



Farmer Nutrition Schools are semi-structured get-togethers in villages, focusing on basic information and interactive discussions about nutrition, targeting pregnant and nursing women and mothers whose children are under two years of age.

Sessions are held about twice a month, with typically 20-35 attendees. Since 2017, when WFP started rolling out Farmer Nutrition Schools, over 20,000 people have participated in 400 villages in four northern provinces of Lao PDR.

Oudomxay

Houaphan

Xieng Khouang



Farmer Nutrition Schools operate in dedicated community buildings, constructed by villagers with building material contributed by WFP.

In each village, 2-3 village facilitators* are trained to lead the Farmer Nutrition School activities and help families to apply their newly acquired knowledge. The facilitators use simple visual materials to illustrate and reinforce their messages.

WFP is supporting the work of Farmer Nutrition Schools with research activities.

The study *Drivers of Food Choices* will provide information that will help mothers address their need to prepare quick, nutritious



meals for their children, thus cutting down on their workload, while ensuring healthy nutrition for families.

WFP is also preparing a list of *Nutrient-dense Foods*, whose cultivation will be piloted in the kitchen gardens established with the Farmer Nutrition School garden grants, as well as in WFP-supported school gardens so that they can add value to school lunches. Planting and eating vegetables with high nutritional value will help cut down on nutrition-related health problems.

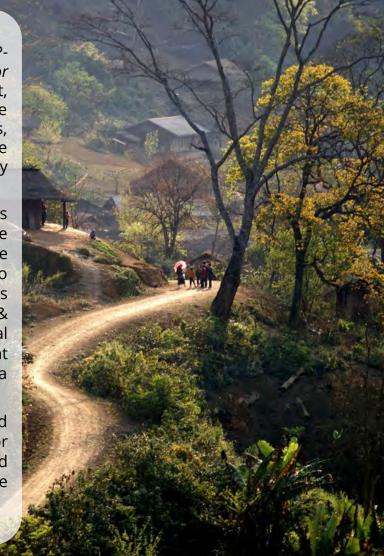
*Currently, the village facilitator network comprises 1,200 people.



Farmer Nutrition Schools are part of a WFP-supported activity within the Agriculture for Nutrition project. In the framework of this project, villages are asked to develop village infrastructure plans, identifying priority development projects, which can then be funded. Typically these are irrigation schemes, access roads and water supply systems.

Partnerships are key to this initiative: WFP is supporting the initial training of the village facilitators and WFP field staff continue to engage with them throughout implementation. The Lao Women's Union and provincial and district officials from the Ministry of Health and Agriculture & Forestry support training and provide technical advice. The Ministry of Planning and Investment plays a coordinating role, with IFAD also being a partner of the project.

The Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, supported by FAO, has instituted an online system for Nutrition-Sensitive Agriculture Monitoring and Reporting which captures all nutrition-sensitive agriculture data from projects in Lao PDR.



2020 Household Impact Survey



MAJOR FINDINGS



85% of women who participated in Farmer Nutrition School sessions and received a garden grant reported that their farming knowledge improved

95% of women who participated in Farmer Nutrition School sessions and received a garden grant reported that their child's nutrition status improved

The majority of households reported that mothers and their children under 2 years of age are consuming a minimum of 4 major food groups

Two-thirds of pregnant women are eating more meals per day than before pregnancy

A majority of **pregnant women** worked less during their pregnancy





WORLD FOOD PROGRAMME LAOS

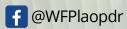
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