three proceeding years this decrease was experienced in;
 - July to August 2016 (by 2.5%)
 - July to August 2015 (by 0.3%)

While the price increased during;

- July to August 2014 (by 2.1%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), the average wheat price negligibly decreased by 0.6%. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-9.4% to 7.3%).
- On the two-year comparison (August 2015), the average price slightly increased by 4.9%.
- Compared to the last 5-year average price of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the average price slightly increased by 6.5%.

Retail Price of Wheat flour in Main Urban Cities:

Wheat flour (High Price):

The monthly average price of Wheat flour (High Price) in main cities' markets was AFN **27.6/Kg** in the reporting month (August 2017). The average price negligibly decreased by 1.1% compared to the previous month (July 2017). The highest decreased only occurred in Mazar (by 5.8%), which was mainly due to increased supply. The variation in all main cities was within a normal limit (-2.9% to 4.3%). In the last three proceeding years, this decrease was only experienced in;

- July to August 2016 (by 2.0%)

While increased in;

- July to August 2015 (by 2.4%)
- July to August 2014 (by 0.4%)
- Compared to the same month last year (August 2016), the current average price slightly decreased by 4.2%. The highest decrease occurred only in Mazar (by 10.2%) due to increased supply of wheat flour. The variation in other main cities was within a normal range (-9.5% to 2.0%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average price of wheat flour slightly decreased by 6.8%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the same months (August 2012 - 2016), the average price negligibly decreased by 3.8%.

Wheat flour (Low Price):

The monthly average price of Wheat flour (Low Price) in main cities' markets was AFN **24.4/Kg** in the reporting month (August 2017). The average price negligibly decreased 0.1% compared to previous month (July 2017). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-3.6 % to 3.5%), except the largest increased only occurred in Nili (by 7.1%), mainly due to decreased supply of local low price wheat flour. In the last three proceeding years, this decrease was experienced only in;

- July to August 2016 (by 1.2%)

While the price increased during;

- July to August 2015 (by 2.4%)
- July to August 2014 (by 0.4%)

- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), the current average price slightly decreased by 5.6%. The highest decrease occurred in Nili (by 14.3%) and Mazar (by 12.5%) due to increased supply of wheat flour, the variation in all other remaining main cities was within a normal range (-8.3% to 1.0%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average price slightly decreased by 7.1%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the average price negligibly decreased by 4.2%.

Retail Price of Rice in Main Urban Cities:

Rice (High Quality):

- The monthly average price of Rice (High Quality) in main cities' markets was AFN **84.4/Kg** in the reporting month (August 2017) which negligibly decreased by 0.2% compared to the previous month (July 2017). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-2.6% to 2.5%). In the last three proceeding years this decrease was experienced in;

- July to August 2016 (by 1.2%)
- July to August 2014 (by 0.2%)

While the price increased during;

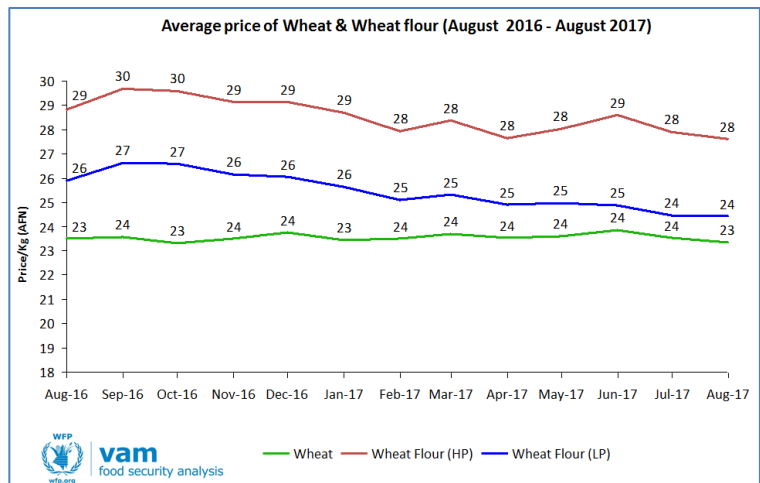
- July to August 2015 (by 0.2%)

- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), the average price significantly increased by 10.8%. The largest increase occurred in Hirat (25.8%), Kandahar (21.9%), and Maimana (14.0%), mainly due to decrease of supply. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (2.0% to 9.5%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average price slightly increased by 5.4%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of the some months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the average price slightly increased by 5.0%.

