

Highlights

- Even with the onset of the lean season, adequate market supply of staple food commodities has contributed to stability or reduction in the prices in July 2019 compared to April 2019. This is attributed to favourable market availability of supplies from 2018 harvest carryover stock. Traders and farmers who usually stock and sell during the cultivation period are releasing such stocks to earn income to hire labour, purchase inputs such as fertilizer, pesticides and seeds.
- In July, price of peanuts and red beans recorded a significant decrease compared to the past 3 months (April 2019) across most markets in Borno and Yobe States. For instance, the following decrease have been recorded for peanuts in Monday (-23%), Abbaganaram (-21.%), Kasuwan Shanu (-20%) and Budum(-17%) and for red beans in Potiskum (-48.3%), Nguru (-33.3%), Damaturu (-21.8%) and Geidam (-24.2%).
- Between June and July 2019, the cost of the Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB) for a family of 5 decreased by 2 percent from 16,491.93 Naira to 16,141.81 Naira in Maiduguri following decrease of food prices. However, in Damaturu, during the same period it increased by 1 percent from 11,679.15 Naira to 11,799.38 Naira. The slight increase of SMEB can be attributed to an increase in the retail price of maize flour and red beans indicating the onset of the lean season.
- Most conflict-affected households remain at heightened risk of food insecurity as depleted stocks at household level and diminished purchasing power limits access to available supplies in the market.

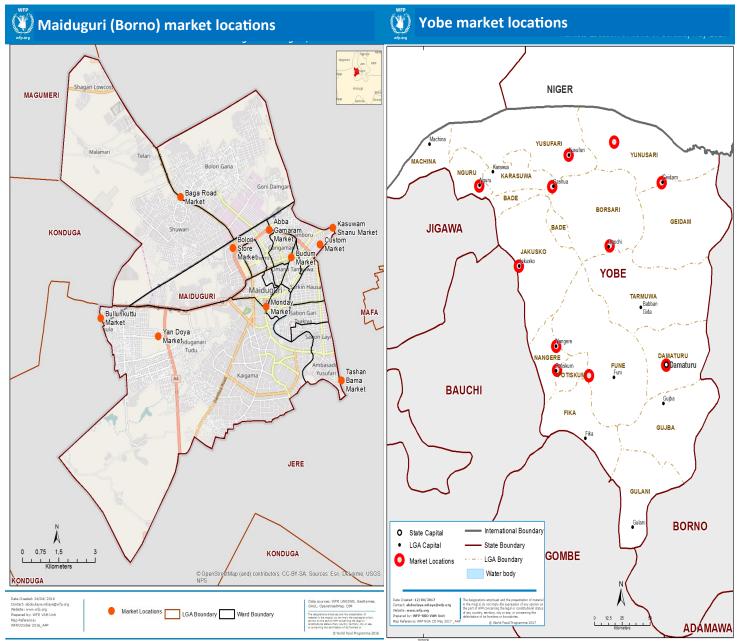
Introduction

Monitoring the prices of food commodities, is essential to understand market functionalities, as well as inform cash based interventions by providing accurate local information on changes in prices. On this premise, WFP undertakes a biweekly monitoring of food commodities to gauge how vulnerable and market-dependent households are affected by food price changes and the resulting impact of such changes on the cost of the food basket.

In Borno State, the monitored markets include Monday market, Abbaganaram, Budum, Kasuwan Shanu, Bullumkutu, Baga Road, Tashan Bama, Custom market. In Yobe State, Damaturu, Bursari, Gujba, Potiskum, Jakusko, Geidam, Yunusari, Yusufari, Bade, Nguru and Gulani markets were monitored (Figure 1).



Figure 1 Market price monitoring locations in Borno and Yobe States



Food basket monitoring

The Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB) outlines the minimum food items needed for survival of a household in a month. The basket comprises basic energy food requirements of 2,100 kilocalories per person per day and include food items like rice, maize, red beans, palm oil, vegetable oil, salt and sugar, consumed by the majority of households in the North East.

The cost of the Survival Minimum Expenditure Basket (SMEB) for a family of 5 decreased by 2 percent from 16,491.93 Naira to 16,141.81 Naira in Maiduguri between June and July 2019. However, in Damaturu, it increased by 1 percent from 11,679.15 Naira to 11,799.38 Naira. It is worthy of note that between May and June the cost of SMEB increased slightly by 5 percent in Damaturu and by 1 percent in MMC & Jere. The increase of SMEB in Maiduguri and Damaturu is attributed to an increase of the retail price of maize flour, peanuts and red beans indicating the onset of the lean season.

