

SYRIA COUNTRY OFFICE

MARKET PRICE WATCH BULLETIN
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Highlights

o The national average price of a standard reference food basket remains relatively stable in July 2019 and is SYP 24,652 (USD 57 at the official exchange rate).

o The national average informal exchange rate continues to increase in July reaching SYP 597/USD 1, up 1.4 percent m-o-m. The Syrian Pound has depreciated on the informal market by 36 percent compared to July 2018 levels.

o The price of a standard referential food basket in Rukban is SYP 64,460 in July 2019 which is 161 percent higher than the national average for the same month and 182 percent higher than the average in Damascus.

o ToT between livestock and wheat flour is 412 kg/sheep (up four percent m-o-m) highlighting an improvement in purchasing power for livestock owners who could buy on average four percent more kgs of wheat compared to June 2019.

o Five governorates report m-o-m percent decreases in diesel prices with a further five governorates reporting no change in m-o-m diesel prices.

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Standard Food Basket

In July 2019, the national average price of a reference standard food basket¹ remains stable at SYP 24,652 compared to June (Chart 1). The reference national average food basket price has remained relatively stable over the past six to 12 months (up by four percent since July 2018).

Throughout Syria, five out of 14 governorates report an increasing average reference food basket price in July, with the highest month-on-month (m-o-m) increase in As-Sweida (up seven percent) followed by Rural Damascus (up five percent). Three governorates report no month-on-month (m-o-m) change and six more governorates report a decrease in the average reported reference food basket price (Quneitra, Lattakia, Homs and Dar'a down by one percent; Aleppo down by two percent and Al-Hasakeh down by 12 percent) - Figure 1.

Lowest reported average food basket price in July is in Al-Hasakeh at SYP 22,600, followed by Damascus at SYP 22,835 and by Aleppo at SYP 23,190. Conversely, the highest average food basket price is still reported in Deir-ez-Zor at SYP 28,390, followed by Ar-Raqqa at SYP 26,460 then Dar'a at SYP 26,170.

The year-on-year (y-o-y) trend shows that price increases continue to be observed across most governorates. The y-o-y food basket national average increase was four percent compared to July 2018 with nine out of 14 governorates witnessing an increase in the average food basket price. The largest y-o-y increases in average food basket price are recorded in Al-Hasakeh (16 percent), Ar-Raqqa (14 percent) and As-Sweida (10 percent). On the other hand, Deir-ez-Zor, Lattakia and Quneitra reported a y-o-y average food basket price decrease of six percent. A y-o-y decrease of one percent is reported in Damascus.

Chart 1: National min., max. and average food basket cost, SYP

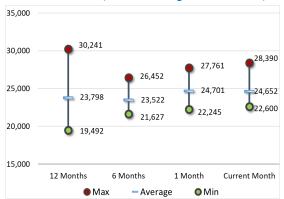
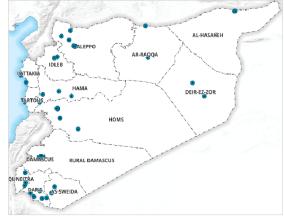


Figure 1: Food basket cost and changes, SYP

Governorate	Price July 2019		1 mont	th change	6 montl	ns changes	12 months changes			
Aleppo		23,190	-2%		6%		3%			
Damascus		22,835	0%		6%		-1%			
Dar'a	SYP	26,170	-1%		9%		5%			
Deir-ez-Zor	SYP	28,390	2%		7%		-6%			
Hama	SYP	24,570	0%		-2%		9%			
Al-Hasakeh	SYP	22,600	-12%		4%		16%			
Homs	SYP	24,580	-1%		-1%		7%			
Idleb	SYP	23,990	1%		4%		5%			
Lattakia		25,290	-1%		4%		-6%			
Ar-Raqqa	SYP	26,460	1%		9%		14%			
Rural Damascus	SYP	23,300	5%		3%		0%			
As-Sweida	SYP	24,425	7%		10%		10%			
Tartous	SYP	25,190	0%		5%		5%			
Quneitra	SYP	24,165	-1%		3%		-6%			
Average	SYP	24,655	0%		5%		4%			

Map 1: Location of markets monitored by WFP



1. The standard food basket is a group of essential food commodities. In Syria, the food basket is set at a group of dry goods providing 1,930 kcal a day for a family of five during a month. The basket includes 37 kg bread, 19 kg rice, 19 kg lentils, 5 kg of sugar, and 7 litres of vegetable oil

Rukban food security situation

Rukban is a makeshift settlement in Syria near the northeast of Jordan, close to the Syria-Iraq border (Map 2). In early 2019 there were an estimated 40,000 people remaining in Rukban.

Between February – April 2019, WFP through SARC assisted the return of around 15,000 people from Rukban with the provision of ready-to-eat (RTE) meals. Under 15,000 people are currently (July 2019) estimated to still be stranded in Rukban.

In July 2019 WFP conducted a rapid food security assessment using a representative sample, which found the food security situation to be dire in Rukban. Over 94 percent of the interviewed people were found to be food insecure (14,100 people in need out of 15,000). Out of these, 65 percent

Map 2: Rukban settlement on the Syrian-side of the border with Jordan SYRIA

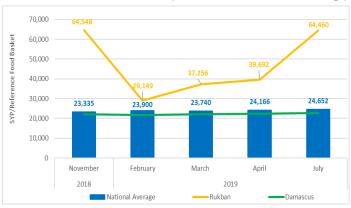
(9,165 people) were moderately food insecure and 35 percent (4,935 people) were severely food insecure.

