

## COUNTRY CONTEXT

progress in  
**poverty reduction and social development**

high  
**inequality**

food  
**insecurity** in  
poverty pockets  
in remote areas

**30.5**  
million people **below**  
**poverty line** (2018)

## COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN focused on five **strategic outcomes**

USD million  
**31**  
CSP budget

**1**

pre-school  
**nutrition**

**2**

farming  
**livelihoods and resilience**

**3**

natural  
disaster  
**response**

**4**

South-South  
**Cooperation**

**5**

partnerships

## EVALUATION covers WFP activities from 2017 to 2020, under the China Country Strategic Plan (2017-2021)

August **2020**

April **2021**

*Evidence and lessons to inform the development of the new Country Strategic Plan in China*



online survey  
of **13** WFP  
country offices

**103**

interviews  
with stakeholders



gender  
sensitive  
and **ethical**  
**approach**



documents  
**review**



hybrid approach  
due to **COVID-19**

## CONCLUSIONS



CSP is aligned with  
the direction of the  
government and  
relevant to needs



Evidence generation  
on added value of  
WFP-China  
partnership in  
domestic programme  
is insufficient



Centre of Excellence  
for technical  
assistance was  
appreciated but could  
be better adapted to  
specific contexts



Stabilizing the current  
financial model  
through a more  
strategic funding  
approach is needed  
for WFP to access  
development funding  
from China

## RECOMMENDATIONS

**1**

Strengthen strategic  
engagement priorities  
and areas of expertise  
to maximize global  
impact of the WFP-  
China partnership

**2**

Identify effective ways  
of working with  
internal and external  
stakeholder groups in  
China

**3**

Strengthen processes  
in domestic  
programme and the  
Centre of Excellence for  
capturing, sharing and  
communicating results,  
and enhancing learning

**4**

Develop a clear plan for  
firming up China's long-  
term contributions to  
WFP