Table 1: Transfer value calculated for 5 household members in Maiduguri & Jere markets for one month

HOUSE	HOLD SIZE		5				
Food Item	gms/day/pp	Kc/day/pp	gms/HH/day	gms/HH/month	kg/HI/month	Price/kg-Naira (MPM)	Price/HHmonth (Naira)
Rice	150	540	750	22,500	22.50	480	10,800
Millet	0		0	0	0.00		0
Maize	250	913	1250	37,500	37.50	185	6,950
Beans	75	255	375	11,250	11.25	216	2,427
Palm oil	10	88	50	1,500	1.50	300	450
Groundnut	15	85	75	2,250	2.25	311	700
Sugar	10	39	50	1,500	1.50	421	632
G/nutoil/Veg Oil	20	177	100	3,000	3.00	300	900
Salt	5	0	25	750	0.75	89	67
Onion	8	3	40	1,200	1.20	112	134
Total		2,100					NGN 23,059.72
Cost food basket at 70%:	70%	1,470					NGN 16,141.81
		Percapita bas	ed on 70% tra	nsfer value			NGN 3,228.36

Table 2: Transfer value calculated for 5 household members in Damaturu markets for one month

HOU SE HOLD SIZE			5				
Food Item	gms/d ay/pp	Kc/day/pp	gm s/HH/d ay	gms/HH/m onth	kg/HH/m ont h	Price/kg-Naira (MPM)	Price/HH/mont h (Naira)
Rice	150	540	750	22,500	22.50	380	8,550
Millet	0		0	0	0.00		0
Maize	250	913	1250	37,500	37.50	108	4,050
Beans	75	255	375	11,250	11.25	172	1,935
Palm oil	10	88	50	1,500	1.50	188	281
Grou ndn ut	15	85	75	2,250	2.25	260	585
Sugar	10	39	50	1,500	1.50	360	540
G/nut oil/Veg Oil	20	177	100	3,000	3.00	225	675
Salt	5	0	25	750	0.75	160	120
Onion	8	3	40	1,200	1.20	100	120
Total		2,100					NGN 16,856.25
Costfood basketat 70%:	70%	1,470					NGN 11,799.38
Pero	apita ba	sed on 70%	trans fer va	lue	•		NGN 2,359.88

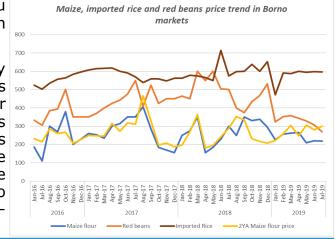
Main food price trends in Borno and Yobe markets

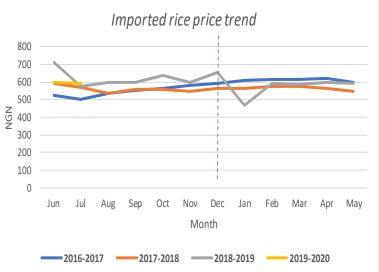
Overall, the prices of food commodities like sorghum, peanuts, red beans, imported rice and maize, either remained stable or declined across the monitored markets in Borno and Yobe states compared to the last three months (April 2019). The price decline is mainly attributed to favorable market supplies from the 2018 harvest carryover stock.

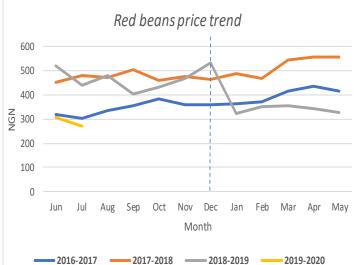
However, in July when compared to June 2019, the prices of local rice, maize flour and red beans increased in a few markets in Yobe State compared to Borno where food prices remained stable. The retail prices of red beans increased in Yunusari (22.5%), Geidam

(11.1%) and Damaturu (8.3%). In the same way, prices of maize flour increased in Damaturu (12.5%), Yunusari (7.7%) and Geidam (7.1%) on a month to month basis.

Figure 5: Depicts the nominal price of some key staples: maize flour, imported rice and red beans in monitored markets of Borno state. Maize flour prices are 24 percent lower than their 2018 prices in July, in the same vein the prices of red beans are 39 and 34 percent lower than their respective 2018 prices and two-year average price levels. The nominal price trend of imported rice is observed to have increased by 4 and 9 percent, than their respective 2018 and two year average price levels.