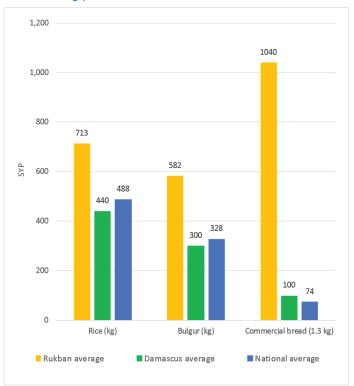
The percentage of interviewed households reporting inadequate food con- Chart 2: Reference Food Basket Prices (Rukban, Damascus & National Average) sumption (poor & borderline food consumption score), an indicator measuring food intake over seven days before the survey, increased from 88 percent in March/April to 93 percent in July. Furthermore, in July, 96 percent of respondents reported resorting to emergency coping strategies, compared to 43 percent in March/April. The increase is likely a result of limited financial access to purchasing food which is further evidenced by a very low household food expenditure share out of total expenditure. High food prices and the multiple priority needs for households (such as paying back loans/ credit, cooking fuel/firewood and buying water) has meant that households in Rukban are sacrificing food intake faced with limited financial options.

Many families reported consuming on average one meal per day with bread, rice and bulgur being the top three staples. Most families reported not eating meat in the past one to two years and children did not consume milk or Chart 3: July prices comparison (Rukban average, Damascus average and other dairy products except occasionally local cheese. Widely used negative National Average) consumption-based coping strategies include: relying on less preferred food, limiting meal portion sizes and reducing number of meals per day. Around half of the interviewed households reported skipping entire days without eating at least once in the seven days prior to the survey.

There was a sudden reduction in the recorded average price of a reference food basket in Rukban in February 2019 compared to November 2018 prices. The 55 percent reduction in price was likely a result of the general food assistance provided to Rukban residents in February 2018. Nevertheless, since February the price of an average reference food basket has steadily increased to SYP 64,460, up 62 percent over five months, reaching similar levels as recorded in November 2018 (Chart 2).

The average reference food basket price in Rukban is now 161 percent higher than the national average in the same month and 182 percent higher than in Damascus. The price of rice in Rukban (SYP 713/kg) is 46 percent higher than the national average and 62 percent higher than the average price in Damascus just 300 kms away, highlighting the impact of limited trade and high demand on food prices. Furthermore, the price of commercial bread (SYP1,040 SYP/1.3kg) is 752 percent above the national average and 940 percent above the average price in Damascus for the same month (July 2019) - Chart 3. As a result, WFP in coordination with SARC, is preparing GFA distributions in Rukban in August/September 2019.





Retail prices of staple cereals

Wheat Flour

In July 2019, the national average retail price of wheat flour across Syria's main markets decreases to SYP 279/Kg, down by approximately 3 percent m-o-m. Deir-ez-Zor reported the highest m-o-m decrease by 14 percent, followed by Hama at 13 percent then Al-Hasakeh at 10 percent. The highest average recorded wheat price was in As-Sweida at SYP 373/Kg with As-Sweida also reporting the highest m-o-m increase at 13 percent. Broken down by accessibility, hard-to-reach areas report a decrease of six percent m-o-m yet have the highest retail price at SYP 294/Kg (Chart 4). Idleb, reported the lowest wheat flour price at SYP 183/Kg.

Rice

The national average retail price of Egyptian white rice is SYP 488/Kg in July 2019, a decrease of one percent from last month. The highest average price was reported in Ar-Raqqa at SYP 573/Kg and the lowest average price was reported in Idleb at SYP 367/Kg. The highest m-o-m price increase is reported in As-Sweida at 17 percent followed by Rural Damascus at six percent, while the biggest decrease is in Al-Hasakeh at 23 percent. Accessible areas reported the highest average price at SYP 501/Kg with a decrease by one percent from last month, while hard-to-reach areas reported the largest m-o-m increase by three percent (Chart 5).

Bulgur

The national average price of bulgur is SYP 328/Kg which is an increase of three percent from June 2019. The highest m-o-m increase in price was reported in Rural Damascus (up 11 percent), followed by Ar-Raqqa (up 9 percent), while the highest price is in As-Sweida (SYP 510/Kg). On the other hand, the highest decrease in bulgur price is in Tartous (down 5 percent), while the lowest price was reported in Idleb (SYP 242/Kg). Hard-to-reach areas reported the highest average bulgur prices by accessibility at SYP 344/Kg with an increase of nine percent from last month (Chart 6).

Bread

In July 2019, nine governorates reported public bread price of SYP 50/bundle (1.3kg) while four governorates report an average of SYP 85/bundle. The national average price of public bread (government subsidized bread) increased by six percent m-o-m to reach SYP 74/bundle in July 2019 while it increased by five percent since January 2019 and decreased by nine percent from July 2018 (Chart 7). Dar'a reports the highest public bread price at SYP 106/bundle, followed by Aleppo at SYP 103/bundle. Hard-to-reach areas report a decrease in public bread prices by 11 percent from last month. Additionally, the national average price of commercial bread across Syrian markets is SYP 122/bundle (1.3 kg), reducing by two percent m-o-m (Chart 8); however, remaining 65 percent higher than the average national subsidized bread price. For commercial bread, Idleb recorded the highest price at SYP 225/bundle followed by Aleppo at SYP 221/bundle. Hama, Homs and Tartous continue to report the lowest average price of commercial bread at SYP 75/bundle.

