



## Operational Context

Despite an abundance of natural resources, Guinea faces major socio-economic and political challenges. Poverty, food insecurity and malnutrition rates are alarming, especially in rural areas. On average, 55 percent of the Guinean population live below the poverty line and unemployment is high, particularly among youth and women. According to the Comprehensive Food and Nutrition Security and Vulnerability Analysis (CFSVA+N - 2018), about 21 percent of household – or 2.5 million people – are food insecure. The nutritional situation for children aged 6-59 months remains precarious: 6.1 percent of children aged 6-59 months suffer from global acute malnutrition (of whom 1.7 percent are severely affected), and 24.4 percent suffer from stunting or chronic malnutrition, 12 percent are underweight. Contributing to SDG 2 and 17 and aligned with national priorities (PNDES 2016-2020) with a special focus on women and youth, WFP targets vulnerable groups of people in the four regions of Guinea particularly in rural areas, in order to improve food security, reduce malnutrition, enhance resilience and contribute to improve education achievements. The approach also aims to increase national ownership through institutional capacity strengthening. WFP has been present in Guinea since 1964.



Population: **12.7 million**

2017 Human Development Index: **175 th out of 189**

Income Level: **Low income**

Chronic malnutrition: **24.4 % of children between 6-59 months**

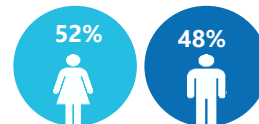
## In Numbers

**157mt** of food assistance distributed

**US\$ 00** cash-based transfers made

**US\$ 2.3 m** six months (October 2019-March 2020) net funding requirements

**27,996 people assisted** in September 2019



## Operational Updates

- WFP Guinea resilience unit organized a training targeting 65 participants including WFP staffs, local NGOs and Government counterparts in Labé (Middle Guinea). The training aimed to strengthen capacities in Community Based Participatory Planning (CBPP) to identify specific needs in local communities.
- Smallholder Agricultural Market Support (SAMS) operational plan was developed to guide implementation (including monitoring and evaluation) for the period 2019-2022.
- A call for tender was published to select implementing partners for SAMS and Food Assistance for Assets (FFA) activities for the period October-December 2019.
- Visibility signboards for school canteens were posted in schools.
- WFP Guinea with UN agencies and National officials agreed on Terms of reference and a common methodology for the ongoing price monitoring of 20 food items in 11 markets in the country.
- Treatment and prevention activities against chronic malnutrition including Social and Behavioural Change Communications (SBCC) are ongoing in both regions of Labe and Kankan.
- WFP continues to provide assistance for the treatment of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) for children aged 6-59 months and Anti Retro Viral patients and their households in the region of Boké, Kankan, Nzérékore, Labe and Conakry.
- Active screening activities of MAM cases, reference and cooking demonstration with local and accessible food recipes were undertaken. This strategy aims at training children carers affected by MAM on the preparation of fortified food recipes made from local products, best hygiene practices, use of clean water and access to other health care services.
- To carry out these activities, WFP provides financial and technical support to health centres and the community in order to lead community mobilization, culinary, demonstration sessions and monitoring of beneficiaries in health centres and in the community.
- The draft report of Food and Nutrition Vulnerability analysis on people living with HIV/TB was submitted in the month of September 2019. Its presentation and validation will take place in the month of October.

Contact info: Kadijah Savane [Kadijah.savane@wfp.org](mailto:Kadijah.savane@wfp.org)

Country Director: Ibrahima DIOP

Further information: [www.wfp.org/countries/Guinea](http://www.wfp.org/countries/Guinea)

Main photo: WFP/Anaïs DRESSE

## Interim Country Strategic Plan (2019-2022)

2019 Total Requirement (in USD)	2019 Allocated Contributions (in USD)	Six Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD)
11.6 m	7.44 m	2.3 m

### Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

**Strategic Outcome 1:** Food-insecure populations, including pre- and primary school-aged children, in targeted areas have access to adequate and nutritious food all year round

**Focus area:** Resilience Building

**Strategic Outcome 2:** Crisis-affected populations in targeted areas are able to meet their basic food and nutrition needs during and in the aftermath of a crisis

**Focus area:** Crisis Response

#### Activities:

- Provide nutritious school meals to pre- and primary school children, including take home rations for girls prioritizing local purchase and strengthening partners' capacities
- Provide an integrated emergency food and nutrition assistance including SBCC and livelihood support to crisis-affected populations.

### Strategic Result 2: No one suffers from malnutrition

**Strategic Outcome 3:** Nutritionally vulnerable populations including children, pregnant and lactating women and girls (PLW/Gs), HIV/TB antiretroviral therapy (ART) clients, people living with disability and orphans in Guinea, have improved nutritional status by 2030

**Focus area:** Root Causes

#### Activities:

- Support beneficiaries through the provision of specialized nutritious food and integrated programmes including SBCC, and strengthen partner's capacities to prevent and treat all forms of malnutrition

### Strategic Result 4: Sustainable food systems

**Strategic Outcome 4:** Food insecure and climate-affected populations, including smallholder farmers, youth and women in targeted areas have improved their livelihood sources, have more efficient and inclusive value chains and resilient food systems by 2030.

**Focus area:** Resilience Building

#### Activities:

- Provide climate-resilient livelihood support to targeted groups to sustainably increase and diversify their role along the food value chain, strengthen access to markets including in relation to school meals/HGSF and improve food handling and processing

### Strategic Result 5: Countries Strengthening

**Strategic Outcome 5:** National institutions have enhanced capacities to manage food security and nutrition, social protection and disaster risk management systems by 2030.

**Focus area:** Resilience Building

#### Activities:

- Deliver capacity strengthening support to national institutions and other partners including through South-South Cooperation on the design and implementation of social protection, emergency preparedness and response, disaster risk management and supply chain systems

- WFP participated in the preparation of the midterm Operational Work Plan of UNDAF review report on 20 September 2019.

## Challenges

- WFP requires funding to fill its resource gap needed for all of its ICSP activities from the period January- December 2020.

## Donors

Japan, Russian Federation