Maiduguri Markets Monitoring Update % Change in Deg

		a :	% Cha	nge in	Degree o	of
et		rice		nt price	change	
Market	Commodity	nt p	_	٤ -		ટ
≥		rre	ont	out	Month	out
		Cur	1 M	3 S	Ž	Σ̈́
	Peanuts (1.25 Kg)	385	-0.6%	-23.0%	4	4
	Maize flour (1.25 Kg)	150	0.0%	-40.0%	-	•
훋	Onion (Grams)	90	12.5%	-10.0%	1	4
ma	Palm oil (Litre)	400	0.0%	0.0%	3	=
a	Red beans (1.25 Kg)	250	-9.1%	-28.6%	•	₩
pu	Imported rice (1.25 Kg)	585	-2.5%	-2.5%	→	⇒>
Š	Local rice (1.25 Kg)	350	0.0%	0.0%	→	→
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	400	0.0%	0.0%	→	→
	Sorghum (1.25 Kg)	160	-3.0%	23.1%	→	Ŷ
					_	
	Peanuts (Kg)	395	1.9%	-21.0%	→ ¬	-
=	Maize flour (Kg)	150	0.0%	-31.8%	→	•
ırar	Onion (Grams)	100	5.3%	0.0%	Ŷ	5
ana	Palm oil (Litre)	350	-12.5%	-12.5%	•	•
Ğ	Red beans (Kg)	285	3.6%	-18.6%	⇒ ⇒	-
opa	Imported rice (Kg)	600	0.0%	0.0%	→ ¬	⇒
A	Local rice (Kg)	350	0.0%	0.0%	→	5
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	350	-12.5%	-12.5%	•	•
	Sorghum (1.25 Kg)	150	-6.3%	15.4%	-	T
	D (1/4.)	200	1.00/	44.40/		
	Peanuts (Kg)	390	4.0%	11.4%	→ JL	71
<u>é</u>	Maize flour (Kg)	235	-6.0%	-32.9%	•	JL.
nar	Onion (Grams)	90	9.1%	-40.0%	1r →	T.
둳	Palm oil (Litre)	415	3.8%	-30.8%	J.	T.
309	Red beans (Kg)	260	-20.0%	-25.7%	→	
Baga Road market	Imported rice (Kg) Local rice (Kg)	600 350	0.0%	0.0% -12.5%	→ →	JL.
Bag	Vegetable oil (Litre)	420	5.0%	-30.0%	→	T
	Sorghum (1.25 Kg)	140	-1.8%	-6.7%	→	4
	Sorgitum (1.23 Ng)	140	-1.0/0	-0.770		
	Peanuts (Kg)	415	-1.2%	-17.0%	=	J.
	Maize flour (Kg)	267	4.6%	6.7%	→	⇒
cet	Onion (Grams)	100	5.3%	0.0%	1	→
ar	Palm oil (Litre)	370	-1.3%	-7.5%	→	4
E	Red beans (Kg)	280	-20.0%	-6.7%	- J	→
<u>5</u>	Imported rice (Kg)	595	1.3%	-0.8%	→	⇒
gno	Local rice (Kg)	360	-4.0%	20.0%	→	1
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	360	-4.0%	-10.0%	→	•
	Sorghum (1.25 Kg)	135	0.0%	3.8%	→>	⇒
	Price increase above no	rmal price		_		

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		% Cha	nge in	Degree	of						
et	rice		t price	change							
Market	Currrent p	1 Month	3 Months	1 Month	3 Months						
	420	-1%	20.0%	=>	Ŷ						
et	235	-6%	-21.7%	•	•						
ark	100	0%	0.0%	-	-						
E	435	9%	-27.5%	•	4						
ま	290	-14%	-27.5%	•	4						
粪	600	0%	0.0%	-	-						
₽	395	2%	-12.2%	-	•						
B	450	6%	-25.0%	1	•						
	155	2%	-22.5%	-	•						
	370	-1%	6%	→	→						
	225	0%	-10%	\Rightarrow	-						
<u>se</u>	80	14%	-20%	1	4						
nar	420	5%	5%	-	-						
u u	260	-17%	-26%	•	4						
ţ	600	0%	0%	=	⇒						
ğ	410	-4%	3%	-	→						
	420	5%	5%	-	-						
	130	6%	8%	1	→						
	400	0%	-20%	→	1						
	258	-2%	3%	-	-						
auı	100	0%	0%	\Rightarrow	-						
S	345	-5%	-14%	-	4						
/an	245	-13%	-18%	•	4						
Vn.	595	0%	-1%	→	-						
Kas	365	-1%	4%	⇒	⇒						
	370	-5%	-8%	→	→						
	135	-2%	4%	\Rightarrow	-						
				_							
	360	-4%	3%	->>	-						
	230	2%	-8%	-	-						
ma	75	7%	-25%	1	4						
ashan Bama	400	0%	0%	→>	=>						
an	290	-3%	-17%	=>	4						
ash	600	0%	0%	→	=>						
Ë	410	-4%	3%	=>	=>						
	400	0%	0%	=>	=>						
	125	2%	4%	=>	=						
	Price fluctuation is considered normal if										