Chart 4: Retail Prices of Wheat Flour, SYP

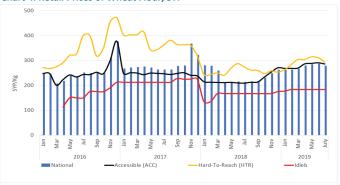


Chart 5: Retail Prices of Rice, SYP



Chart 6: Retail Prices of Bulgur, SYP

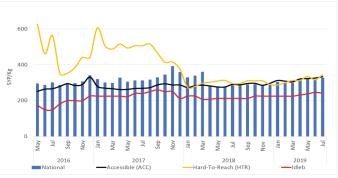


Chart 7: Retail Prices of Subsidized Bread, SYP

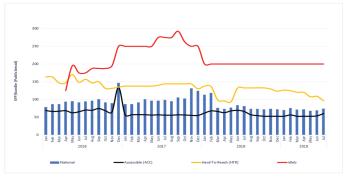
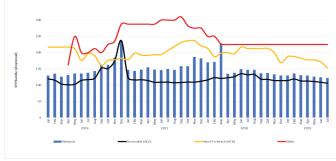


Chart 8: Retail Prices of Commercial Bread, SYP



Exchange rates

The official exchange rate between the Syrian Pound and the US Dollar has remained unchanged at SYP 434 since late 2017. Meanwhile the national average informal market exchange rate continues its increase. In July, the national average informal exchange rate is SYP 597/USD, up 1.4 percent from June 2019 (Table 1). Since July 2018, the Syrian Pound has depreciated by 36 percent on the informal market. Reasons behind the continued depreciation of the Syrian Pound vs. USD are multi-fold and are primarily thought to relate to low USD reserves in country and increased sanctions on Syria's key trading partners, hereby alimenting volatility and uncertainty on the country's financial market. Additionally, the yearly rate of change for the currency depreciation on the informal market is increasing. The y-o-y percent change is 36 percent in July compared to 34 percent in June and 31 percent in May, highlighting a worsening economic outlook for local consumers.

Cereal wholesale prices

In July, the national average wholesale price of cereals remained unchanged for wheat grain (SYP 208,308/MT), while it decreased by three percent for rice (SYP 386,179 MT) and increased by eight percent for bulgur (SYP 277,003 MT). Using the Syrian Central Bank's official exchange rate of SYP 434 per USD, this translates to US\$ 480/MT for wheat grain, US\$ 890/MT for Egyptian white rice and US\$ 638/MT for bulgur grain (Table 2). In comparison, the wholesale price of wheat on international markets is US\$ 196/MT, 59 percent lower than in Syria.

Diesel and butane gas prices

Diesel prices continue decreasing reaching SYP 301/litre, down 11 percent from last month (Chart 9). Five governorates reported m-o-m percent decreases in diesel prices with a further five governorates reporting no change on m-o-m diesel prices, highlighting possible relaxed pressure around diesel price levels. Dar'a reported the highest decrease from last month (down by 27 percent) followed by Aleppo (down by 25 percent) and Quneitra (down by 21 percent). Moreover, lowest average diesel prices were reported in Al-Hasakeh (SYP 82/litre) where the price of diesel is consistently well below the national average price. The highest average price for diesel is reported in As-Sweida at SYP 642/litre which is more than twice the national average. Broken-down by accessibility, the lowest average diesel price is found in hard-to-reach areas at SYP 221/litre (down by 2 percent from last month). Accessible areas reported the highest average diesel price at SYP 315/litre (down by 12 percent from last month). Idleb reported an increase of six percent compared to last month, reaching SYP 288/litre.

The national average price of one butane gas cylinder refill remains relatively unchanged m-o-m (SYP 4,103). Prices have dropped by 13 percent since January 2019 due to reduced demand on butane gas during summer months. Accessible areas reported SYP 3,893/refill (down one percent m-o-m), hard-to-reach areas reported SYP 4,513/refill (up three percent m-o-m), while Idleb remains stable at SYP 5,650/refill (Chart 10).

Table 1: Informal market exchange rate, 1 USD to SYP

Governorate	July 2019	% change	% change (y
	,	(m-o-m)	о-у)
Aleppo	594	1.6%	35%
Al-Hasakeh	604	2.9%	37%
Ar-Raqqa	604	4.8%	37%
As-Sweida	600	1.4%	36%
Damascus	599	1.7%	34%
Dar'a	589	0%	41%
Deir-ez-Zor	598	3%	NA
Hama	600	0.7%	37%
Homs	600	0.8%	37%
Idleb	603	2.9%	36%
Lattakia	598	-0.4%	37%
Quneitra	592	0.7%	35%
Rural Damascus	592	0.4%	33%
Tartous	593	-0.8%	33%
National average	597	1.4%	36%
Official rate	434	0%	0%

Table 2: National average wholesale prices for wheat, bulgur and rice, SYP and USD using official exchange rate, 1 MT

Commodity (1 MT)	July Prices (SYP)	July Prices (USD)	% Change (m-o-m)
Wheat grain	208,308	480	0%
Bulgur	277,003	638	8%
Rice	386,179	890	-3%

Chart 9: Diesel Price

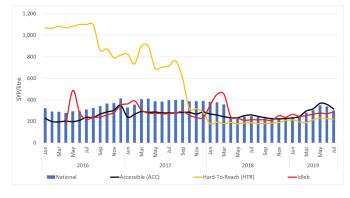
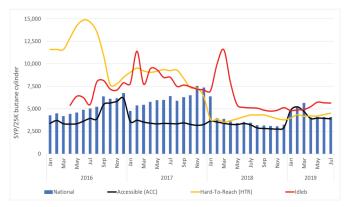


Chart 10: Butane Gas price



Terms of Trade (ToT)²

ToT between wage labour and wheat flour

The national average non-skilled labour wage is SYP 2,422 in July 2019 (up four percent m-o-m). The wage rate is 21 percent above its y-o-y level and 16 percent above the levels recorded in January 2018 (Chart 11).

