Crisis response revision of Mali country strategic plan (2020–2024) and corresponding budget increase

	Current	Change	Revised	
Duration	uration 1 January 2020– 31 December 2024		1 January 2020– 31 December 2024	
Beneficiaries	6 280 750	5 136 246	11 416 996	
,		(USD)		
Total cost	695 749 318	459 168 490	1 154 917 807	
Transfers	569 766 013	387 774 777	957 540 790	
Implementation	48 925 543	28 751 333	77 676 876	
Adjusted direct support costs	34 836 928	14 715 921	49 552 850	
Subtotal	653 528 484	431 242 031	1 084 770 515	
Indirect support costs (6.5 percent)	42 220 833	27 926 458	70 147 292	

Gender and age marker code*: 3

Rationale

- 1. Amid spiralling conflict, climatic shocks, production shocks, food inflation and the continued erosion of livelihoods and economic hardship, food and nutrition security in Mali is rapidly deteriorating, requiring a response scale up. According to the November 2021 cadre harmonisé, 1.8 million people are projected to be in need of food assistance during the coming lean season, a 41 percent increase compared to 2021, representing the highest levels of food insecurity over the last ten years. The prevalence of acute malnutrition among children age 6–59 months is rising, particularly in the region of Menaka (17 percent), which stands above the emergency threshold, while 31 of 51 districts (*cercles*) present a critical nutrition situation¹.
- 2. The irregularity of the 2021 rainy season has affected crop and pasture production. Localities in central Mali are most severely affected by production decreases with up to 25 percent reduction². Persistent conflict particularly in Segou and Mopti regions means that communities are facing difficulties in accessing their lands.
- 3. An increase in prices of the main food staples is observed for locally produced foods³, impacting vulnerable households' access to food. The risk of food inflation is accentuated by recent sanctions against Mali by the Economic Community of West African States and the West African Economic and Monetary Union.

^{*} http://gender.manuals.wfp.org/en/gender-toolkit/gender-in-programming/gender-and-age-marker/.

¹ Ministry of Health and Social Development, Nutrition Cluster. SMART October 2021.

² Ministry of Rural Development, African Risk Capacity, WFP. *Rapport spécial de suivi de la campagne agricole 2021–2022*. October 2021.

³ Observatoire du Marché Agricole, WFP. Bulletin mensuel de suivi des marchés agricoles. October 2021.

4. The 2022 Humanitarian Needs Overview estimates 6.3 million people to be in need of assistance (30 percent of the population). As of December 2021, the ongoing conflict had displaced over 350,000 persons.

Changes

Strategic orientation

5. The strategic orientation of the country strategic plan (CSP) remains unchanged and no additional activities will be included.

Strategic outcomes

- 6. The purpose of this budget revision is to scale-up WFP's emergency food and nutrition response in crisis-affected regions for the remainder of the CSP. These changes concern activities 1 and 2 under strategic outcome 1 and activity 12 under strategic outcome 2. It will also expand nutrition value chains as part of activity 4 under strategic outcome 3. Further, the budget revision will introduce adjustments to activity 3 under strategic outcome 2 and activity 5 under strategic outcome 4.
- 7. Strategic outcome 1. WFP is scaling up assistance for internally displaced persons (IDPs), host communities, and households affected by the lean season. The increase in caseload will be of a larger magnitude for 2022 amid the alarming outlook for the upcoming lean season, but emergency food assistance is increased for the remainder of the CSP in response to the overall deterioration.
- 8. Vulnerable IDPs will be assisted for nine months with six months of full rations, which will be reduced by 50 percent from the seventh to the ninth month and complemented with assets creation support, where feasible and contingent on funding. Vulnerable host families will receive three months of half rations and likewise be supported through resilience initiatives.
- 9. During the pastoral and agricultural lean season, WFP will assist vulnerable pastoral and agricultural households for three and four months respectively to complement Government distributions under the national response plan. In addition, WFP will expand the provision of blanket supplementary feeding for children age 6–23 months and pregnant and lactating women and girls under activity 2.
- 10. Strategic outcome 2. The initial CSP foresaw a significant expansion of the school feeding programme. In order to ensure sustainability WFP will only open new canteens where funding situation and security conditions allow continuity of services. In order to align CSP targets with the operational reality faced during the first two year of the project, including the significant perturbations to primary education in Mali, the caseload for activity 3 is realigned with the revised targeted number of the children for the remainder of the CSP.
- 11. WFP actively supports the evolving national social protection system that ensures a minimum income for the most vulnerable households included in the single social registry. The planned caseload for activity 12 will increase in the remaining three years of the CSP as WFP scales up assistance in alignment with national systems.
- 12. *Strategic outcome* 3. WFP will expand its innovative nutrition-sensitive value chain approach in Kayes and Koulikoro regions.
- 13. *Strategic outcome 4*. The in-kind modality will be phased out for activity 5 and cash-based transfer (CBT) increased, while the assistance period will increase to 120 days.
- 14. *Strategic outcome 5*. Additional budget for equipment and supplies has been added for national capacity strengthening under activity 6.

