

SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES



Nutritionist at health center assessing a child's mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) to understand the level of malnutrition

WFP Nutrition and HIV programming in Tete, Zambézia & Nampula

Activity: National Programme for Nutrition Rehabilitation (PRN) Treatment for Moderate Acute Malnutrition of children under 5 (CU5) and pregnant and lactating women (PLW)
Donor: Department for International Development (DFID) [UK]



WFP supports the Ministry of Health to treat moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) within the PRN in 38 districts across six provinces, among them Cabo Delgado, Manica, Nampula, Sofala, Tete and Zambézia. This brief covers the provinces of Tete, Zambézia and Nampula, as separate briefs exist for the remaining provinces.

The main activities supported by WFP in all provinces for MAM treatment are:

- procurement and delivery of specialized nutritious foods;
- capacity strengthening of government health staff at provincial and district levels;
- monitoring and evaluation



WFP partner staff discussing with community member about PRN services



World Food Programme

October 2020

Photo credits: WFP Mozambique/Chico Carneiro

WFP Nutrition and HIV programming in Tete, Zambézia & Nampula provinces - Mozambique

PROVINCE: TETE

PRIMARY BENEFICIARIES/MONTH



730 CU5



460 PLW

A total of 22 health facilities in three districts of Tete are covered by WFP: Doa, Marara and Mutarara.

PROVINCE: ZAMBÉZIA

PRIMARY BENEFICIARIES/MONTH



1985 CU5



460 PLW

A total of 51 health facilities in five districts of Zambézia are covered by WFP: Chinde, Maganja da Costa, Namacurra, Nicoadala and Milange.

PROVINCE: NAMPULA

PRIMARY BENEFICIARIES/MONTH



780 CU5



300 PLW

A total of 44 health facilities in four districts of Nampula are covered by WFP: Erati, Memba, Nacala-a-Velha and Monapo.

In addition to the three main activities mentioned in page 1, WFP also supports the districts of Nampula affected by cholera (health facilities and camps where Internally Displaced People (IDP) are present, mainly from Cabo Delgado province due to insurgencies). This is done through the

provision of specialized nutritious food for patient treatment, in accordance with MISAU's approved protocol. Considering the vulnerability of the population in Marratane Refugee Camp (Nampula district), WFP is also supporting the camp's health facility with MAM treatment. This health facility covers the camp population as well as several communities neighbouring the refugee camp area.



Mother and child enrolled in the Programme for Nutrition Rehabilitation receiving RUSF