



World Food Programme Mozambique Country Strategic Plan 2022-2026

WORKING WITH THE GOVERNMENT
TO BUILD LONG-TERM RESILIENCE
IN MOZAMBIQUE

WFP Mozambique
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SAVING
LIVES

CHANGING
LIVES

WFP Mozambique Country Strategic Plan (2022-2026)

SDG 2	SDG 2	SDG 2	SDG 17	SDG 17	SDG 17
2.1 Access to Food	2.2 End Malnutrition	2.4 Sustainable Food Systems	17.9 Capacity Strengthening	17.16 Enhance Global Partnerships	
<p>HRP Strategic Objectives: 1 – Life Saving 2 – Life-sustaining 3 – Protection</p>	<p>UNSDCF Strategic Priority 1: Human development</p>	<p>UNSDCF Strategic Priority 2: Economic diversification & sustainable livelihoods</p> <p>Strategic Priority 3: Climate resilience & sustainable use of natural resources</p>	<p>UNSDCF Strategic Priority 1: Human development</p>	<p>UNSDCF Strategic Priority 1: Human development</p>	<p>HRP Strategic Objectives: 1 – Life Saving 2 – Life-sustaining 3 – Protection</p>
<p>SO 1 Crisis-affected populations in targeted areas can meet their essential food and nutrition needs immediately prior to, during and in the aftermath of shocks.</p>	<p>SO 2 By 2030, all forms of malnutrition are reduced, primarily among children, women and girls, through enhanced gender equity and improved access to and availability and uptake of healthy diets and health services.</p>	<p>SO 3 Vulnerable and shock-affected communities, households, women and young people, in targeted areas have more equitable, resilient, sustainable and climate-smart livelihoods, through enhanced adaptive and productive capacities, that enable them to meet their food and nutritional needs, by 2030.</p>	<p>SO 4 By 2030, national and subnational actors have strengthened capacity and systems to protect and improve the human capital of at-risk and shock-affected populations.</p>	<p>SO 5 Humanitarian and development actors benefit from a range of available services to help them implement their programmes and support their beneficiaries in an efficient, effective and reliable way throughout the year.</p>	<p>SO 6 National and sub-national institutions and partners are able to implement their programmes and support affected populations in an efficient, effective and reliable way during times of crisis.</p>
<p>ACTIVITY 1 Provide integrated food and nutrition assistance to conflict and disaster-affected people.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY 2 Support national and local actors in the delivery of nutrition specific and -sensitive multi-sectoral interventions that address malnutrition.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY 3 Provide an integrated package of support to enhance the climate-adaptive, productive, aggregation, marketing and decision making capacities of communities, particularly women and young smallholder farmers.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY 4 Support national and government actors in preparing for, responding to and recovering from natural and man-made disasters.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 5 Support the Government in the development and operation of nationally owned home-grown school feeding programmes for chronically vulnerable or shock-affected primary schoolchildren.</p>	<p>ACTIVITY 6 Provide on-demand cash transfer services to government partners, other United Nations entities, and national and international non-governmental organizations.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 7 Provide on-demand food procurement services to the Government and humanitarian and development partners.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 8 Provide on-demand services (e.g. administrative and supply chain services and common platforms).</p>	<p>ACTIVITY 9 Provide appropriate coordination, planning and information sharing with all humanitarian partners through the establishment of suitable coordination mechanisms for the food security sector.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 10 Provide an appropriate platform for logistics coordination and services.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 11 Provide preparedness and emergency communications services.</p> <p>ACTIVITY 12 Provide UNHAS services.</p>



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Supporting the Government to implement the 2030 Agenda – a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity

People-centred

The CSP places people, including those most at risk of being left behind (such as, women, persons with disabilities, and those with multiple, intersecting needs) at the centre of programme design and operational response; taking steps to understand and address the risks they face, prioritizing those in the most vulnerable situations, promoting inclusion and actively seeking feedback.

Gender equality & women's empowerment

WFP will pursue a gender-transformative approach that realizes gender inequalities and the associated power imbalances as a root cause of food insecurity. Recognising women and girls as pillars in their communities, the CSP prioritises women's empowerment as a means to achieving gender equality, which in turn strengthens societies and contributes to stable, resilient economies where everyone has the opportunity to fulfil their potential.

