



WFP Haiti

Country Brief

June 2020

World Food Programme

SAVING LIVES
CHANGING LIVES



Operational Context

Haiti ranks 169 out of 189 countries on the 2019 Human Development Index. Haiti has one of the highest levels of chronic food insecurity in the world with more than half of its total population chronically food insecure and 22 percent of children chronically malnourished. Underlying drivers of this situation include extreme poverty and frequent natural disasters. On the 2019 Climate Risk Index, Haiti is fourth among the countries most affected by severe weather events.

WFP has been working in Haiti since 1969. WFP's priority is to support the Haitian Government in developing sustainable solutions to hunger and malnutrition to achieve Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) 2 "Zero Hunger".



Population: **11 million**

2018 Human Development Index:
168 out of 189

Food Imports: **over 50% of national requirements**

2019 Climate Risk Index: **4th most affected by extreme weather events**

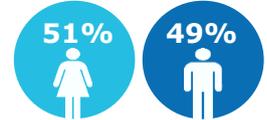
In Numbers

143 mt of food assistance distributed

USD 1.1 m cash-based transfers made

USD 268 m Total Requirements

66,870 people assisted
In June 2020



Operational Updates

Emergency Response

- In June, 45,470 people received food assistance from WFP, 143 mt of food and USD 762,000 distributed as cash-in-envelope and e-money.
- WFP reinforced coordination with the Civil Protection Directorate to ensure that prevention measures concerning COVID-19 are correctly implemented during WFP's activities; 5 letters of understanding were signed with Departmental Civil Protection Directorates.

School Feeding

- Proposals are being reviewed from cooperating partners in order to establish field-level agreements for the upcoming school year, which starts on the 10th of August.
- WFP is developing a gender-responsive monitoring and evaluation framework for its social and behaviour communication change (SBCC) strategy under the school feeding programme in Haiti.
- A lessons-learned exercise was prepared in order to analyse strengths and weaknesses of the school feeding programme ahead of the next school year.

Social Protection

- The National Social Protection and Promotion Policy (NSPPP) was adopted by the Council of Ministers. WFP played a key role in coordination and technical assistance for its development.
- The order of implementation has been issued for the NSPPP, and the Drafting Sub-Commission was revitalized with a transitional mandate in order to discuss modalities and next steps in the implementation of the policy.

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Caption: In Haiti, UNHAS continues to provide lifesaving transportation services, including COVID-19 medical supplies.

Country Strategic Plan (July 2019 - December 2023)

Total Requirements (in USD)	Allocated Contributions (in USD)	Six Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD)
268 m	116.6 m	79.3 m

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

Strategic Outcome 1: Crisis-affected populations in Haiti can meet their basic food and nutrition needs in times of crisis

Focus area: Crisis Response

Activities:

- Provide emergency food assistance and support risk reduction and the recovery of crisis-affected populations

Strategic Outcome 2: Vulnerable populations in Haiti benefit from nutrition-sensitive safety nets to meet their basic needs all year

Focus area: Root Causes

Activities:

- Design, implement and strengthen nutritious-sensitive safety nets
- Provide daily nutritious school meals

Strategic Result 3: Smallholders have improved food security and nutrition through improved productivity and incomes

Strategic Outcome 3: Smallholder farmers have improved their livelihoods to increase food security

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide support to smallholder farmers to sell agricultural products
- Provide daily nutritious and 100% local school meals (Home Grown School Feeding)

Strategic Result 4: Food systems are sustainable

Strategic Outcome 4: Vulnerable communities can rely on resilient food systems to mitigate, adapt and recover from shocks

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide food assistance to vulnerable households for the creation and rehabilitation of assets

Strategic Result 5: Countries strengthened capacities to implement the SDGs

Strategic Outcome 5: Centralized and Decentralized institutions and national stakeholders increased capacities to achieve Zero Hunger by 2030

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide policy support and technical assistance to national stakeholders in areas of social protection, disaster risk management fortification and local production

Strategic Result 8: Countries strengthened capacities to implement the SDGs

Strategic Outcome 6: The Government and humanitarian and development actors have access to services on demand all year

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide on-demand services to the Government as well as the humanitarian actors

- Approximately USD 170,000 was distributed to 2,216 households (i.e. 11,080 people) that participated in the second phase of the Food Assistance for Assets (FFA) project in the Artibonite department to modernise salt basins.
- USD 51,000 was distributed to 564 participants in the West department for FFA projects for watershed management.
- The first phase of work has been completed for the USAID-funded resilience project in the South department for soil conservation and rehabilitation of rural roads, and USD 113,000 was distributed to 1,500 households.

UNHAS

- During the month of June, the United Nations Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS), which serves the wider humanitarian community, transported 147 passengers and 1.55 mt of cargo.

Monitoring and Evaluation

- The SugarCRM platform was adjusted for requirements in Haiti for rollout; SugarCRM is software that allows WFP to manage and track feedback from beneficiaries on a single platform, making it easier to address complaints in a timely manner.
- Regular post-distribution monitoring was carried out for cash interventions throughout the country.

Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping

- Market analyses were carried out in support of cash-based transfer programming in the Centre, North and Artibonite departments.
- WFP supported the National Coordination for Food Security (CNSA) to prepare for the next Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) exercise, to be conducted in August.
- WFP conducted the first round of the phone survey to assess the impact of COVID-19 on food security.

Donors

Canada, European Union, France, Germany, Haiti, Japan, Private Donors, Spain, Switzerland, UN CERF, UNDP and USA.

Resilience