In Numbers

48,728 mt of food assistance distributed

USD 0 m cash-based transfers made

USD 20.0 m six months (October 2021- March 2022) net funding requirements

10,868 people assisted in September 2021

Operational Updates

- WFP operations were temporarily interrupted after the National Committee for Rally and Development (CNRD) unseated the President of Guinea on 5 September, and subsequently announced the suspension of the Constitution, the dissolution of the Government, and the closure of borders. These incidents caused a temporary interruption in WFP’s collaboration with various ministries, negatively impacting WFP’s activities in the country. As of 30 September, Guinea’s borders have been reopened and the security situation remains calm.

- On 16 September, Guinea’s Ministry of Health declared the end of the Marburg virus disease outbreak after having recorded no new cases over the past 42 days. The virus was confirmed on 9 August, marking the first time the disease had ever emerged in Guinea and in West Africa. WFP provided logistics assistance through the United Nations Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS).

- Under the RESIGUI project, WFP completed the planning phase for the distribution of cash-based transfers (USD 1,485,558 in total) to 1,492 households (including 2,334 women). To be distributed in October, this assistance will support food-insecure people as part of WFP’s crisis response, recovery and resilience building activities.

- WFP provided nutrition assistance to 1,500 children aged 6-59 months, as well as 800 pregnant and lactating women and girls for the treatment of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) across the country. In addition, food and nutrition assistance was provided to 1,003 beneficiaries (52 percent women and 48 percent men) living with HIV and Tuberculosis in Conakry, Labé, Boké Kissidougou, Nzerekore and Faranah.

- WFP is having new strategic collaboration with private sector partners to back a new initiative aimed at supporting the continuity of WFP’s school feeding programme in Guinea.

Contact info: N’na Marie Fandie Cisse (nnamarie.cisse@wfp.org)
Country Director: Hyoung-Joon Um
Further information: www.wfp.org/countries/Guinea
Main photo: Credit: WFP/ Sayon Traore
Caption: Training of trainers on the false bottom technique
**Six-month net funding requirements as of 11 October 2021.**

**Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food**

**Strategic Outcome 1: Food-insecure populations, including pre- and primary school-aged children, in targeted areas have access to adequate and nutritious food all year round.**
**Focus area: Resilience Building**

**Activities:**
- Provide nutritious school feeding to pre- and primary school children including take home rations for girls prioritizing local purchase and strengthening partners’ capacities, including through social and behaviour change communication and nutrition-sensitive activities within the framework of HGSF approaches.

**Strategic Outcome 2: Crisis-affected populations in targeted areas are able to meet their basic food and nutrition needs during and in the aftermath of a crisis.**
**Focus area: Crisis Response**

**Activities:**
- Provide an integrated package of emergency food and nutrition assistance that includes gender-responsive and gender transformative social and behaviour change communication and livelihood support, for crisis-affected populations.

**Strategic Result 2: No one suffers from malnutrition**

**Strategic Outcome 3: Nutritionally vulnerable populations including children, pregnant and lactating women and girls, people living with HIV or TB and receiving treatment, persons with disabilities and orphans in Guinea, have improved nutritional status by 2030.**
**Focus area: Root Causes**

**Activities:**
- Support beneficiaries equitably - women, men, girls and boys - through the provision of specialized nutritious food and integrated programmes including social and behaviour change communication and strengthen partner’s capacities to prevent and treat malnutrition.

**Strategic Result 3: Sustainable food systems**

**Strategic Outcome 4: Food insecure and climate-affected populations including smallholder farmers, youth and women in targeted areas have improved livelihood sources, more efficient and inclusive value chains by 2030.**
**Focus area: Resilience Building**

**Activities:**
- Provide targeted groups with climate-resilient livelihood support that enables them to sustainably increase and diversify their role along the food value chain, strengthens their access to markets including school feeding and HGSF interventions and improves food handling and processing.

**Strategic Result 4: Countries strengthened capacities**

**Strategic Outcome 5: National institutions have enhanced capacities in the design and use of management systems for food security and nutrition, social protection and disaster risk by 2030.**
**Focus area: Resilience Building**

**Activities:**
- Deliver capacity-strengthening support to national institutions and other partners including through South-South Cooperation in the design and use of systems for the management of social protection, emergency preparedness and response, disaster risk, post-harvest losses and supply chain for food security and nutrition objectives.

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**WFP Guinea Country Brief**
**September 2021**

**Funding Gap**
- Despite the critical funding gap of USD 6.6 million for school feeding activities over the next six months (October - March 2022), **WFP is preparing for the new school year starting in October** to provide hot meals to 150,000 children (67,500 girls and 82,500 boys) in over 1,216 primary and preschools. If no funding is received, WFP’s school feeding programme will be disrupted as early as January 2022, **depriving 150,000 vulnerable schoolchildren of their only certain hot meal during the day**.
- **WFP requires a total of USD 20 million for the next 6 months** to cover resource gaps across all its ICSP activities. The lack of funding would negatively affect 200,000 food insecure people including 20,000 vulnerable children aged 6-23 months and cash-based transfers to 100,000 people.

**Monitoring**
- According to WFP’s **mobile Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping** study conducted in September, 66 percent of households had a poor food consumption score (poor and borderline), representing 51 percent of the population – an increase compared to 48 percent last month. Over 45 percent of households surveyed reported difficulties in accessing markets, while 93 percent had difficulties in accessing health centres. Nationally, 61 percent of surveyed households used at least one livelihood-based coping strategy, including the use of savings to buy food (56 percent), borrowing money (46 percent), or reducing non-food expenditures (46 percent).

**Donors**
Donors in 2021 include Canada, Germany, Norway, European Commission, China, Private donors, and Switzerland. Additional support was provided by UN CERF, UN Peacebuilding Fund and UNICEF.