The United Nations-backed Government of National Accord (GNA), first proposed on 19 January 2016 and led by Prime Minister Fayez Sarraj, has not yet been endorsed formally by Libyan institutions, though it has now officially moved into Tripoli. The GNA, whose list of members was announced by the Presidency Council on 14 February, is still awaiting a vote of approval from the internationally recognized House of Representatives (HoR), based in Tobruk.

According to the latest Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM) released by the International Organization for Migration (May - June 2016), there are approximately 425,250 internally displaced people (IDPs), 258,025 returnees, and 264,014 migrants. The DTM states that the majority of displacement originated from Benghazi, Sirte, and Tawergha, accounting for 75.3 percent of all IDPs displaced at present.

According to the Humanitarian Response Plan (November 2015), 1.28 million people within Libya are at risk of food insecurity, of which 210,000 are in need of food assistance.

The conflict and lack of security within Libya and along its borders has led to a greater number of refugees and migrants using the country as an exit point to reach Europe. Libya currently hosts some 250,000 vulnerable refugees, asylum seekers and migrants from North and sub-Saharan Africa.

In June, WFP distributed food to 77,380 people in western and southern Libya and 36,950 people in eastern Libya. In May, WFP assisted 69,820 people in the west and south of Libya and 33,000 people in the east.

From September, the operation will suffer a pipeline break due to underfunding, severely limiting WFP’s capacity to deliver much-needed food assistance.

In Numbers

- **6.2 million** total population (World Bank)
- **2.4 million** people affected (HRP)
- **425,250** people displaced (IOM)
- **210,000** people targeted for WFP food assistance (WFP)

Beneficiaries

- 58%
- 42%

Funding Update

**Requirements EMOP 200925**

- USD 30.3 million (January to December 2016)

**Net Funding Shortfall**

- USD 11.7 million (July to December 2016)

WFP Response

- In June, WFP distributed food to 77,380 people in western and southern Libya and 36,950 people in eastern Libya. In May, WFP assisted 69,820 people in the west and south of Libya and 33,000 people in the east.
• Under EMOP 200925, WFP’s main target population are IDPs and refugees. Due to underfunding, previous distributions were only able to reach the primary target population (IDPs). In June, for the first time, WFP was able to reach 5,000 refugees from Palestine, Syria, Eritrea, Iraq, Somalia and Sudan in Benghazi and Tripoli.

Food Assistance
• Beneficiaries targeted for WFP assistance receive a food basket that includes rice, pasta, chickpeas, wheat flour, vegetable oil, tomato paste and sugar. The food basket represents approximately 75 percent of a person’s daily nutritional requirement (1,560 kcal per person, per day). The monthly entitlement is packaged for a household of five people in two parcels of 30 kilograms each.

As a follow up to the June-July 2015 Multi-Sector Needs Assessment (MSNA), in February 2016, REACH released an update of the MSNA. This update included findings on food security for eastern Libya. It indicated a deterioration of the food security situation in eastern Libya due to restricted access to livelihoods and limited banking system functionality.

Logistics
• WFP Logistics transports and delivers food consignments from Turkey and Egypt into the east and west of Libya. While WFP’s local cooperating partner, Sheikh Tahir Azzawi Charity Organisation (STACO) distributes in the west and south of Libya, LibAid distributes in eastern Libya.

Partnerships
• WFP is working with a third-party monitor, Voluntas, to provide updated information on cooperating partners’ distributions inside Libya. The monitors oversee planned distributions and collect in-country food security data in eastern, western and southern Libya.

WFP collaborates with the Libya UN Country Team and the Security Management Team to coordinate its activities with other United Nations agencies and to assess the political and security situation and the resulting impact on operations. WFP is currently exploring options to expand its operational partnership base and is conducting discussions with possible partners. WFP cooperating partners STACO and LibAid work closely with local crisis committees, which represent local communities.

Resourcing Update
• WFP has a net funding requirement of USD 11.7 million from July through to the end of 2016.

• To date, WFP Libya has received USD 10.8 million, or 36 percent, of its gross requirements for 2016. These funds have been used to purchase food for upcoming distributions. However without further funding, as of September, WFP will be severely limited in its capacity to deliver much-needed food assistance.

Contacts
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WFP Operation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WFP Operation</th>
<th>Total Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>Total Received (in USD)</th>
<th>6 Months Net Funding Requirements (in USD)</th>
<th>People Reached (current distribution cycle)</th>
<th>Female</th>
<th>Male</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMOP 200925 (total) (12 months)</td>
<td>30.3m</td>
<td>10.8m</td>
<td>11.7m</td>
<td>110 518*</td>
<td>54 452*</td>
<td>56 066*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Pending finalized distribution data for June 2016