15. Strategic outcome 6. The budget for activity 7 is increased for the remainder of the CSP in response to the progressive rise in demand for United Nations Humanitarian Air Service services. Activity 9, engineering, is extended from 2022 to 2023 with a contingency due to increased activity and renovations needs. Activity 10, ECHO Flight, is extended from 2022 to 2024.

Targeting approach and beneficiary analysis

16. WFP will reinforce the beneficiary targeting process to minimize inclusion and exclusion errors and undertake in-depth analysis to prioritize IDPs and host families who fully rely on WFP-provided assistance to meet their basic needs. Priority will be given to households with poor food consumption. Focus groups with various community segments will help refine selection criteria.

Transfer modalities

17. Following the results of the multi-sectorial assessments, WFP will establish the most appropriate modality of assistance, along with the delivery mechanism for CBTs. Market surveys, along with consultation with specific groups, will support the decision process, particularly on the value of the transfers for each activity. WFP is currently updating the minimum expenditure basket in partnership with Government and partners.

Partnerships

18. A thorough review of WFP's cooperating partners has taken place and new ones are being selected. WFP will proceed with regular spot checks of partners' activity management.

Country office capacity

19. WFP is realigning its staffing considering the operational context and recruiting additional seasoned international staff, particularly at field office levels. The office structure will be reviewed to enable digitalization of processes, full SCOPE (WFP's digital beneficiary information and transfer management platform) implementation, and reinforce fraud mitigation measures.

Supply chain challenges

20. WFP will review food supply corridors to position Ségou as hub for dispatches to the North. WFP will reassess all service providers. Currently, WFP is doing a review of retailers in the country through retail onboarding and contracting.

Monitoring and evaluation

21. WFP will open a sub-office in Ségou in early 2022 to reinforce the monitoring of activities and expand its geographical presence. WFP will increase the number of its third-party monitoring partners and enhance data triangulation. Viamo, a digital company, has been contracted to remotely cross-check distribution information from key informants. The community feedback mechanism will be expanded to new geographical areas and sensitization messages will reach beneficiaries through electronic channels.

Proposed transition/handover strategy

22. WFP will link the relief intervention with its integrated resilience package by gradually shifting the beneficiaries whose food security situation has improved, but remains fragile, from emergency assistance to resilience-building activities based on periodical assessments.

Risk management

23. WFP is reviewing its humanitarian access strategy, along with the utilization of new tools, to enable sustained and safe access to the beneficiaries, and is setting up an internal access working group to review its operational challenges and the convene on the most appropriate modes to reach beneficiaries. Training on access negotiation for staff and partners have been initiated and will be expanded. WFP will also remain fully engaged in joint United Nations access initiatives. WFP's risk register will be updated on a quarterly basis and mitigation measures systematically implemented.