Rice (Low Quality):

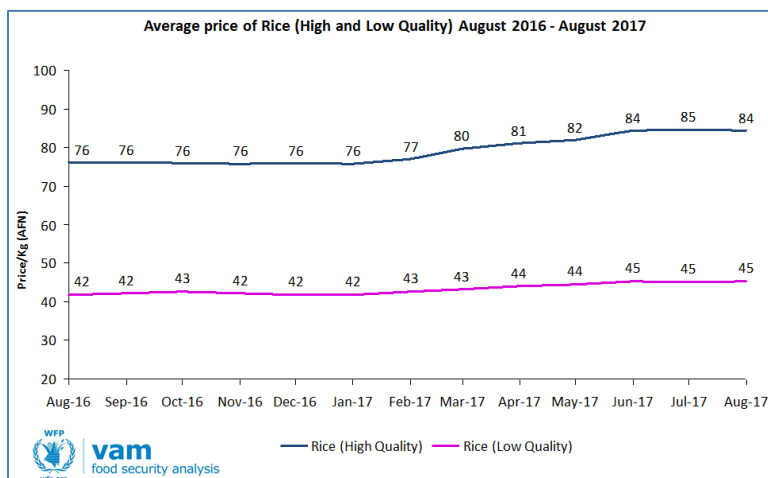
- The monthly average price of Rice (Low Quality) in main cities' markets was AFN **45.3/Kg** in the reporting month (August 2017), which negligibly increased by 0.4% compared to the previous month (August 2017). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-4.3% to 3.8%). In the last three proceeding years this increase was experienced in;

- July to August 2016 (by 0.3 %)
- July to August 2015 (by 1.6%)



While the price decreased during;

- July to August 2014 (by 1.4%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), the average price slightly increased by 8.4%. The largest increase occurred in Faizabad (by 32.2%), Mazar (12.5%) and Jalalabad (11.9%), mainly due to decreased supply of low quality rice from Pakistan this year. The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-9.5% to 8.1%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average price significantly increased by 13.5%.
- Compared to 5-year average price of same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the average price slightly increased by 7.7%.



Retail Price of Cooking Oil in Main Urban Cities:

The monthly average price of cooking oil in main cities' markets was AFN **82.7/Kg** in the reporting month (August 2017), being negligibly decreased by 0.6% compared to previous month (July 2017). The variation in all main cities was within a normal range (-4.3% to 1.1%). In the last three proceeding years, this decrease was experienced only in;

- July to August 2014 (by 0.5%)

While the price increased during;

- July to August 2016 (by 0.9%)
- July to August 2015 (by 0.8%)
- Compared to the same month one year ago (August 2016), the average price slightly increased by 2.5%. The largest increase only occurred in Kandahar (by 10.0 %), main reason for the increase was increased price of oil by the traders and decreased supply of oil from source points. The variation in all other main cities was within a normal limit (-1.0% to 2.5%).
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average price slightly increased by 7.8%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the average price negligibly increased by 2.3%.

Retail Price of Pulses, Salt, Sugar and No. of days averagely worked by a labourer:

Pulses: The monthly average price of Pulses in August 2017 in main cities' markets was AFN **88.3/Kg** negligibly decreased by 0.5% from last month (July 2017). The variation in all main cities markets was within a normal range (-3.7% to 2.6%).

- Compared to the same time last year (August 2016), the price of pulses significantly increased by 16.9%, the highest increase occurred in Jalalabad (27.8%), followed by Kabul (27.7%), Kandahar (21.3%), Maimana (20.0%), Nili (17.6%) and Mazar (13.2%), mainly due to decreased supply. The variation in all other main cities was within a normal limit (3.6% to 9.1%).
- Compared to the same time two year ago (August 2015), the price of pulses significantly increased by 46.8%.
- Compared to 5-year average of the same months (Augusts 2012 - 2016), the prices of pulses increased significantly by 39.2%.

Salt: The monthly average price of Salt in August 2017 in main cities' markets was AFN **13.8/Kg** negligibly decreased by 0.3% compared to the previous month (July 2017). The current average price of salt negligibly increased by 0.2% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and slightly increased by 4.7% compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015).

Sugar: The monthly average price of Sugar in August 2017 in main cities' markets was AFN 52.1/Kg, being slightly decreased by 4.9% compared to the previous month (July 2017). The highest decrease occurred in Hirat (18.4%) and Maimana (10.4%), mainly due to increase of supply. The current average price of Sugar is negligibly decreased by 3.2% compared to the same month last year (August 2016), and increased by 27.6% compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015) due to increased price in source points.

Number of days averagely worked by a labourer: The monthly average number of days worked by a laborer during August 2017 was reported at 13.6 days. The highest number of working days were in Kabul, Kandahar and Nili (16days) followed Jalalabad (14 days) by Hirat, Mazar and Maimana (12 days), Faizabad (11.0 days). Compared to the previous month (July 2017), the significant increase occurred in Faizabad by 37.5% (3 days) and Kabul 33.3% (4 days) and the variation in other main cities remain unchanged.

