In Numbers

- **3,603 mt** of food assistance distributed
- **USD 1.6 m** cash-based transfers made
- **USD 70.4 m** six months (April - September 2020) net funding requirements representing 46% of total.
- **596,458 people** assisted in March 2020

 Operational Updates

- In light of the public health emergency declared for the novel coronavirus, COVID-19, WFP developed a business continuity plan to ensure the safety and wellness of staff, while also running operations smoothly.

  WFP’s priority is to continue delivering life-saving food and nutritional assistance in a secure environment. In this sense, activities and procedures were adjusted to enhance hygiene, impede crowding and to better manage the flow of traffic at distribution sites.

  The distribution of onsite school meals is temporarily suspended following the Government’s decision to close schools. WFP is developing a VAM (mobile Vulnerability Assessment Mapping) as near real-time remote system to continue monitoring vulnerability and markets. This involves mobile surveys through live telephone interviews.

  Late March, WFP and the Chadian Red Cross started providing hot meals to Chadians — mostly students — who returned from Cameroon and had to be quarantined in N’Djamena and sites of Koutéré and Léré. In total, WFP plans to provide assistance to 3,100 individuals during isolation.

  To prevent movements in and out of camps in line with Government orders, WFP and its donors agreed to exceptionally provide two months assistance at half rations to refugees in the provinces of Wadi Fira and Ennedi Est. In the six camps in these provinces, emergency food assistance was put on halt months ago, while refugees negotiated the transition from blanket to targeted distributions.
WFP Chad Country Brief
March 2020

WFP Country Strategy

Country Strategic Plan (2019-2023)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>2020 Total Requirement (in USD)</strong></td>
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<td>278.8m</td>
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*Six-months Net Funding Requirements as of April 2020.

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

**Strategic Outcome 1: Crisis-affected people in targeted areas are able to meet their basic food and nutrition needs during and in the aftermath of crises.**

**Focus area:** Crisis response

**Activities:**
- Provide an integrated assistance package to crisis-affected people, including food assistance (conditional and/or unconditional), school meals, and specialized nutritious food to children and PLW/Gs and people living with HIV or TB for malnutrition prevention and treatment.

Strategic Outcome 2: Food-insecure people in targeted areas have access to adequate and nutritious food all year-round.

**Focus area:** Resilience-building

**Activities:**
- Provide seasonal food assistance to targeted food insecure people.
- Provide school meals to vulnerable children during the school year, in a way that relies on and stimulates local production.

Strategic Outcome 3: Vulnerable people in targeted areas have improved nutritional status all year-round.

**Focus area:** Resilience-building

**Activities:**
- Provide a malnutrition prevention package of specialized nutritious food to children aged 6-23 months and PLWG; cash transfers to PLWG attending pre-/post-natal care; and SBCC measures for the latter and their communities.
- Provide a malnutrition treatment package of (i) specialized nutritious food to children aged 6-59 months and PLWG/Gs; and (ii) SBCC-measures to them and their wider communities.
- Provide adapted support to targeted people for local fortified nutritious food production.

Strategic Outcome 4: Food systems are sustainable

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activities:**
- Provide livelihood and asset support, including the development or rehabilitation of natural and productive assets and infrastructure and local purchases, to food-insecure and at-risk people.

Strategic Result 5: Countries have strengthened capacity to implement the SDGs

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activities:**
- Provide training and technical support to national institutions on the design and implementation of a permanent response-planning scheme for food security and nutrition with consolidated early-warning and coordination mechanisms, as well as a shock-responsive, nutrition-sensitive and gender-transformative safety net; training and communication schemes for improved nutrition and resilient agricultural practices; and improved food and nutrition coordination mechanisms.

Strategic Result 8: Sharing of knowledge, expertise and technology strengthen global partnership support to country efforts to achieve the SDGs

**Strategic Outcome 6: Humanitarian and development partners in Chad have access to common services that enable them to reach and operate in targeted areas all year.**

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activities:**
- WFP is working to ensure that food in transit and in Cameroon is quickly dispatched to Chad to ensure continuity of operations. This includes pre-positioning of items for remote areas before the start of the rainy season. WFP plans to constitute a larger contingency stock to assist populations hit by sudden crises.
- On 23 March, the deadlest attack ever on Chadian soil was launched by Boko Haram against a Chadian military position in Boma. The attack resulted in 92 fatalities among Chadian soldiers and 20,000 people displaced. WFP and the national NGO Bureau Consulting International (BCI) are already providing emergency food assistance to affected households.
- On 12 March, the Russian embassy, the Ministry of Education and WFP announced a USD one million contribution from the Russian Federation. WFP purchased more than 700 mts with this funding. Part of it was used under the school feeding programme during the first trimester.
- On International Women’s Day (8 March), WFP’s female staff paid tribute to women in history. The stories of aid workers at WFP were shared on social media.
- The Chad 2019 Annual Country Report is now available online.

**Challenges**

- Along with other UN agencies, WFP supports the Government of Chad in its response to COVID-19. Prevention and preparedness require flexible contributions and additional resources to address the socio-economic impact of the crisis.
- Despite efforts, there are major constraints to mobilize funding for cash-based programmes to assist crisis-affected populations.

**Donors**

Canada, Denmark, European Commission, Germany, Italy, Japan, Sweden, UN Central Emergency Response Fund, United Kingdom, USA, UN Peacebuilding Fund