Price increase above normal price fluctuation

Normal Price Fluctuation

Price decrease below normal price fluctuation

Prices in Naira

Price fluctuation is considered normal if price change is within 5% for 1 month or within 10% for 3 months



(1)	Yobe Markets Monitoring Update								July 2019				
ket		No.		nange in Degree of ent price change			ket	price		nge in It price	Degree change	of	
Market		Currrent	1 Month	3 Months	1 Month	3 Months		Market	Currrent price	1 Month	3 Months	1 Month	3 Months
	Peanuts (1.25 Kg)	250	-16.7%	-13.0%	4	•			300	0.0%	0.0%	→	-
	Maize flour (1.25 Kg)	120	-20.0%	-49.5%	•	•			120	-31.4%	-4.0%	•	\Rightarrow
	Onion (Grams)	100	100.0%	0.0%	1	→			40	-11.1%	-60.0%	•	•
Potiskum	Palm oil (Litre)	300	0.0%	0.0%	→	→		5	300	0.0%	-3.2%	-	\Rightarrow
isk	Red beans (1.25 Kg)	155	3.3%	-48.3%	=	•		Nguru	200	-9.1%	-33.3%	•	4
Po	Imported rice (1.25 Kg)	450	-4.3%	0.0%	-	4		Z	425	0.0%	-5.6%	-	\Rightarrow
	Local rice (1.25 Kg)	350	-6.0%	-6.7%	4	4			290	-17.1%	-17.1%	4	•
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	290	-9.4%	-6.5%	•	4			250	-2.0%	-13.8%	-	4
	Yam (1 tuber)	375	-25.0%	-6.3%	•	=			325	-13.3%	8.3%	•	-
	Peanuts (1.25 Kg)	325	8.3%	-7.1%	1	4			300	-7.7%	0.0%	4	-
	Maize flour (1.25 Kg)	135	12.5%	-20.6%	1	•			150	7.1%	20.0%	1	1
٦.	Onion (Grams)	100	33.3%	100.0%	•	1			75	50.0%	-25.0%	•	4
5	Palm oil (Litre)	250	-16.7%	-16.7%	•	₩		E	350	0.0%	6.1%	-	-
Damaturu	Red beans (1.25 Kg)	215	10.3%	-21.8%	1	•		Geidam	250	11.1%	-24.2%	1	4
Dar	Imported rice (1.25 Kg)	475	-5.0%	-5.0%	1	=		g	450	0.0%	7.1%	⇒	\Rightarrow
	Local rice (1.25 Kg)	325	8.3%	-7.1%	1	=			350	0.0%	0.0%	→	\Rightarrow
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	250	-16.7%	-16.7%	•	•			300	0.0%	0.0%	-	\Rightarrow
	Yam (1 tuber)	375	66.7%	-6.3%	1	•			350	0.0%	-30.0%	-	•
							ļ l						
	Peanuts (1.25 Kg)	300	-9.1%	0.0%	•	=			300	0.0%	-4.0%	→	\Rightarrow
	Maize flour (1.25 Kg)	125	-3.8%	-3.8%	→	→			140	7.7%	-6.7%	1	-
	Onion (Grams)	90	50.0%	80.0%	1	1		<u> </u>	80	-20.0%	6.7%	•	-
iari	Palm oil (Litre)	350	75.0%	0.0%	1	4		sari	350	0.0%	-12.5%	-	•
Yusufari	Red beans (1.25 Kg)	250	-9.1%	0.0%	4	4		Yunusari	350	22.5%	-6.7%	1	\Rightarrow
¥	Imported rice (1.25 Kg)	450	0.0%	5.9%	-	→		Ϋ́	245	3.3%	9.4%	→	\Rightarrow
	Local rice (1.25 Kg)	370	12.1%	5.7%	•	→			350	16.7%	3.7%	1	→>
	Vegetable oil (Litre)	300	0.0%	0.0%	→	-			300	0.0%	-14.3%	-	•
	Yam (1 tuber)	500	0.0%	53.8%	-	介			600	-14.3%	26.3%	•	Ŷ
1	Price increase above nor	mal price	fluctuation	1						Price fluct	uation is c	onsidered r	ormal if
\Rightarrow	Normal Price Fluctuation		Prices in Naira price change is within 5% for 1 month										

Conclusion

In July, most prices of food commodities remained stable or declined compared to the past 3 months (April 2019) after favorable market supplies from 2018 harvest carryover stock. However a slight seasonal increase has been recorded between June and July which would likely affect capacity to meet food needs for market dependent household with low purchasing power.



Price decrease below normal price fluctuation

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within 10% for 3 months