Seven out of 14 governorates reported unchanged m-o-m daily unskilled wage levels in July. Daily non-skilled wages were reported highest in Aleppo (SYP 5,125/day, up by 24 percent m-o-m), followed by Tartous (SYP 4,000/day, unchanged m-o-m) and are still the lowest in Al-Hasakeh at SYP 1,450/day followed by As-Sweida at SYP 1,492/day (up one percent m-o-m).

Between December 2016 and July 2018, the continued increase in casual labour wage rates and the general reduction in wheat flour prices saw a progressive improvement in the casual labourer's purchasing power vis-à -vis wheat flour. However, since July 2018, wheat prices have been outpacing the increase in labour wages. Thus, by July 2019, the national average daily unskilled labour could only purchase 8.7 kg of wheat flour, representing a fall of 7 percent y-o-y (Chart 12).

ToT between sheep and wheat flour

In July 2019, the national average price of a two-year old alive male sheep increased to SYP 115,016/sheep, up one percent m-o-m (Chart 13). Dar'a continues to report the highest average price across Syria at SYP 150,000/sheep (down one percent m-o-m) followed by Lattakia at SYP 137,000/sheep (down two percent m-o-m) and Tartous at SYP 134,250/ sheep (down two percent m-o-m).

Al-Hasakeh continues to report the lowest average price for an alive two-year old male sheep at SYP 83,333 (up one percent m-o-m) followed by Deir-ez-Zor at SYP 87,083 (up four percent m-o-m) and Aleppo at SYP 89,908 (down 9 percent m-o-m). The increases across the country in sheep prices coincide with preparing for Eid Al Adha when there is an increase in the demand for sheep. Eid Al Adha takes place from 11 August to 14 August 2019.

In July 2019, the ToT between an alive two-year old male sheep and wheat flour is 412 kg/sheep (up four percent m-o-m). Highlighting an improvement in the exchange for livestock owners who could buy on average four percent more kgs of wheat compared to June 2019.

To note, both wheat flour prices and livestock prices have seen significant increases in 2018 and 2019. The wheat harvest season concluded in July 2019 which would have consequently meant a decrease in the price. However, the increase in the price of wheat flour across the country is largely driven by increasing transport costs, and depreciation in the currency making imports more expensive. Additionally, the increase in livestock prices is largely due to the increasing demand for livestock preparing for Eid.

Chart 11: Daily wage for unskilled labour, SYP

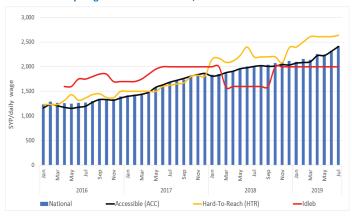


Chart 12: Terms of Trade (ToT) between wheat flour and wage labour



Chart 13: Price of livestock, SYP/one 2Y old sheep

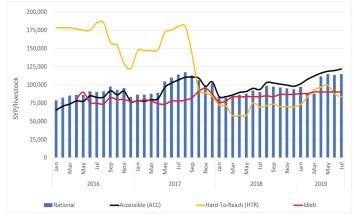
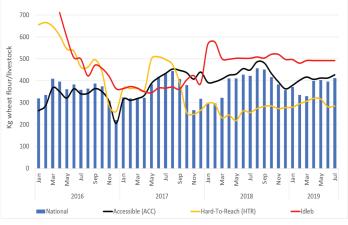


Chart 14: Terms of Trade (ToT) between wheat flour and the price of a 2Y old sheep



^{2.} The ToT are proxy indicators of the purchasing power of households that rely on livestock and/or casual labour as their main source of income for the purchase of cereals from local markets. ToT are important components of food security analysis. Changes in the terms of trade between wages/livestock and staple food commodities are indicative of the trends in purchasing power and the impact on the food security situation of households dependent on food purchases through income from daily wage labour and/or the sale of livestock.

