WFP supports the Ministry of Health (MISAU) to treat acute malnutrition in pregnant and lactating women (PLW) and MAM in children under five (CU5) within the PRN in 35 districts across six provinces, among them Tete, Zambézia and Nampula.

The main activities implemented by WFP are:

- procurement and delivery of specialized nutritious foods;
- capacity strengthening of government health staff at provincial and district levels;
- monitoring and evaluation.

An interactive Tableau dashboard for this project’s M&E can be found [here](#).

**WFP Nutrition and HIV programming in Tete, Zambézia & Nampula**

**Activity:** National Programme for Nutrition Rehabilitation (PRN) Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) treatment programme and community-based demand generation

**Donor:** Foreign, Commonwealth and Development Office (FCDO) [UK]

Nutritionist at health center assessing a child’s mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) to understand the level of malnutrition

WFP partner staff discussing programme services with a young mother

January 2021
A total of 22 health facilities in three districts of Tete are covered by WFP: Doa, Marara and Mutarara.

A total of 51 health facilities in five districts of Zambézia are covered by WFP: Chinde, Maganja da Costa, Namacurra, Nicoadala and Milange.

A total of 44 health facilities in four districts of Nampula are covered by WFP: Erati, Memba, Nacala-a-Velha and Monapo.

In addition to the three activities outlined on page 1, WFP also supports those districts in Nampula affected by cholera. In accordance with MISAU’s approved protocol, WFP provides specialized nutritious foods to cholera patients at health facilities, as well as at camps for internally displaced people who have fled the insurgency in Cabo Delgado. WFP is also supporting the vulnerable population in Marratane refugee camp with MAM treatment, through the camp’s health facility. This health facility covers the camp’s population, as well as several neighbouring communities.