- Compared to the same month last year (August 2016), the average number of working days in a month increased by 3.3% (0.4day). Increased in Faizabad by 46.7% (3.5 days) and Kandahar 33.3 % (4 days). Decrease in Kabul by 20% (4 days), and the variation in other main cities was zero.
- Compared to the same month two years ago (August 2015), the average number of working days for main cities slightly increased by 4.8% (0.6 day).

Market Watch:

Markets	Major Comm	Current Price per Kg	Price change (%)				Average				Markets	Major Comm	Current Price in AFN	Price change				Average				
			5 Y Ave	2 Y	1 Y	1M	5 Y Ave	2 Y	1 Y	1M				5 Y Ave	2 Y	1 Y	1M	5 Y Ave	2 Y	1 Y	1M	
KABUL	Wheat	25.8	14.2	28.8	7.3	-1.0	▲	▲	▲	▲	Livestock-One year live Sheep (Female)											
	Wheat flour (HP)	26.5	-1.2	-3.6	0.0	-2.8	▶	▶	▶	▶	KABUL	Sheep	5,600	-1.8	1.8	1.8	5.7	▶	▶	▶	▲	
	Rice High Quality	82.0	-2.2	-4.7	9.3	2.5	▶	▶	▶	▶	KANDAHAR	Sheep	7,650	25.1	41.7	28.8	0.7	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	60.0	21.5	11.1	3.4	3.4	▲	▲			JALALABAD	Sheep	8,000	5.6	14.3	14.3	0.0	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Cooking Oil	80.0	-2.4	5.3	0.0	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	HIRAT	Sheep	6,875	41.9	49.5	17.0	5.8	▲	▲	▲	▶	
KANDAHAR	Wheat	25.0	2.8	0.8	4.2	-1.6	▶	▶	▶	▶	MAZAR	Sheep	6,650	5.6	10.8	5.6	0.8	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	27.0	4.9	5.8	0.6	-2.9	▶	▶	▶	▶	FAIZABAD	Sheep	6,050	41.2	51.3	31.5	3.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice High Quality	80.0	12.5	23.0	21.9	0.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	MAIMANA	Sheep	6,000	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	31.8	10.3	21.2	-9.5	0.1	▲	▲	▲	▶	NILI	Sheep	3,900	-1.0	-2.5	8.3	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Cooking Oil	86.6	20.1	21.1	10.0	1.1	▲	▲	▲	▶	Terms of Trade Kgs of Wheat/Wheat flour											
JALALABAD	Wheat	23.0	12.2	4.5	7.0	0.0	▲	▲	▶	▶	KABUL	Casual Labor/Wheat	13.1	-5.5	-12.6	-10.1	-2.6	▶	▼	▼	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	25.5	1.2	-1.4	-5.6	-2.4	▶	▶	▶	▶	KANDAHAR	Casual Labor/Wheat	16.0	17.2	32.2	9.7	1.6	▲	▲	▶	▶	
	Rice High Quality	80.0	7.7	5.3	5.3	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	JALALABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat	13.0	-5.2	10.4	7.9	0.0	▶	▲	▶	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	33.0	-17.4	11.9	11.9	0.0	▼	▲	▲	▶	HIRAT	Casual Labor/Wheat	14.8	-15.7	-10.0	-14.0	-15.5	▼	▼	▼	▼	
	Cooking Oil	78.0	1.0	6.8	-1.0	-0.2	▶	▶	▶	▶	MAZAR	Casual Labor/Wheat	14.8	-6.4	-1.2	24.4	-4.5	▶	▶	▶	▶	
HIRAT	Wheat	17.8	1.7	-2.9	1.8	3.5	▶	▶	▶	▶	FAIZABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat	16.2	0.2	24.3	35.1	6.6	▶	▶	▲	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	27.8	-5.0	-12.8	2.0	0.0	▶	▼	▶	▶	MAIMANA	Casual Labor/Wheat	13.0	-6.9	37.0	20.0	0.0	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice High Quality	77.9	12.0	25.7	25.8	-0.6	▲	▲	▲	▶	NILI	Casual Labor/Wheat	13.8	25.8	33.3	26.1	0.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	32.6	14.8	18.8	7.4	-4.3	▶	▶	▶	▶	KABUL	Sheep /Wheat	217.5	-15.1	-20.9	-5.1	6.7	▼	▼	▶	▲	
	Cooking Oil	76.3	4.2	15.3	4.3	-1.6	▶	▲	▲	▶	KANDAHAR	Sheep /Wheat	306.0	20.2	40.5	23.7	2.3	▶	▲	▲	▶	
MAZAR	Wheat	20.3	4.7	1.3	-3.6	-6.9	▶	▶	▶	▼	JALALABAD	Sheep /Wheat	347.8	-6.9	9.3	6.8	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	24.3	-11.6	-11.8	-10.2	-5.8	▼	▼	▼	▼	HIRAT	Sheep /Wheat	387.1	36.8	53.7	15.0	2.2	▲	▲	▶	▶	