Table 3. Market Price of Main Commodities in Syrian Pounds: October 2018																	
			Price	Price	Price	Average	Average	Average				Price	Price	Price	Average	Average	Average
Commodity	Governorate	Current	change	change	change	Change	Change	Change		Governorate	Current	change	change	change	Change	Change	Change
,		Price	1M (%)	6 M (%)	12 M (%)	1M	6 M	12 M			Price	1M (%)	6 M (%)	12 M (%)	1M	6 M	12 M
	Aleppo	103	-16	-1	-1	\downarrow	4	V		Aleppo	975	2	17	18	1	1	1
	Damascus	50	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Damascus	942	-2	-	0		\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>
	Dar'a	106	55	70	-17	1	1	\downarrow		Dar'a	913	-1	8	11	→	1	1
	Deir-ez-Zor	50	-	-43	-50	\leftrightarrow	V	\downarrow		Deir-ez-Zor	942	-3	9	1	\downarrow	1	1
s kg	Hama	50	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Hama	1,000	-	11	25	\leftrightarrow	1	1
Bread Public (1.3 kg)	Al-Hasakeh	63	25	25	25	1	1	<u> </u>	<u> 60</u>	Al-Hasakeh	767	-	21	29	\leftrightarrow	1	<u> </u>
blic	Homs	50	-		-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	Date (kg)	Homs	1,000	-	11	25	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
d Pu	Idleb Lattakia	200 50	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	↔	\leftrightarrow	Dat	Idleb	767 1,000	-15 -	5	7	<u>↓</u>	↑	<u>↑</u>
reac	Quneitra	50	-	-	- -57	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Lattakia Quneitra	914	2	4	5	→	→	<u>↑</u>
8	Ar-Ragga	68	_	4	4	\leftrightarrow	1	<u> </u>		Ar-Ragga	850	-	21	34	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Rural Damascus	50	-	-25	-	\leftrightarrow	→	\leftrightarrow		Rural Damascus	1,000	-	9	12	\leftrightarrow	<u>, </u>	<u> </u>
	As-Sweida	50	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		As-Sweida	1,221	1	20	29	1	1	1
	Tartous	50	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Tartous	1,000	-	-	14	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	1
	Aleppo	221	-9	-12	-14	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow		Aleppo	275	-25	-9	3	↓	↓	1
	Damascus	100	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Damascus	369	1	52	87	<u> </u>	1	1
	Dar'a	125	-29	-25	-33	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Dar'a	314	-27	18	-21	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	↓
(B)	Deir-ez-Zor Hama	130 75	-9 -	-26	-42	$\overset{\downarrow}{\leftrightarrow}$	\rightarrow \leftrightarrow	\rightarrow \leftrightarrow		Deir-ez-Zor Hama	230 225	-9 -	10	-	\rightarrow \leftrightarrow	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u> ↔
(1.3 kg)	Al-Hasakeh	150	_	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Al-Hasakeh	82	-	-4	-13	\leftrightarrow	→	→ →
s (1	Homs	75	_	_	_	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	(<u>-</u>)	Homs	225	-		-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
hop	Idleb	225	-	_	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	Diesel (L)	Idleb	288	6	9	35	1	1	1
Bread Shops	Lattakia	100	7	33	33	1	↑	1	۵	Lattakia	300	-	37	50	\leftrightarrow	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>
Bre	Quneitra	82	2	26	-55	1	1	V		Quneitra	417	-21	94	-5	4	1	V
_	Ar-Raqqa	125	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Ar-Raqqa	115	12	19	61	1	1	1
	Rural Damascus	100	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		Rural Damascus	385	-	37	89	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	As-Sweida	100	14	-	-	<u> </u>	↔	\leftrightarrow		As-Sweida	642	-11	83	83	↓	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>
	Tartous	75	- 5	-	-29 37	→	←	↓		Tartous	388	2	82 17	82	↑	↑	↑
	Aleppo Damascus	338 300	-1	34 1	3/	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>		Aleppo Damascus	594 599	2	17 20	35 34	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Dar'a	300	4	4	5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Dar'a	589	-	20	41	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Deir-ez-Zor	363	1	21	13	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$1)	Deir-ez-Zor	598	3	20		1	<u> </u>	\leftrightarrow
	Hama	325	4	-12	-3		V	↓	ate et, 9	Hama	600	1	17	37		1	1
(B)	Al-Hasakeh	340	1	27	48	1	1	1	ge r ark	Al-Hasakeh	604	3	21	37	1	1	1
Bulgur (kg)	Homs	325	2	-15	-3	个	\downarrow	\downarrow	han el m	Homs	600	1	18	37	1	1	1
ngin	Idleb	242	-2	7	14	↓	1	1	Dollar exchange rate (in the parallel market, \$1)	Idleb	603	3	21	36	<u> </u>	1	1
8	Lattakia	335	-1	-11	12	<u> </u>	↓	<u> </u>		Lattakia	598	-0	19	37	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Quneitra	287	4	9	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	g #	Quneitra	592	1	18	35	<u> </u>	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>
	Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	354 315	9	- 22	31 9	<u> </u>	↑ ↔	<u>↑</u>	=	Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	604 592	5	21 19	37 33	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	As-Sweida	510	7	57	70	<u></u>	1	<u> </u>		As-Sweida	600	1	21	36	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Tartous	325	-5	-9	8	→	4	<u> </u>		Tartous	593	-1	19	33	 	<u> </u>	1
	Aleppo	3,917	-	-49	14	\leftrightarrow	4	1		Aleppo	1,038	6	-14	17	1	V	1
	Damascus	3,533	-3	8	28	\downarrow	1	1		Damascus	1,075	-3	-9	7	\downarrow	\downarrow	1
	Dar'a	3,275	-2	-20	-22	\downarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow		Dar'a	988	-	-17	1	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow	1
kg)	Deir-ez-Zor	3,050	-	6	3	\leftrightarrow	1	1		Deir-ez-Zor	1,217	1	5	4	<u> </u>	1	1
25 1	Hama	6,500	-	-19	141	\leftrightarrow	↓	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>	Hama	1,200	-1	-11	3	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>↑</u>
Butane Cylinder (25	Al-Hasakeh Homs	2,467 6,500	2	7	8 141	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↔	<u>↑</u>	Eggs (carton)	Al-Hasakeh Homs	1,254 1,200	-0 -10	-1 -12	26 -	<u>↓</u>	↓	<u>↑</u> ↔
/linc	Idleb	5,650	-0	17	10	→	↑	<u>↑</u>	(Ca	Idleb	967	-7	-12	21	→	\downarrow	→
ē.	Lattakia	4,500	-1	45	55	$\overline{}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	88	Lattakia	1,350	-3	2	16	*	*	<u> </u>
utan	Quneitra	2,750	-6	-5	-52	\	↓	↓	_	Quneitra	1,106	-	-0	21	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	1
B	Ar-Raqqa	4,517	0	20	-1	1	1	\downarrow		Ar-Raqqa	1,246	2	1	35	1	1	1
	Rural Damascus	3,567	-	-18	27	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow	1		Rural Damascus	992	-7	-14	3	_ ↓	↓	1
	As-Sweida	2,700	-	-	-	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow		As-Sweida	1,188	0	-6	19	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>	↑
	Tartous	3,150	-3 16	-35	9	<u> </u>	↓	<u> </u>		Tartous	1,075	-10	-20	-3	V	V	↓
	Aleppo Damascus	3,917 3,533	16 -5	-4	9 -2	<u>↑</u>	↑	<u>↑</u>		Aleppo Damascus	164 254	-24 -16	-62 -46	22 37	<u>↓</u>	↓	<u>↑</u>
	Damascus Dar'a	3,533	-5 5	-4 -5	-2 13	<u> </u>	→	<u>↓</u>		Damascus Dar'a	159	-16 -47	-46 -57	11	<u>↓</u>	→	<u>↑</u>
	Deir-ez-Zor	3,050	6	-14	-14	<u> </u>	→	→		Deir-ez-Zor	171	-41	-38	-12	\downarrow	\downarrow	V
	Hama	6,500	10	-	13	<u>†</u>	\leftrightarrow	1	_	Hama	150	-44	-71	20	→	→	1
kg)	Al-Hasakeh	2,467	6	-1	20	1	\	1	Eggplant (1kg)	Al-Hasakeh	200	-35	-46	-10	V	V	\downarrow
Cheese (kg)	Homs	6,500	4	-	13	1	\leftrightarrow	1	ıt (Homs	150	-36	-72	20	V	V	1
hee	Idleb	5,650	-3	8	5	↓	↑	<u>↑</u>	gpla	Idleb	198	-36	-34	41	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5	Lattakia	4,500	1 7	5	19	<u> </u>	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>	<u>8</u>	Lattakia	350	-10	-3	75	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	Quneitra Ar-Ragga	2,750 4,517	7	-4 -10	-36 2	<u> </u>	↓	↓		Quneitra Ar-Ragga	173 196	-15 -2	-28 -18	-8	<u>↓</u>	↓	↑
	Rural Damascus	3,567	-1	-10 -5	-3	<u>⊤</u>	→	↑		Rural Damascus	233	-10	-18 -42	37	<u>↓</u>	→	→
	As-Sweida	2,700	3	6	7	<u> </u>	1	1		As-Sweida	156	-60	-58	-4	\downarrow	\downarrow	→
	Tartous	3,150	-	-7	2	\leftrightarrow	<u>\</u>	<u> </u>		Tartous	175	-42	-46	-30	→	V	→
	Aleppo	433	-5	-15	-19	\downarrow	V	V		Aleppo	383	2	2	-1	1	1	V
	Damascus	617	-2	-1	-15	\	V	V		Damascus	450	1	4	-2	1	1	\
	Dar'a	513	-2	13	33	<u> </u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>		Dar'a	738	65	76	115	<u> </u>	↑	↑
	Deir-ez-Zor	556	0	-21	-17	<u> </u>	↓	<u> </u>	-	Deir-ez-Zor	488	1	31	60	<u> </u>	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>
89	Hama Al-Hasakeh	600 492	-12	1	-27 8	↓	←	↓	ned	Hama Al-Hasakeh	490 383	1	<u>9</u> 5	34 7	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u> </u>
3S (k	Homs	600	-14	-1	-27	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	can	Al-Hasakeh Homs	383 490	2	9	23	<u>个</u>	<u>个</u>	<u>Υ</u>
Chickpeas (kg)	Idleb	408	-14	0	8	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	ına,	Idleb	400	-	-	4	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>
hic	Lattakia	458	5	-7	-32	<u> </u>	↓	→	Fish (tuna, canned)	Lattakia	500	-	7	21	\leftrightarrow	1	<u> </u>
J	Quneitra	311	-	0	-19	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	*	Fish	Quneitra	367	5	10	5	1	<u>,</u>	<u> </u>
	Ar-Raqqa	517	3	17	24	1	1	1		Ar-Raqqa	479	17	25	25	1	1	1
	Rural Damascus	542	-8	-10	-25	\	V	V		Rural Damascus	440	0	7	-6	1	1	\
	As-Sweida	625	-	13	4	\leftrightarrow	↑	<u>↑</u>		As-Sweida	506	2	25	27	1	1	<u> </u>
	Tartous	450	-	-	-35	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\		Tartous	500	-	-	25	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	1
Key:	<u>↑</u>	Prices increas Normal price			nuctuation												

