Field Procedures

Objectives of the module

By the end of this module, you will be able to:

- Describe field procedures for a typical data collection day, from pre-departure to leaving the survey area.
- Document cluster-specific notes using a Cluster Control Form.
- Manage the most common special cases that might be encountered in the field.

Group Exercise: Procedures in the Field

- 1. Preparation: What to do before arriving in the field?
- **2. Arrival in the village**: What to do upon arriving at the village?
- 3. Selection of households: Methods (brief recap).
- **4. Data Collection**: What to do once at the HH?
- **5. Leaving the field**: What to do before leaving the survey area?

Step 1: Pre-departure Preparation

What to do before getting to the survey area?

- Calibrate measurement tools.
- Equipment functioning.
- Printing of all questionnaires and referral forms (2 copies).
- All material packed in vehicles.
- Vehicles well equipped.
- Accommodation booked, if necessary.
- □ Trip **details**, cell phones and contact information.

Expect the unexpected!



Step 2: Arrival in Village

What to do upon arriving at the village?

- Meet with the chief/village representative.
- Explain what the survey is about & objectives.
- Explain the methodology for selecting the households and children to survey.
- Explain what data is collected and how it will be collected.

Step 3: Household Selection

- One of the two methods can be used to select households in the field:
 - ■Simple random sampling.
 - ■Segmentation followed by simple random sampling.

The method of selecting households is defined a priori.

Household Definition

- Decide on a "<u>statistical</u> household" with local context in mind.
 - E.g.: "A person or a group of persons, related or unrelated, who live together and share a common source of food" (DHS Tanzania)
- ☐ Other examples:
 - Those who contribute to the common economy of the HH.
 - Those who sleep under the same roof for the past 3 days.

The HH definition must be defined **BEFORE** the start of the survey.

Step 4: Data Collection

What to do once in the household?

- Explain the **objective** and the **purpose** of the survey.
- Ask informed consent.
- Start with the least sensitive information.
- Measure ALL eligible children living in the household.
- Refer children to a clinic/ hospital in cases of severe and moderate malnutrition.
- Complete the cluster control form.

Cluster Control Form Template

CLUSTER CONTROL FORM

Province:	District:	Village/Camp:	Cluster #:	Team number:
Date of sampling:	/ /			

HH	Head of HH name	First Visit Outcome 1 = completed 2 = partly completed 3 = refused 4 = absent*	Number of eligible children	Number of eligible children measured	Household needs to be revisited Yes or No	Household re-visited Yes or No	Second Visit Outcome (If necessary) 1 = completed 2 = partly completed 3 = refused 4 = absent	Comments
1								
2								
3								
4								
5				3				
6								
7		3				3		
8								
9						55		
10								
11								
12								

^{*} If household or eligible child are absent, team should re-revisit the household once before leaving the village to conduct the interview and/or measure the child.

Step 5: End of data collection

- Revisit any household in which a child or the whole family was absent at the first attempt at least once before leaving the village.
- Team leader reviews and signs all forms.
- Make sure all the equipment is in the vehicle.
- Thank the chief of the village or the representative for their collaboration.

Special Cases

- Polygamous families
- Compounds
- Not possible to visit the selected household
- No children in the household
- Empty house (Absent versus Abandoned)
- Absent children
- Children with disability/handicap
- Child in a centre/institution

Polygamous families

- Clear definition of « household » should be agreed upon in planning stage of the survey.
 - → Use the common definition to determine the number of households in a polygamous family.
- If a polygamous family contains different households, each household should be included separately in the list for household selection.

Compounds

- Once again, a precise definition of households helps determine the number of HHs in each compound.
- When building the list for households prior to data collection, team leaders should:
 - Explain the meaning of HH used in the survey to local authorities or representatives.
 - Include all HH of the village in the list; avoid including only compounds.

Not possible to visit selected HH

- □ Refusal.
- □ Re-direction of team to include particular HH and omit others.
- □ Access.

What to do?

- □ Proceed to the next **selected** HH.
- DO NOT REPLACE THE HOUSEHOLD WITH ANOTHER ONE!

In calculating the survey size, we account for the fact that some households will not have eligible children.

No Children in the Household

- Complete the cluster control form:
 - Record the household number.
 - Note that the number of eligible children was zero (0).
- If combined survey, collect the household related data.
- DO NOT REPLACE THE HOUSEHOLD WITH ANOTHER ONE!

Abandoned vs. Absent Households

Absent Household

Household recently inhabited but is currently empty.

Ex. some members have slept there the previous night but were absent on the day of the survey.

Abandoned Household

Generally, abandoned households have not been occupied for a long period of time.

Abandoned Household

IGNORE ABANDONED HOUSEHOLDS.

- **Skip house** and **continue to the next household** if doing systematic random sampling or choose a replacement household from the Random Number Table if doing simple random sampling. Do NOT fill out *Cluster Control form*.
- Remove all abandoned households before HH selection. They should not be included on the list of households.

Absent Household

- DO NOT REPLACE ABSENT HOUSEHOLD.
 - Fill in the Cluster Control form as absent and continue to the next household according to the sampling procedure.
- Team should return to the HH before leaving the village, to see if residents are back.

Absent Child

- If a child is absent at the time of the survey, record it on the questionnaire.
- Fill out the *Cluster Control form* indicating that eligible child was not measured.
- If combined survey, collect the other household related data.
- Tell the mother that you will return later that day continue to look for missing children until your departure from the survey area.

Child with Disability/Handicap

- Include disabled children who are eligible.
- Determine if it is possible to measure all anthropometry indicators:
 - If not possible to measure height and weight, then give an ID number, record data as missing and report the reason.
 - All other data that is not influenced by the disability should be collected.
- If combined survey, collect the other household related data.

Child in a Center/Institution

- Record that a child is absent because they are at a nutrition or health centre.
- Try to find out about the nature of disease is it related to malnutrition?
- Collect all other information
 - Measure the other eligible children in the household.
 - If combined survey collect the other household related data.