	Rice High Quality	81.0	-0.2	1.3	9.5	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	MAZAR	Sheep /Wheat	328.4	-0.2	9.5	9.5	8.2	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	40.5	1.8	12.5	12.5	3.8	▶	▲	▲	▶	FAIZABAD	Sheep /Wheat	261.6	27.3	50.4	42.2	2.4	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Cooking Oil	82.0	1.7	4.1	2.5	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	MAIMANA	Sheep /Wheat	260.9	-7.2	-8.7	0.0	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	
FAIZABAD	Wheat	23.1	9.6	0.5	-7.5	0.5	▶	▶	▶	▶	NILI	Sheep /Wheat	134.5	-1.1	-2.5	19.5	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	30.8	-3.8	-5.3	-9.5	4.3	▶	▶	▶	▶	KABUL	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.7	10.0	16.7	-3.6	-0.8	▲	▲	▶	▶	
	Rice High Quality	89.0	4.2	4.7	5.6	-2.6	▶	▶	▶	▶	KANDAHAR	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	14.8	15.5	26.1	13.7	3.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	57.5	19.6	25.0	32.2	-1.3	▲	▲	▲	▶	JALALABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	11.8	4.8	17.1	22.2	2.5	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Cooking Oil	90.3	-6.8	-0.3	0.3	0.3	▶	▶	▶	▶	HIRAT	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	9.4	-8.7	0.3	-14.2	-12.5	▶	▶	▼	▼	
MAIMANA	Wheat	23.0	9.7	9.5	0.0	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	MAZAR	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.4	11.9	13.4	33.6	-5.6	▲	▲	▲	▼	
	Wheat flour (HP)	25.0	-11.2	-18.7	-7.4	0.0	▼	▼	▶	▶	FAIZABAD	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.2	16.5	32.0	38.1	2.7	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice High Quality	85.5	1.4	-10.0	14.0	-0.9	▶	▼	▶	▶	MAIMANA	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	12.0	13.4	84.5	29.6	0.0	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	40.0	-5.2	0.0	8.1	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	NILI	Casual Labor/Wheat flour	11.8	28.8	39.2	17.6	0.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Cooking Oil	83.5	0.5	0.6	1.8	-4.3	▶	▶	▶	▶	KABUL	Sheep /Wheat flour	211.3	-0.9	5.7	1.8	8.7	▶	▶	▶	▶	
NILI	Wheat	29.0	-0.9	0.0	-9.4	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	KANDAHAR	Sheep /Wheat flour	283.1	18.6	33.9	28.1	3.6	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Wheat flour (HP)	34.0	-2.6	-4.2	-2.9	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	JALALABAD	Sheep /Wheat flour	313.7	2.6	16.0	21.0	2.5	▶	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice High Quality	100.0	6.8	8.7	2.0	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶	HIRAT	Sheep /Wheat flour	247.3	47.6	71.4	14.7	5.8	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Rice Low Qaulity	67.0	11.8	11.7	3.1	0.0	▲	▲	▶	▶	MAZAR	Sheep /Wheat flour	274.2	18.6	25.7	17.5	7.0	▲	▲	▲	▶	
	Cooking Oil	85.0	4.0	13.3	2.4	0.0	▶	▲	▲	▶	FAIZABAD	Sheep /Wheat flour	196.6	46.6	59.7	45.3	-1.3	▲	▲	▲	▶	
												MAIMANA	Sheep /Wheat flour	240.0	14.1	23.0	8.0	0.0	▶	▲	▶	▶
												NILI	Sheep /Wheat flour	114.7	1.5	1.8	11.5	0.0	▶	▶	▶	▶
Remark		▲ Price increase above normal price fluctuation ▶ Normal Price fluctuation ▼ Price decrease below normal price fluctuation																				
Price fluctuation is considered normal if the price change is within 5% for 1 month, or within 10% for 3 months, one year, two year and 5 years																						
												1M= Compared to month ago 1Y= Compared to August 2016 and 2Y= Compared to August 2015										

Source: WFP/VAM market data from Afghanistan main cities (Kabul, Kandahar, Mazar, Jalalabad, Faizabad, Hirat, Maimana and Nili), Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (VAM) – World Food Programme (WFP), Afghanistan