Commodity	Governorate	Current	Price change	Price change	Price change	Average Change	Average Change	Average Change	Commodity	Governorate	Current	Price change	Price change	Price change	Average Change	Average Change	Average Change
	Aleppo	Price 192	1M (%)	6 M (%)	12 M (%)	1M ↑	6 M	12 M	· ·	Aleppo	Price 89,908	1M (%) -9	6 M (%)	12 M (%) -7	1M ↓	6 M	12 M
	Damascus	121	2	-9	7	<u>↑</u>	↓	<u> </u>		Damascus	122,375	3	36	17	<u> </u>	→	→
	Dar'a	150	-	0	-	↔	↔	↔		Dar'a	150,000	-1	16	122	V	↑	↑ ↑
	Deir-ez-Zor Hama	100 150	0	-	0	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	, w	Deir-ez-Zor Hama	87,083 123,000	1	45 7	70 17	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
t (kg)	Al-Hasakeh	100	-	0	0	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	d Mal	Al-Hasakeh	83,333	1	36	58	↑	1	1
lodised salt (kg)	Idleb	150 80	- 0	0	0 -4	\leftrightarrow	↔ ↔	↔	Sheep 2Y old Male	Homs Idleb	123,000 90,333	0	7	17 8	\leftrightarrow	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑
lodis	Lattakia	100	-	-13	-13	\leftrightarrow	V	V	heep	Lattakia	137,000	-2	19	14	V	1	1
	Quneitra Ar-Raqqa	102 100	-	0	-11 0	\leftrightarrow \leftrightarrow	↓ ↔	$\overset{\downarrow}{\leftrightarrow}$	0,	Quneitra Ar-Raqqa	124,500 99,583	11 8	6 52	35 64	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Rural Damascus	117	-	0	3	\leftrightarrow	↑	↑		Rural Damascus	121,917	0	52	20	\leftrightarrow	1	1
	As-Sweida Tartous	133 88	-4 0	-11 17	-11 40	<u>↓</u>	↓	<u>↓</u>		As-Sweida Tartous	98,833 134,250	-2 -2	16 21	8 10	<u>↓</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Aleppo	367	1	22	8	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Aleppo	288	1	19	10	↑	<u>,</u>	<u>+</u>
	Damascus Dar'a	371 379	-11	7	-6 32	<u>↑</u>	←	<u>↓</u>		Damascus Dar'a	287 294	-1 1	16 5	19 6	<u>↓</u>	↑ ↑	↑ ↑
	Deir-ez-Zor	575	0	50	23	\leftrightarrow	↑	<u> </u>		Deir-ez-Zor	338	8	-5	-23	<u> </u>	V	+
	Hama Al-Hasakeh	400 350	2	-11	-2	↑	V	V		Hama Al-Hasakeh	265	1	10	6	↑	↑ ↑	↑ ↑
Lentils (kg)	Homs	400	-7 0	-8	17 -2	\leftrightarrow	↑	<u>↑</u>	r (kg)	Homs	375 267	3 5	11 8	29 7	<u> </u>	↑	1
Lentil	Idleb	333	0	0	5	\leftrightarrow	^	<u> </u>	Sugar (kg)	Idleb	323	9	33	2	<u>↑</u>	↑	↑
	Lattakia Quneitra	438 361	-3 0	-2	-27 14	\leftrightarrow	↑	<u>↓</u>		Lattakia Quneitra	300 275	1	0 17	20 4	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑
	Ar-Raqqa	425	0	14	15	\leftrightarrow	↑	↑		Ar-Raqqa	354	5	8	17	↑	1	1
	Rural Damascus As-Sweida	388 383	7 5	-4 -15	-5 -30	<u>↑</u>	↓	<u>↓</u>		Rural Damascus As-Sweida	270 299	-2 -17	9	12 15	<u>↓</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Tartous	400	0	3	-3	\leftrightarrow	↑	\		Tartous	280	-3	3	14	V	1	1
ĺ	Aleppo Damascus	3,950 4,500	0	0 12	17 11	↔	↔	<u> </u>		Aleppo Damascus	113 267	-40 -16	-69 -40	-25 61	<u>↓</u>	↓	↓
ĺ	Dar'a	4,450	-2	16	28	\	↑	↑		Dar'a	147	-38	-62	27	V	V	1
	Deir-ez-Zor Hama	4,150 4,800	-3	32 20	26 26	↔	↑	<u>↑</u>		Deir-ez-Zor Hama	171 110	-39 -55	-41 -75	-24 -37	<u>↓</u>	↓	↓
, kg	Al-Hasakeh	4,442	0	42	46	↔	↑	1	(8)	Al-Hasakeh	177	-35 -35	-49	-17	↓	↓	+
Meat (beef, kg)	Homs Idleb	4,833 2,833	-2 0	21 12	27 16	V	↑	↑	Tomato (kg)	Homs Idleb	110 500	-63 0	-75 0	-37 23	↓	↓	↓ ↑
Meat	Lattakia	5,250	5	15	10	↔	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>	T _o	Lattakia	288	-4	15	64	<u>→</u>	→	<u>↑</u>
_	Quneitra	4,000	0	11	22	\leftrightarrow	^	<u>↑</u>		Quneitra	159	-37	-49	-4	<u> </u>	V	V
	Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	3,475 4,400	-3	34 15	39 14	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑	<u>↑</u>		Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	235 229	-3 -15	-22 -43	53	<u>↓</u>	↓	↑ ↑
	As-Sweida	4,917	4	29	23	↑	↑	↑		As-Sweida	235	-29	-44	18	V	V	1
	Tartous Aleppo	5,000 242	1	5	13 0	↔	↑	<u>↑</u>		Tartous Aleppo	175 5,125	-26 24	-44 92	-13 105	<u>↓</u>	↓	↓
	Damascus	248	-2	-4	-6	V	↓	+		Damascus	2,200	5	10	10	<u>↑</u>	1	1