Beneficiary analysis

- 24. About 5 million additional vulnerable and food insecure persons will be targeted under the CSP for 2022–2024. The caseload increases mainly concern activities 1 and 2 in support of displaced households, vulnerable host community members, and households severely affected by the lean season. Under activity 1 the caseload covers 2 329 121 persons with food and 5,717,394 persons with CBTs. The increase will be most pronounced in 2022 and decrease in the remaining two years. Nutrition activities under activity 2 will be scaled to a level similar to 2021.
- 25. The school feeding programme under activity 3 is adjusted 43 percent downwards to 200,000 beneficiaries per year or 800,000 for the duration of the CSP. The initial scale up plan which has been jeopardized by various external factors will be reviewed to reflect the effective number of children that will be targeted. Support to vulnerable households in the single social registry under activity 12 is increased to cover 1,022,798 persons or more than five-fold each year compared to when the activity was introduced with budget revision 3.
- 26. WFP will expand malnutrition prevention under activity 4 and target 233,000 persons with food and 279,040 persons with CBTs.
- 27. For activity 5 the in-kind modality is phased out in favour of CBTs. As the same beneficiaries would receive food and cash the caseload for CSP duration will not decrease. Overall caseload will only decrease slightly due to a technical adjustment.

	TABLE 1: DIRECT BENEFICIARIES BY STRATEGIC OUTCOME, ACTIVITY AND MODALITY										
Strategic outcome	Activity and modality	Period	Girls (0–18 years)	Boys (0–18 years)	Women (18+ years)	Men (18+ years)	Total				
1	1	Current	124 382	121 920	167 664	164 344	578 310				
	Food	Increase/(decrease)	315 146	315 146	560 260	560 260	1 750 811				
		Revised	439 528	437 066	727 924	724 603	2 329 121				
	1 CBT	Current	542 917	531 797	1 022 769	993 696	3 091 178				
		Increase/(decrease)	472 719	472 719	840 389	840 389	2 626 216				
		Revised	1 015 635	1 004 516	1 863 158	1 834 085	5 717 394				
	2	Current	684 864	654 323	315 639	-	1 654 826				
	Food	Increase/(decrease)	298 835	292 477	44 507	-	635 820				
		Revised	983 700	946 800	360 146	-	2 290 646				
	2	Current	134 713	127 532	185 003	2 573	449 821				
	CBT	Increase/(decrease)	156 597	1 582	-	-	158 179				

	TABLE 1: DIRECT BENEFICIARIES BY STRATEGIC OUTCOME, ACTIVITY AND MODALITY										
Strategic outcome	Activity and modality	Period	Girls (0–18 years)	Boys (0–18 years)	Women (18+ years)	Men (18+ years)	Total				
		Revised	291 310	129 114	185 003	2 573	608 000				
2	3	Current	40 400	39 600	-	-	80 000				
	Food	Increase/(decrease)	-	-	-	-	-				
		Revised	40 400	39 600	-	-	80 000				
	3	Current	479 750	470 250	-	-	950 000				
	CBT	Increase/(decrease)	(116 150)	(113 850)	-	-	(230 000)				
		Revised	363 600	356 400	-	-	720 000				
	12	Current	60 387	59 191	107 354	105 228	332 160				
	CBT	Increase/(decrease)	124 315	124 315	221 004	221 004	690 638				
		Revised	184 702	183 506	328 358	326 232	1 022 798				
3	4	Current	-	51 450	53 550	-	105 000				
Food 4	Food	Increase/(decrease)	62 720	65 280	-	-	128 000				
		Revised	62 720	116 730	53 550	-	233 000				
		Current	79 519	16 192	21 503	3 326	120 540				
	CBT	Increase/(decrease)	23 775	22 190	103 025	9 510	158 500				
		Revised	103 294	38 382	124 528	12 836	279 040				
4	5	Current	98 280	96 120	222 240	123 360	540 000				
	Food	Increase/(decrease)	(7 200)	(7 200)	(12 800)	(12 800)	(40 000)				
		Revised	91 080	89 920	209 440	110 560	500 000				
	5	Current	98 280	96 120	222 240	123 360	540 000				
	CBT	Increase/(decrease)	(7 200)	(7 200)	(12 800)	(12 800)	(40 000)				
		Revised	91 080	88 920	209 440	110 560	500 000				
	5	Current	-	-	98 700	183 300	282 000				
	capacity strengthening	Increase/(decrease)	-	-	-	-	-				
	3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3	Revised	-	-	98 700	183 300	282 000				
Total (with	out overlap)	Current	1 645 912	1 592 563	1 738 989	1 303 285	6 280 750				
		Increase/(decrease)	1 162 795	1 024 650	1 534 701	1 414 100	5 136 246				
		Revised	2 808 707	2 617 214	3 273 691	2 717 385	11 416 996				

Transfers

28. Based on feasibility assessments and price monitoring to inform adjustments to transfer values WFP intends to, based on evidence, scale up the CBT modality. CSP food requirements will accordingly reduce.