Humanitarian-principled

WFP will protect the space for principled humanitarian action by promoting all four humanitarian principles (humanity, neutrality, impartiality and operational independence) while integrating conflict sensitivity.

Country-owned

WFP will prioritize strengthening and working through national programmes and systems, enabling more people to be reached more sustainably and with a higher return on investment than long-term direct interventions by WFP and other international actors.

Context-specific & risk-informed

Pro-active identification and mitigation of risks combined with context analysis enables WFP to better understand changing socio-cultural, political, economic and geographic factors that influence nutrition and food security, give rise to crises and can hamper or enable responses. Therefore, WFP systematically embeds risk management in its operations, and ensures programme strategies are context-specific and risk-informed, (for example, in Mozambique, conflict- and gender-sensitive programming approaches are applied across the CSP), thus supporting governments, communities and households to better manage multiple and divergent risks.

Evidence-driven

The country strategy is informed by evidence, assessments and evaluations and was developed through broad-based consultations. Working with partners, WFP Mozambique will continue to be at the forefront of evidence-generation, particularly in adaptation to climate change and nutrition sectors, to inform and advocate for sufficiently-resourced, appropriate collective responses to achieve sustainable solutions.

Partnership based

Robust collaboration across a broad and diversified partnership base is at the heart of this CSP, which emphasizes multi-sectoral, interrelated and systemic programming in support of collective efforts to achieve long-term national goals.

The Country Strategic Plan 2022-2026 (CSP) defines WFP's entire programme portfolio, supporting the Government of Mozambique to tackle the key drivers of hunger and assist vulnerable Mozambicans to attain food security and improved nutritional status; to not only survive but to thrive. The CSP supports national plans and priorities, and reaffirms that SDG 2 (zero hunger) and SDG 17 (partnerships for the SDGs) are at the heart of WFP's work. The strategy aligns to the United Nations' Sustainable Development Cooperation Framework and contributes to the Humanitarian Response Plans.

Anchored in adaptation to climate change, the country plan applies risk-informed resilience-building strategies across the humanitarian-development-peace nexus; breaking down silos between saving lives and changing lives.

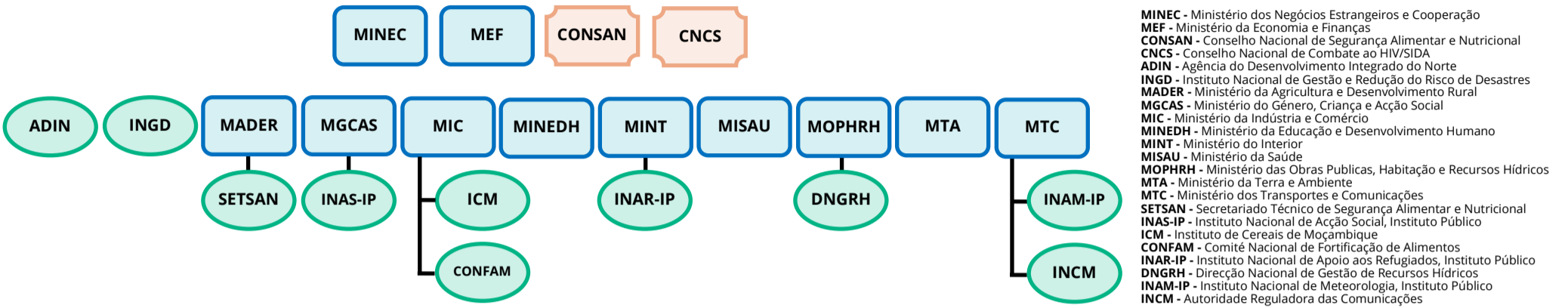
Operationalizing the triple nexus, WFP prioritizes prevention always, development wherever possible and humanitarian action when necessary

The CSP consolidates WFP's role as a technical advisor and expert partner of choice to the Government; delivering and enabling results through government programmes when possible and augmenting those programmes when needs exceed national response capacities.