	Dar'a Deir-ez-Zor	194 200	-3 -3	-6 -16	-7 -27	<u>↓</u>	↓	<u>↓</u>		Dar'a Deir-ez-Zor	1,558 2,458	-4 2	19 17	10 37	<u>↓</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Hama	225	-10	0	9	*	\leftrightarrow	<u> </u>	wage	Hama	2,000	0	0	0	↔	↔	\leftrightarrow
a a	Al-Hasakeh Homs	292 225	0	5	13 13	↔ ↔	↑	<u> </u>	bor w	Al-Hasakeh Homs	1,450 2,000	0	27 0	27 0	↔ ↔	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↔
Milk (L)	Idleb	192	0	18	15	↔	†	<u> </u>	Unskilled Labor	Idleb	2,000	0	0	25	↔	↔	↑
	Lattakia	300 169	0	17	20 7	↔	↑	<u> </u>	nskill	Lattakia	3,875 2,000	3	19 9	29	<u> </u>	↑	<u>↑</u>
	Quneitra Ar-Raqqa	242	0	-1 6	14	<u>↑</u>	↓	<u>↑</u>		Quneitra Ar-Raqqa	2,450	9	8	20	<u>↑</u> ↔	<u>↑</u>	1
	Rural Damascus	254	0	-2	0	\leftrightarrow	V	↔		Rural Damascus	2,500	0	11	25	\leftrightarrow	↑	↑
	As-Sweida Tartous	269 328	7	19 34	19 31	<u>↑</u> ↔	↑ ↑	<u>↑</u>		As-Sweida Tartous	1,492 4,000	0	-15 14	-20 23	<u>↑</u>	↓	↓
	Aleppo	542	-2	-2	-2	V	V	V		Aleppo	308	1	23	45	<u>↑</u>	1	↑
	Damascus Dar'a	654 625	0	12 3	-3	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑	<u>↑</u>		Damascus Dar'a	279 295	-1 -2	1	34 43	<u>↓</u>	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>
	Deir-ez-Zor	671	1	4	-4	↑	↑	V		Deir-ez-Zor	300	-14	9	9	V	1	1
	Hama Al-Hasakeh	620 513	-11	5	-1 14	↔	↔	<u>↓</u>	(kg)	Hama Al-Hasakeh	240 225	-13 -10	-13 2	20 -1	<u>↓</u>	↓	↑
Oil (L)	Homs	620	-6	-2	-1	V	\	V	Flour	Homs	240	-6	-14	20	\downarrow	↓	1
ō	Idleb Lattakia	483 650	0	0	6 8	↔ ↔	↔ ↔	<u> </u>	Wheat Flour (kg)	Idleb Lattakia	183 350	0	9	10 40	\leftrightarrow	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑
	Quneitra	664	-2	20	2	\downarrow	↑	↑	>	Quneitra	272	3	44	35	↑	↑	1
ĺ	Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	544 642	2	8 16	11 1	<u>↑</u>	↑	<u>↑</u>		Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	283 283	3	14 9	18 38	↑	↑ ↑	↑ ↑
	As-Sweida	771	5	19	28	↑	↑	↑		As-Sweida	373	13	30	66	↑	1	1
	Tartous Aleppo	650 42	0 -4	0 -34	2	↔ ↓	↔ ↓	<u>↑</u>		Tartous Aleppo	313 558	-2 1	-1 -17	54 -2	↓	↓	<u>↑</u>
	Damascus	41	5	26	17	↑	↑	↑		Damascus	829	-1	6	43	\	1	1
	Dar'a Deir-ez-Zor	75 50	-14 0	-14 -40	-20 -37	↓	↓	<u>↓</u>		Dar'a Deir-ez-Zor	781 713	212	123 12	99 -1	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑	↑
•	Hama	50	0	0	0	↔	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	2	Hama	900	13	15	57	1	1	1
Parsley (packet)	Al-Hasakeh Homs	88 50	0	17 0	-13 0	\leftrightarrow	↑ ↔	↓	White beans (kg)	Al-Hasakeh Homs	681 900	3	27 13	27 57	↑ ↑	↑ ↑	↑ ↑
d) kəl	Idleb	50	0	100	79	↔	→	→	e pea	Idleb	233	0	0	10	↔	1	↑ ↑
Pars	Lattakia Quneitra	100	0	45	100	↔	↑	↑	Whit	Lattakia Quneitra	775	0	13	29	↔	↑	↑
	Ar-Raqqa	35 102	2	-2	-42 44	←	<u>↑</u>	<u>↓</u>		Ar-Raqqa	828 708	13	60 29	97 31	←	↑ ↑	↑ ↑
	Rural Damascus	45	0	64	61	\leftrightarrow	1	↑		Rural Damascus	821	-1	10	51	<u> </u>	↑	↑
	As-Sweida Tartous	62 88	6	87 17	54 75	<u>↑</u>	↑	<u> </u>		As-Sweida Tartous	825 825	-1 0	13 29	53 38	↓	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑
	Aleppo	425	0	0	2	\leftrightarrow	↔	<u> </u>		Aleppo	333	10	5	3	↑	<u>↑</u>	1
	Damascus Dar'a	440 531	-3	7	-1 2	↔	↑ ↑	<u>↓</u>		Damascus Dar'a	298 243	-1 -7	-2 -7	-2 2	<u>↓</u>	↓	↓
	Deir-ez-Zor	508	5	-7	-16	↑	V	\		Deir-ez-Zor	288	0	-30	-30	\leftrightarrow	↓	V
	Hama Al-Hasakeh	520 458	-23	-9	30 12	↔	↑	<u> </u>	_	Hama Al-Hasakeh	260 325	-7 3	-13 -5	-13 4	<u>↓</u>	↓	↓
Rice (kg)	Homs	520	1	5	23	↑	↑	↑	Yogurt (kg)	Homs	260	0	-9	-13	↔	V	V
Rice	Idleb Lattakia	367 500	0	5	11 11	↔ ↔	↑	<u>↑</u>	Yogu	Idleb Lattakia	283 319	-4	55 6	39 28	↔	<u>↑</u>	↑ ↑
	Quneitra	519	-2	0	-6	\	V	V		Quneitra	209	4	4	0	↑	1	+
	Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	573 456	6	8	16 3	<u>↑</u>	↑	<u>↑</u>		Ar-Raqqa Rural Damascus	317 279	0	-36 2	-6 -7	↔ ↔	↓	↓
	As-Sweida	465	17	36	86	↑	<u>↑</u>	<u>↑</u>		As-Sweida	258	3	-6	-6	↑	V	V
	Tartous	538	0	10	13	\leftrightarrow	↑	↑		Tartous	300	0	0	9	\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	1
	↑	Prices increase	. above nori	ar price fluc													

 \leftrightarrow