In Numbers

2,833 MT of food distributed

US$ 180,094 cash distributed

US$ 171.02 million six-month (September 2022 – February 2023) net funding requirements

342,211 people assisted in August 2022

Flood Response

- Pakistan is facing the worst floods in decades. One-third of the country is under water and nearly 33 million people are in need of urgent assistance, with reports of casualties and widespread damage on crop and infrastructure. In response, WFP is rapidly scaling up its response to cover the needs of 1.9 million people across flood-affected districts, which requires an estimated total of US$ 152 million.

- As of 18 September, WFP has provided 581,928 people in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), Balochistan and Sindh with emergency food assistance and livelihoods support; as well as 6,909 vulnerable children and pregnant and lactating women (PLW) with specialised nutritious food through a blanket supplementary feeding initiative.

- WFP will transition to recovery support programmes to strengthen the resilience and climate change adaptive capacity of flood-affected communities, once the initial relief response concludes. The provision of cash stipends, linked to participation in livelihood or community rehabilitation activities, will continue until early 2023.

- WFP is supporting the National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) with the logistics, storage and management of relief cargo. WFP deployed 11 logistics staff members to major airports to support the coordination and management of incoming relief cargo, as well as 18 mobile surge units to augment NDMA’s storage capacities. WFP is working with partners to collect and disseminate information on logistics and access issues through the WFP-led Logistics Working Group. The Working Group provides regularly updated access constraints maps that are shared among humanitarian actors.

- WFP supported a multi-sectoral rapid needs assessment conducted by the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) in the worst flood-affected districts of Balochistan Province. Findings suggested that 360,000 people have been severely affected by the floods and thus far, only 16 percent of the assessed villages have received some form of assistance. In addition, 50 percent of flood-affected households reported that markets were only partially functional, while 23 percent reported that they were non-functional. More than 70 percent of affected people had insufficient financial resources to purchase food. Furthermore, more than two-thirds of flood-affected people identified cash and food support as priority needs. WFP is in the process of supporting OCHA with further needs assessments for Sindh, KP and Punjab provinces.
WFP Country Strategy

## Country Strategic Plan (2018-2022)

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<tr>
<td>475.33 m</td>
<td>452.19 m</td>
<td>171.02 m</td>
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### Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

#### Strategic Outcome 1: Affected populations in Pakistan have timely access to adequate food and nutrition during and in the aftermath of natural disasters and shocks (SDG 2.1).

**Focus area:** Crisis response

**Activities:**
- Unconditional resource transfers to support access to food
- Asset creation and livelihood support activities

### Strategic Result 2: No one suffers from malnutrition

#### Strategic Outcome 2: The social protection system at the federal and provincial levels provides the populations most in need, especially women, adolescent girls and children, with improved and sustained access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food by 2022.

**Focus area:** Root Causes

**Activities:**
- Institutional capacity strengthening activities
- School meal activities

### Strategic Result 4: Food systems are sustainable

#### Strategic Outcome 4: Communities in disaster prone districts have more resilient food systems and development gains are better protected by disaster risk management systems at all levels by 2022.

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activities:**
- Climate adaptation and risk management activities.
- Emergency preparedness activities

### Strategic Result 5: Countries have strengthened capacity to implement the SDGs (SDG target 17.9)

#### Strategic Outcome 5: Federal and provincial systems have strengthened capabilities to provide food security and essential services by 2022.

**Focus area:** Root Causes

**Activities:**
- Institutional capacity strengthening activities.

## Operational Updates

- WFP provided 109,200 children under five and 82,193 PLW with specialized nutritious food and health support, through the national stunting prevention programme, 'Benazir Nashonuma'. The programme supports people registered with the Government's largest social safety net, 'Benazir Income Support Programme (BISP)'. In addition to food and health support, enrolled women also receive supplementary cash transfers. The programme is currently implemented through 108 fully operational facilitation centres with plans to expand to 500 centres, across 141 districts. WFP aims to reach 1.7 million women and children through the programme, over the next three years.

- Through its Community-Based Management of Acute Malnutrition (CMAM) programme in KP and Azad Jammu and Kashmir regions, WFP provided 59,598 malnourished children and PLW with specialised nutritious food through 149 sites under its targeted supplementary feeding programme.

- WFP is promoting the consumption of fortified wheat flour in Pakistan. WFP provided technical and financial support, enabling 50 Chakkis or small-scale-mills owners to fortify their wheat flour, since nearly 70 percent of Pakistan's population purchases its wheat from local Chakkis. Through these 50 Chakkis, some 350,986 individuals received fortified whole wheat flour in August.

- To support the ongoing humanitarian crisis in its neighbouring country Afghanistan, WFP Pakistan continues to facilitate the transport of food commodities from Pakistan into Afghanistan. In August, 12,434 MT of locally procured food was dispatched to Afghanistan, bringing the total amount of locally produced commodities dispatched to 182,675 MT since August 2021. In addition, 10,556 MT of international shipments carrying food commodities have been cleared in Karachi and either dispatched to Afghanistan or stored in WFP Pakistan's warehouses for onward transportation to Afghanistan, bringing the total amount shipped to 10,556 MT since August 2021.

## Donors

Australia, Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation, Canada, China, ECHO, Emergency Preparedness and Response Trust Fund, Germany, Italy, Japan, Republic of Korea, Norway, Pakistan, Saudi Arabia, Switzerland, UN Centralized Emergency Response Fund (CERF) and USA.