TABLE 2: TOTAL FOOD/CASH-BASED TRANSFER REQUIREMENTS AND VALUE									
Food type/cash-based	Current budget		Inc	rease	Revised budget				
transfer	Total (<i>mt</i>)	Total (<i>USD</i>)	Total (<i>mt</i>)	Total (<i>USD</i>)	Total (<i>mt</i>)	Total (<i>USD</i>)			
Cereals	45 095	20 504 721	(15 375)	(6 304 842)	29 720	14 199 879			
Pulses	9 961	7 725 481	4 122	1 396 220	14 083	9 121 702			
Oil and fats	3 395	3 743 812	501	744 116	3 895	4 487 928			
Mixed and blended foods	32 708	35 793 688	(10 080)	(2 633 031)	22 628	33 160 657			
Other	304	19 509	(114)	560 883	191	580 392			
Total (food)	91 464	67 787 211	(20 946)	(6 236 654)	70 518	61 550 557			
Cash-based transfers	-	307 390 670	-	324 633 676	1	632 024 345			
Total (food and cash- based transfer value)	91 464	375 177 881	(20 946)	318 397 021	70 518	693 574 902			

Cost breakdown

TABLE 3: COST BREAKDOWN OF THE REVISION ONLY (USD)										
	Strategic Result 1/ SDG target 2.1	Strategic Result 1/ SDG target 2.1	Strategic Result 2/ SDG target 2.2	Strategic Result 3/ SDG target 2.3	Strategic Result 5/ SDG target 17.9	Strategic Result 8/SDG target 17.16	Total			
	Strategic outcome 1	Strategic outcome 2	Strategic outcome 3	Strategic outcome 4	Strategic outcome 5	Strategic outcome 6				
Focus area	Crisis response	Resilience building	Resilience building	Resilience building	Resilience building	Crisis response				
Transfers	273 720 475	39 572 033	45 003 447	7 241 803	1 800 000	20 437 019	387 774 777			
Implementation	22 391 604	2 796 108	1 537 478	1 007 542	-	1 018 602	28 751 333			
Adjusted direct support costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	14 715 921			
Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	431 242 031			
Indirect support costs (6.5 percent)	-	-	-	-	-	-	27 926 458			
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	459 168 490			

Abbreviation: SDG = Sustainable Development Goal.

TABLE 4: OVERALL CSP COST BREAKDOWN, AFTER REVISION (USD)										
	Strategic Result 1/ SDG target 2.1	Strategic Result 1/ SDG target 2.1	Strategic Result 2/ SDG target 2.2	Strategic Result 3/ SDG target 2.3	Strategic Result 5/ SDG Target 17.9	Strategic Result 8/ SDG Target 17.16	Total			
	Strategic outcome 1	Strategic outcome 2	Strategic outcome 3	Strategic outcome 4	Strategic outcome 5	Strategic outcome 6				
Focus area	Crisis response	Resilience building	Resilience building	Resilience building	Resilience building	Crisis response				
Transfers	550 513 879	130 728 537	90 768 149	114 326 333	8 959 069	62 244 822	957 540 790			
Implementa tion	45 754 761	11 222 009	5 381 184	11 541 329	895 061	2 882 532	77 676 876			
Adjusted direct support costs	28 296 153	6 876 031	4 697 255	6 134 202	478 591	3 070 618	49 552 850			
Subtotal	624 564 794	148 826 576	100 846 588	132 001 864	10 332 722	68 197 972	1 084 770 515			
Indirect support costs (6.5 percent)	40 596 712	9 673 727	6 555 028	8 580 121	671 627	4 070 076	70 147 292			
Total	665 161 505	158 500 304	107 401 616	140 581 986	11 004 349	72 268 048	1 154 917 807			