

WFP Cameroon Country Brief August 2020



SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES

Operational Context

An estimated forty percent of Cameroon's 26.5 million people live below the poverty line and human development indicators remain low. Poverty has a strong regional dimension concentrated in the Far North, North, Adamawa and East regions.

The country has been significantly affected by recent crises and instabilities including presence of non-State armed groups (NSAGs) on both side of the Nigerian border causing Nigerian refugees' influx and displacement of the local population, CAR refugees' influx in the eastern part of Cameroon, and the recent crisis in the North West and South West regions. These combined factors left 409,409 refugees and 976,773 IDPs, in addition to vulnerable local host communities, affected by crises requiring food assistance for long-term livelihood recovery.

The first COVID-19 case in Cameroon was detected on 6 March and as of 30 July, a total of 17,255 cases was reported. Most of WFP activities successfully resumed in April and measures were taken to ensure safe provision of food assistance to beneficiaries. Sensitization messages on COVID-19 contamination modes were shared with beneficiaries, WFP staff and partners, including measures of raising awareness to prevent the spread of the disease.

The number of people facing food insecurity in Cameroon is projected at 2.1 million, including 254,371 severely food insecure, for the period of June to August 2020 (Cadre Harmonisé, March 2020). WFP has been present in Cameroon since 1978.



Population: 26.5 million (UNFPA 2020)

2018 Human Development Index: **150** out of **189**

Income Level: **Lower middle**

Chronic malnutrition: 31% of children between 6-59 months

Contact info: Frederick Martin (frederick.martin@wfp.org)
Country Director ad interim: Kinday Samba
Further information: www.wfp.org/countries/cameroon
Main photo. Caption: Phone distribution in the Far North
Credit: WFP/Glory Ndaka

In Numbers

4.662 mt of food assistance distributed

USD 0.78 m cash-based transfers made

USD 32.8 m six months (September 2020-February 2021) net funding requirements

490,098 people assisted in August 2020





Operational Updates

Unrestricted Resources Transfers (URTs)

- WFP provided in-kind food assistance to a total 344,769 affected people in the Far North, North, Adamawa, North West, South West and East regions.
 WFP food basket consists of cereals, pulses, vegetable oil and salt.
- A total of 47,362 people received food assistance through cash-based transfers (CBT) in North West, Adamawa, East and Far North regions.
- In the Far North region, 25,813 persons benefited from seasonal in-kind food assistance in Logone et Chari, Mayo Tsanaga and Mayo Danay districts.

Food assistance for assets (FFA)

- In the Far North region, cash was transferred to 11,050 beneficiaries (5,630 women and 5,420 men) amounting to XOF 118,511,250 (approx. USD 216,000) for their participation in strengthening and maintaining community assets during the months of March and April.
- Due to the inaccessibility of most of the sites following heavy rains, only 2,500 beneficiaries out of the 10,000 planned received food items for the participation in activities for the month of August. A total of 49 mt of food was distributed. In the North and Adamawa regions, 3,010 beneficiaries (602 households) were assisted with a total 88.5 mt of food items to cover their needs for the months of August, September and October.

Nutrition activities

- In August, a total of 88,514 children were assisted through malnutrition treatment and prevention programmes in the Far North, North, East, Adamawa, North West and South West regions and a total of 286 mothers received assistance in the Far North.
- In the North West and South West, a total of 6,961 pregnant and lactating women and girls received food assistance.
- In the East region, food by prescription distributions benefited to 2,640 antiretroviral therapy clients.
- WFP has initiated discussions with the National committee for fight against AIDS to conduct a food security and nutrition vulnerability assessment for people living with HIV across the 10 regions of Cameroon.

WFP Country Strategy



Country Strategic Plan (2018-2020)

Total Requirement	Allocated Contributions	Six Month Net Funding
(in USD)	(in USD)	Requirements (in USD)
108.1 m	66 m	32.8 m

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

Strategic Outcome 1: Populations affected by disasters, including refugees, IDPs and host populations in the Far North, North, Adamawa and Eastern regions have safe access to adequate and nutritious food during and after crises.

Focus area: Crisis response

Activities:

 Provide unconditional food assistance with accompanying social and behavioural change communication for vulnerable households affected by disaster.

Strategic Outcome 2: Vulnerable households in protracted displacement and communities at risk in chronically food-insecure areas have safe year-round access to adequate and nutritious food and increase their resilience to shocks. **Focus area:** Resilience building

Activities:

- Provide school feeding and a home-grown school feeding pilot for primary schoolchildren in target regions.
- Provide targeted seasonal food assistance to food-insecure host populations during lean seasons to address short-term gaps.
- Provide food assistance for assets creation in target communities to support early recovery.
- Provide food assistance to create productive assets and community market infrastructure and support environmental protection and adaption.

Strategic Result 2: End malnutrition

Strategic Outcome 3: Children aged 6-59 months and vulnerable women and men in food-insecure prioritized districts have reduced malnutrition rates in line with national standards by 2020.

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

- Implement malnutrition prevention activities including BSF for children aged 6-59 months, treatment of MAM for children aged 24-59 months and food by prescription for malnourished ART patients.
- Train community health workers in malnutrition prevention through multi-sectoral coordination systems and partnerships.
- Enhance capacities in health districts to implement the joint action plan and support SUN.

Strategic Result 3: Improve small holders' productivity

Strategic Outcome 4: Food-insecure smallholders, especially women, in prioritized districts of the Far North, North, Adamawa and Eastern Regions have sustainably increased incomes to enhance their self-reliance and livelihoods and improve their productivity by 2020.

Focus area: Resilience building

Activities:

 Provide technical assistance for small-scale farmers and cooperatives – prioritizing women's representation and leadership – in post-harvest management and value-chain opportunities, in collaboration with IFAD and FAO.

Strategic Result 5: Capacity strengthening

Strategic Outcome 5: The Government's work to achieve Zero Hunger is supported by effective partnerships by 2030.

Focus area: Root causes

Activities:

- Provide the Government with technical expertise to coordinate work for zero hunger and enhance early warning, preparedness and response planning.
- Provide technical expertise to partners and stakeholders in support
 of a national nutrition-sensitive, shock-responsive and genderresponsive safety net system, in collaboration with the World Bank,
 the International Labour Organization (ILO) and the Ministry of
 Territorial Administration, Decentralization and Social Development,
 and provide common management of information technology,
 warehouses and delivery corridors.

Gender and Protection

- WFP carried out a rapid protection risks assessment to identify risks associated with mobile money transfers.
- WFP continues to broadcast messages through SMS to sensitize on the COVID-19 pandemic as well as on good nutrition practices.

UNHAS

 UNHAS transported 181 passengers, 0.3 mt of light cargo, totalling 26 sorties and 32 flown hours. One Safety meeting and one user group meeting were respectively held on 19 and 7 August 2020.

Challenges

- The spread of the COVID-19 forces WFP to adapt to a new context. WFP and its partners managed to install safety measures and set up handwashing stations at distribution sites. WFP is reviewing its logistics capacities to procure enough food items to be able to provide two-month food assistance.
- Difficulty in organizing and coordinating movements of trucks and staff in the North West and South West regions due to regular "ghost-town" days, roadblocks, checkpoints and the volatile security situation.

Donors

European Commission, Germany, Japan, Republic of Korea, UN CERF, UK, USA