The CSP did not fully prepare WFP for the complex crises, and programme efficiency was marked by slow programme delivery, high transaction costs and recurrent pipeline breaks. The monitoring and evaluation system remained inadequate.

**Evaluation of Cameroon**

**WFP Country Strategic Plan 2018-2020**

**COUNTRY CONTEXT**

- Population: 25 million
- 750,000 people severely food insecure
- 227,000 children under five suffer acute malnutrition

**COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN** focused on six strategic outcomes

1. Safe food access during and after crises
2. Safe year-round food access and increase resilience
3. Reduce malnutrition and increase resilience
4. Enhance self-reliance and improve productivity
5. Effective partnerships
6. Humanitarian community access to UNHAS

**CSP budget**: USD 94 million

**Evaluation**


**Evidence and lessons to inform the development of the new Country Strategic Plan in Cameroon**

- July 2019
- 1 field mission
- 147 interviews with stakeholders
- Gender-sensitive methodology
- 13 focus group discussions with beneficiaries

**CONCLUSIONS**

- WFP has only partially met the ambitious expectations to shift to country level strategic planning and management
- The CSP did not fully prepare WFP for the complex crises
- Programme efficiency was marked by slow programme delivery, high transaction costs and recurrent pipeline breaks
- The monitoring and evaluation system remained inadequate

**RECOMMENDATIONS**

1. Strengthen the strategic approaches to nutrition, resilience and capacities
2. Enhance strategic partnerships, funding and advocacy
3. Invest in an evidence base to support the strategic focus and the CSP implementation strategy
4. Strengthen human capacity to implement ongoing priorities and prepare for the next CSP
5. Improve emergency preparedness, supply chain and programme effectiveness and efficiency
6. Strengthen M&E, knowledge sharing and communication around results

**WFP Evidences to inform the development of the new Country Strategic Plan in Cameroon**

- Evidence and lessons to inform the development of the new Country Strategic Plan in Cameroon

**Refugees from Central African Republic**

Influx of 250,000 refugees from Central African Republic

**Insecurity**

- Conflicts in the North-West and South-West
- Influx of 250,000 refugees from Central African Republic

**Programme efficiency**

- Marked by slow programme delivery, high transaction costs and recurrent pipeline breaks

**Country Office management**

- Did not react swiftly enough to address staffing shortages

**WFP**

- Focus on six strategic outcomes

**Population**

- 25 million people
- 750,000 people severely food insecure
- 227,000 children under five suffer acute malnutrition

** complications in the North-West and South-West**

**evaluation**

- WFP.org/independent-evaluation
- WFP.evaluation@wfp.org

**July 2019**

- 1 field mission
- 147 interviews with stakeholders
- Gender-sensitive methodology
- 13 focus group discussions with beneficiaries

**March 2020**

- Evidence and lessons to inform the development of the new Country Strategic Plan in Cameroon

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**WFP**

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