

WFP Tanzania Country Brief August 2018

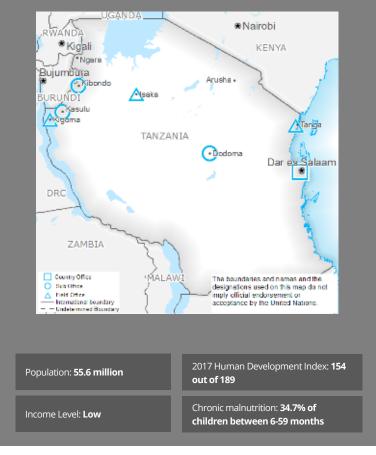
SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES



Operational Context

Tanzania is food self-sufficient at the national level. However, 74 percent of the population live in rural areas with 28 percent of the population living below the poverty line. Localised food deficits occur at regional, district and household levels mainly due to dependence on rain-fed agriculture and limited use of modern farming techniques. Over the last three years, Tanzania's economy has grown at a rate of 7 percent annually, driven mainly by telecommunications, financial services, transport and construction. The discovery of large reserves of natural gas and crude oil offers promise of a new and significant revenue stream for the Tanzanian economy.

WFP has been present in Tanzania since 1963.



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Further information: www.wfp.org/countries/Tanzania

In Numbers

50,000 smallholder farmers supported through work with Smallholder Farmers

46,000 pregnant and nursing women and children under the age of two supported with food distributions and nutrition sensitization

US\$4.6 m six months net funding requirements

298,000 refugees living in camps in Tanzania





Operational Updates

- Refugees: Rations were distributed at 90 percent of the recommended 2,100 kcal per person per day.
 WFP continues to fundraise with the aim to return to full rations as prolonged rations reductions have far-reaching and potentially life-altering consequences for refugees. Refugee repatriation is ongoing. As of 31 July 2018, a total of 40,287 refugees have been assisted to voluntarily repatriate since September 2017.
- Smallholder Farmers: Under Farm to Market Alliance, aggregation of maize for smallholder farmers began and is expected to continue through September. Almost 11,000 mt was aggregated through the end of August. For more information on Farm to Market Alliance check here.
- Innovation: WFP Tanzania is running a National Innovation Challenge in partnership with Dar Teknohama Business Incubator (DTBI) and President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR). Identified finalists can win grants, opportunities to pitch their innovations and the chance to pilot with WFP Tanzania. Challenge window closes 06 September. More information on the challenge is available <a href="https://example.com/here-new-matter-ne

WFP Tanzania will participate in the Lake Victoria Drone Challenge in partnership with World Bank. The challenge will promote leading drone technologies and practices, modernize supply chain operations, and convene local and global entrepreneurs, regional decision makers and strategic investors. Follow here for updates.

WFP Country Strategy



Country Strategic Plan (2017-2021) Total Requirement (in USD) Allocated Contributions (in USD) Six Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD) 343 m 98.6 m 4.6 m

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

Strategic Outcome 1: Refugees and other acutely food insecure people in Tanzania are able to meet their basic food and nutrition requirements in times of crisis.

Focus area: Crisis Response

Activities:

- Provide cash and/or food based transfers to refugees living in official camps.
- Provide evidence to the government and engage in policy dialogue.

Strategic Result 2: No one suffers from malnutrition

Strategic Outcome 2: Vulnerable populations in prioritized districts have improved nutritional status in line with national targets by 2021.

Focus area: Root Causes

Activities:

- Provide capacity strengthening to government entities involved in nutrition
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Strategic Result 3: Smallholders have improved food security and nutrition

Strategic Outcome 3: Targeted smallholders in prioritized districts will have increased access to agricultural markets by 2030.

Focus area: Root Causes

Activities:

- Provide value-chain support to smallholder farmers
- Promote climate-smart agriculture and crop diversification amongst smallholder farmers

Strategic Result 5: Countries have strengthened capacities to implement the SDGs

Strategic Outcome 4: Disaster management and social protection systems in Tanzania reliably address the basic food and nutrition needs of the poorest and most food-insecure populations throughout the year, including in times of crisis

Focus area: Resilience Building

Activities:

- Provide capacity support to government food security institutions
- Provide supply chain and IT capacity, expertise and services to partners

Strategic Result 8: Sharing of knowledge, expertise and technology, strengthen global partnership

Strategic Outcome 5: WFP and its partners in Tanzania and beyond are facilitated to foster, test, refine and scale up innovation that contributes to the achievement of the SDGs by 2030

Focus area: Resilience Building

Activities:

Provide innovation-focused support to partners and targeted beneficiaries

Operational Updates (continued)

- **Supply Chain:** WFP has continued utilization of the Lake Victoria transport corridor, dispatching six trains to Kampala with this route. This corridor reduces cost and transit time.
- In August, WFP dispatched a total of 14,000 mt of food to destinations within Tanzania and four other countries in the region.

Strategic Partnerships

- WFP is part of a consortium of stakeholders which supports food security for refugees residing in refugee camps in Tanzania. WFP's cooperating partners include: the UN Refugee Agency - UNHCR, World Vision Tanzania, Relief to Development Society (REDESO), Tanzania Red Cross Society, Danish Refugee Council, Caritas, Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) and Médecins Sans Frontières.
- WFP works with several line ministries and has formal partnerships with NGOs and local government authorities at the district level. Partners include: CEFA Tanzania Registered Trustees, Childreach Tanzania, Building Rural Income Through Enterprises (BRITEN), Rural Urban Development Initiative (RUDI), Private Agricultural Sector Support (PASS), Good Neighbours Tanzania, Norwegian Church Aid (NCA) and Agricultural Cooperative Development International and Volunteers in Overseas Cooperative Assistance (ACDI/VOCA), Save the Children and the district councils of: Kwimba, Misungwi, Magu, Nzega, Igunga, Chamwino, Singida Rural District Council, Bahi, Ikungi and Bunda.
- Kigoma Joint Programme: A UN Joint
 Programme has been developed by the WFP-led
 Resilience Thematic Results Group (TRG) under
 the United Nations Development Assistance Plan
 (UNDAP II). The programme, involving 16 UN
 agencies, targets refugee host communities in
 three districts. WFP is leading the agriculture
 sub-component.

Donors (2017/18)

Belgium, Canada, Denmark, European Union, France, Republic of Korea, One UN, USA, Germany, UK, Ireland, Global Learning XPRIZE and Sweden