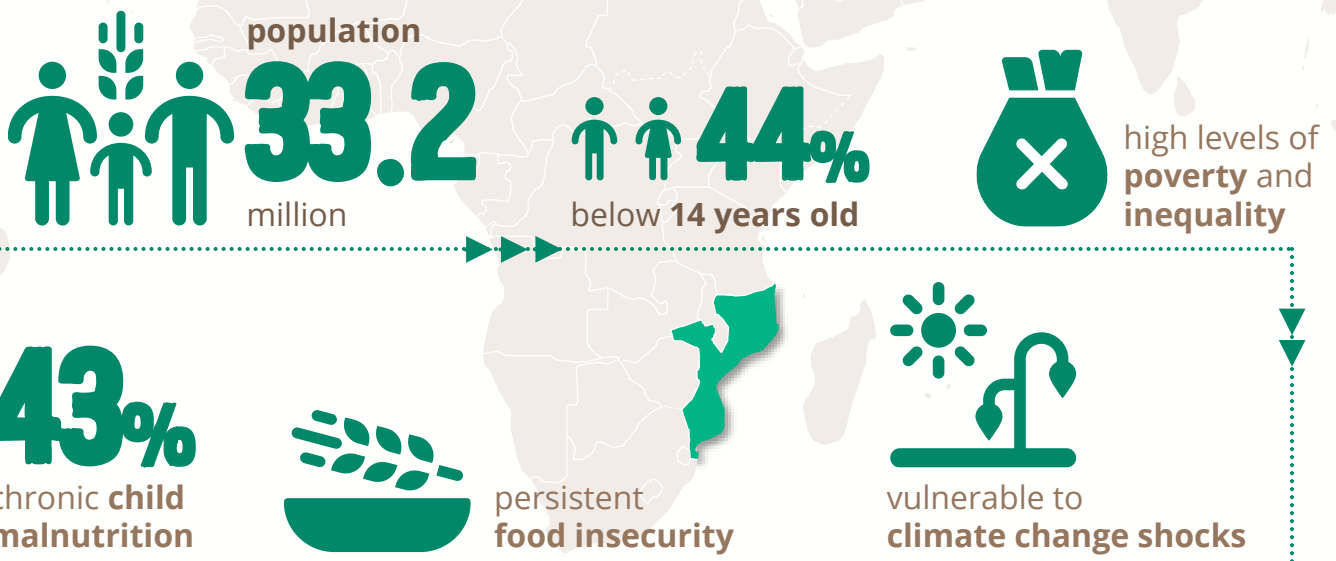


COUNTRY CONTEXT



COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN focused on seven strategic outcomes

- 1 access to adequate and nutritious **food**
- 2 meet basic **food** and **nutrition** needs of shock affected people
- 3 access to nutritious **food** of children in chronically food insecure areas
- 4 Improve **nutrition** status of targeted people in prioritized areas
- 5 enhance **livelihoods** of small holder farmers
- 6 efficient **supply chains** and information/communications **technology**
- 7 efficient **logistic** support services

rose from **167.7** USD million in 2017 to **1.1** USD billion in 2021 **CSP budget**

EVALUATION covers WFP activities implemented between 2016 and August 2021



document review

134 interviews with stakeholders

in-country mission

hybrid approach due to **COVID-19**

E-survey

CONCLUSIONS



- WFP's comparative advantage in life saving interventions confirmed
- Shift to technical assistance relevant but overshadowed by emergencies
- Positive contributions to building resilience at local level, but effectiveness across the nexus requires stronger internal and external coherence
- Progress in capacity strengthening hindered largely by lack of a comprehensive programmatic framework jointly agreed with the Government
- Gender widely mainstreamed but protection and disability require further attention

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1 Keep the strategic direction of the new CSP in humanitarian assistance alongside development interventions within a long-term vision
- 2 Position WFP as ready and able to strengthen the Humanitarian-Development-Peace Nexus in Mozambique
- 3 Continue to strengthen and diversify strategic partnerships to enhance efficiency and effectiveness of the new CSP
- 4 Enhance organizational readiness to play a more catalytic role in delivering the CSP
- 5 Define a fundraising and advocacy strategy centered on donors and International Financial Institutions