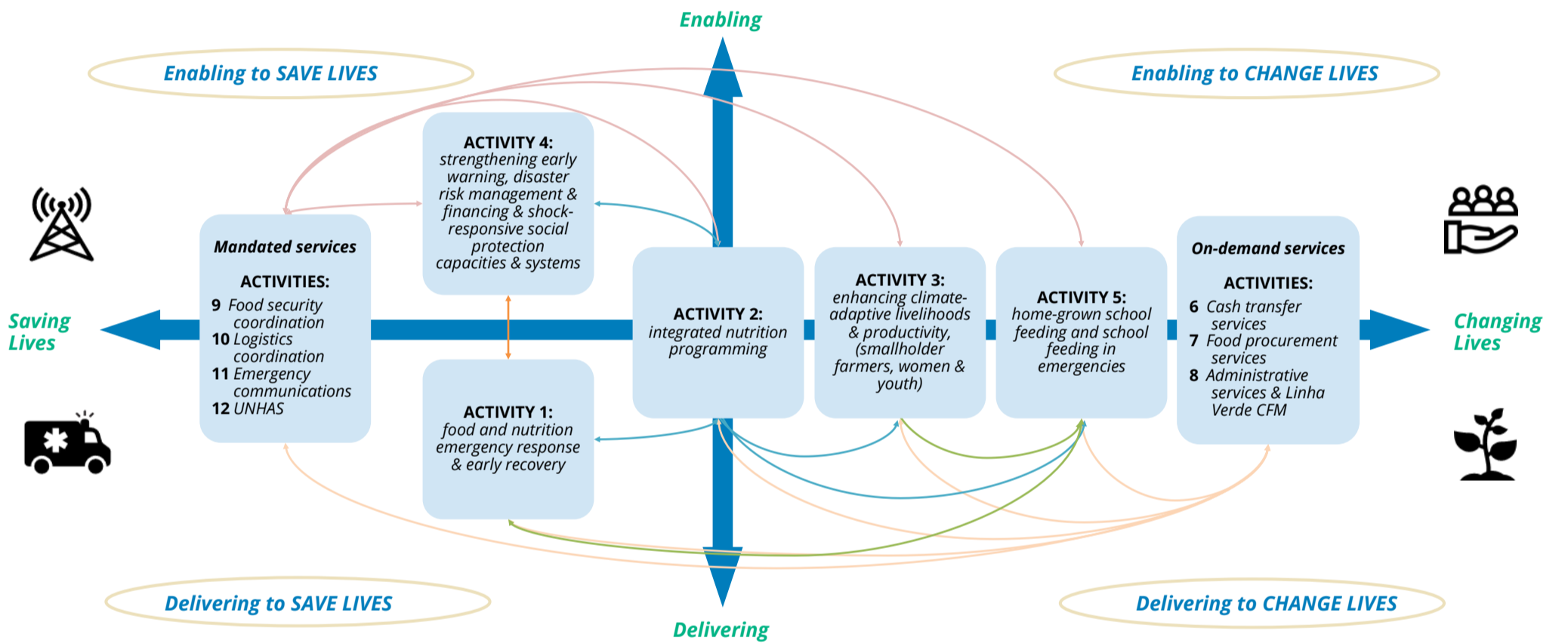
Leveraging WFP's comparative advantages in Mozambique, the CSP delivers a comprehensive package of support through six outcomes that align to the WFP Strategy, as follows:

1. Support crisis-affected populations with safe and equitable access to nutritious food, transitioning households to early-recovery assistance when appropriate.
2. Support national and local actors in delivering a gender-transformative, integrated package of nutrition interventions.
3. Enhance adaptive and productive capacities of vulnerable communities through diversified income opportunities, climate-adaptive agricultural skills and economic capital.
4. Strengthen national capacities and systems in early warning, disaster risk management and safety nets, including food security and nutrition analysis, anticipatory actions, climate macro-insurance schemes, shock-responsive social protection, and the national school feeding programme.
5. Strategic outcomes 5 and 6 underscore WFP's role as an enabler of Government, humanitarian and development programmes, through the provision of on-demand and mandated services.

Partnering with the Government of Mozambique



Activity integration across the WFP programming landscape



Risk informed programming = Integrated programming

