COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN REVISION

REVISION

|Morocco| country strategic plan, revision |01|

Gender and age marker code: 3

	Current	Change	Revised
Duration	01 July 2019 - 31 December 2021	1 year extension	01 January 2022 - 31 December 2022
Beneficiaries	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total cost (USD)	400 000	-	400 000
Transfer	241 942	4 667	246 609
Implementation	80 000	-	80 000
Direct support costs	53 645	- 4 667	48 978
Subtotal	375 587	•	375 587
Indirect support costs (6.5 percent)	24 413	-	24 413

1. RATIONALE

1. For better alignment with the Moroccan Government's strategic priorities and needs, the UN system in Morocco is currently working on a new United Nations Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework (UNSDCF) for 2023-2027. The current budget revision is thus a one-year extension in time without budget increase and aims at continuing planned engagements outlined in the CSP while contributing to the UNSDCF 2023-2027 and conducting a landscaping of programmatic and funding opportunities that will potentially shape the next CSP.

2. CHANGES

Strategic orientation

2. This BR does not change the strategic orientation of the current CSP but will seek to align its programmatic activities, during 2022, with the Moroccan government updated strategies and priorities. A new output has been added to cater for WFP evidence generation support.

Strategic Outcomes

- 3. In 2022, WFP will continue to provide capacity strengthening, through ad-hoc technical assistance and advice to key governmental partners on school feeding. WFP is no longer asked to pursue the development of the central kitchen and canteen in the city of Inezgane as the Ministry of Education had opted for the privatization of the National School Meals Programme (NSMP) and the decentralization of its administration to regional academies.
- 4. In addition, a landscaping study of programmatic and funding opportunities will be performed to:

- i. Take stock of new Government policies and projected implementation efforts that are related to social protection, support to smallholder farmers and rural women and nutrition.
- ii. Study the opportunity of bringing in innovative approaches and solution exchanges through South South and Triangular Cooperation (SSTC) within the following scope:
 - a) Providing technical assistance to the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Education, via the regional academies in the management of the regionalization and privatization of the National School Meals Programme (NSMP). Special attention will be brought to strengthening the regulatory, procedural and governance frameworks of the NSMP, the development of standards and manuals, and the monitoring of the efficacy and efficiency of the programme.
 - b) Exploring pragmatic and innovative ways of linking smallholder farmers, especially women in cooperatives and living in poor rural areas, to the relevant private sector actors such as agribusiness industry and food wholesalers and retailers.
 - c) Sharing Morocco's successful experiences and expertise in food security, production and technologies, and the promotion of agricultural value chains with Sub-Saharan African Countries.
- 5. WFP is one of 11 co-sponsoring organizations of the Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS (UNAIDS) and is the lead agency for ensuring that food and nutrition support is integrated into national HIV and TB strategies. In collaboration with UNAIDS, WFP will provide support to the Ministry of Health to conduct a national nutrition and food security study of people living with HIV (PLHIV) in Morroco.

Partnerships:

- 6. WFP will develop a partnership with the Pan-African Organization for Fighting Aids (Organisation Pan-Africaine De Lutte Contre Le Sida OPALS) to conduct a study on the food security and nutrition status of PLHIV in Morocco.
- 7. Upon request of the Ministry of Agriculture, WFP will seek enhanced partnerships and coordination with other Rome-based Agencies (FAO, IFAD) to support bridging the gap between rural and urban areas and maximizing positive impacts on smallholder farmers.
- 8. Similarly, discussions are underway with UNICEF and WHO on strengthening the social protection mechanisms to make them gender and nutrition sensitive.

Beneficiary analysis

9. Not applicable.

Transfers

10. Not applicable.

3. COST BREAKDOWN

11. No change.