World Food Programme Libya

Interim Country Strategic Plan (2019 - 2020)



CRISIS IMPACT

22% of population*

1,6 Million

people



*Libyan population: 6.6 million + 0.67 million: migrants/refugees



World Food Programme **Libya** 2019 - 2020

The United Nations Country Team has developed a draft UN Strategic Framework for Libya (UNSF) 2019-2020 which is pending endorsement by the Libyan authorities.

HUMANITARIAN NEEDS OVERVIEW

823,000



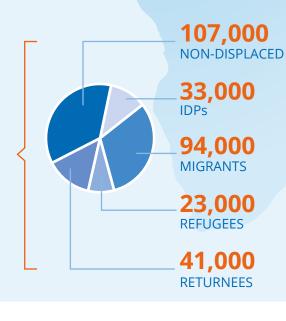
Of which

248,000

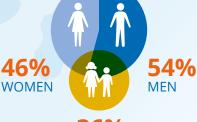


298,000





People Targeted



36% CHILDREN

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDG)

SDG 2





By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year around.

SDG 17

PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS



Enhance the global partnership for sustainable development, complemented by multistakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the sustainable development goals in all countries, in particular developing countries.

You may be wondering why there's such a change in the number of people who need food assistance (637,000 in 2018 versus 298,000 for 2019): over the course of this year, the humanitarian country team as a whole were better able to access the country. This led to WFP being able to collect more and better data, which covered more geographical areas. Our knowledge and targeting gets stronger and more streamlined every day, and we'll continue to adhere to the highest standards of transparency to reflect real needs as the situation on the ground changes.

WFP STRATEGIC OUTCOMES (SO)

SO.1

CRISIS-AFFECTED
VULNERABLE POPULATIONS
HAVE ACCESS TO SUFFICIENT **AND NUTRITIOUS FOOD**

SO.2

VULNERABLE POPULATIONS HAVE STRENGTHENED LIVELIHOODS **AND RESTORED ACCESS TO BASIC SERVICES**

SO.3

THE HUMANITARIAN COMMUNITY HAS STRENGTHENED CAPACITY TO ASSIST VULNERABLE **POPULATIONS**



PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO FOOD-INSECURE AND **VULNERABLE PERSONS**

and pilot complementary interventions that improve food security and nutrition.

KEY OUTPUTS

Crisis-affected populations receive regular and timely food assistance

Through in-kind or cash-based transfers in order to meet their basic food and nutrition needs.

Children attending school in targeted areas receive nutritious meals

In order to meet their food requirements and support school attendance (SDG 4).



PROVIDE LIVELIHOOD SUPPORT

to vulnerable community and enhance national and local safety nets.

KEY OUTPUTS

Vulnerable communities benefit from:

Food assistance

Through conditional in-kind or cash-based transfers to meet their food requirements.

Restored community livelihood assets and infrastructure

To increase community resilience and self-reliance.

Strengthened systems and capacities of local and national partners

To have access to adequate social safety nets.

Activity 3



PROVIDE LOGISTICS CLUSTER SERVICES

to humanitarian partners.

Activity 4



PROVIDE AIR SERVICES (UNHAS).



PROVIDE EMERGENCY TELECOMMUNICATIONS CLUSTER SERVICES

to humanitarian partners.

KEY OUTPUTS

Crisis-affected populations benefit from:

Enhanced capacity of humanitarian partners

Through logistics coordination and services.

Availability of humanitarian air services

For the safe transportation of humanitarian staff and the timely delivery of humanitarian assistance.

> Enhanced capacity of humanitarian actors

Through upgraded telecommunications, information-sharing and knowledge management.

PROGRAMME LIBYA

OPPORTUNITIES

WORLD FOOD

GRADUAL RE-ENTRY INTO LIBYA

2019

WFP plans to fully relocate from **Tunis** to **Tripoli** with the plan of expanding into Benghazi.



STRATEGIC CONTRIBUTION TO UN EFFORTS



The ICSP, aligned with the UNSF for the next two years, shapes WFP's contribution to collective **UN** efforts, including through the launch of **UNHAS** operations and the leadership of telecommunications and logistics clusters.

SHIFTING MODALITIES



WFP plans to gradually replace in-kind transfers with cash-based transfers (CBT) where applicable, contributing to stimulating the local economy while potentially mitigating security risks around delivery, particularly in conflict areas.

PREPARING FOR RECOVERY



Contingent on the relative stabilization of the situation in Libya, WFP will gradually introduce over the duration of the **ICSP** interventions that enable recovery. WFP will also pilot livelihood support activities in both rural and urban settings, which capitalize on women's ability to contribute to reconciliation and peace-building efforts.

WFP LESSONS LEARNED & RESULTS TO DATE

Preparedness and flexibility are key to delivering life-saving assistance in a complex and unpredictable environment.

Re-establishing full presence in Tripoli and gradually in other parts of Libya are crucial for consolidating WFP's role as a key partner in Libya and achieving programme deliverables.

Focusing on gender analysis is key to better understanding the gender-related causes of food insecurity, the differentiated needs of women, men, girls and boys and designing the most appropriate responses.

Working across the humanitarian-development-peace nexus builds on the complementariness of partners for the achievement of joint objectives.

