## WFP Zimbabwe Annual Country Report Jul - Dec 2022 Highlights



SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES









" By insuring my crops, I

reduce the risk of losing everything if there is a drought. We are taught to collectively save money and lend it to each other to start small businesses and to set up gardens where we have water to produce vegetables and harvest fish," says Constance.

#### **Read Constance's story**

Climate-related hazards, including drought, prolonged mid-season dry spells, flash floods, cyclones, pests and diseases have negatively affected vulnerable people in Zimbabwe.

#### **Highlights**

- The year 2022 marked 20 years of WFP's operations in Zimbabwe.
- In July, WFP Zimbabwe transitioned to a new country strategic plan covering the period from July 2022 to December 2026, providing a roadmap to consolidate promotion of shock-responsive social protection, and sustainable and resilient food systems.
- WFP continued to strengthen its partnerships with the Government, local communities, and other UN agencies, helping to advance policies and progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals.

#### **Achievements in numbers**



Of the **674,358** people assisted, **48 percent** were men and 52 percent were women.



**12,519** metric tonnes of food were distributed to support vulnerable communities.



US\$ 2,096,821 in cash-based transfers were disbursed to distressed people.

### **Strategic Outcomes**

#### Strategic Outcome 1

Food- and nutrition-insecure populations in targeted rural and urban areas meet their food and nutrition needs, at all times, including during crises.



**595,000** people assisted with unconditional transfers.



US\$ **2.1** million in cash-based transfers disbursed to refugees and urban households to enable them to meet their foods needs.



**12,500** refugees assisted monthly.

#### **Strategic Outcome 3**

By 2026, targeted rural populations achieve climate resilient livelihoods, sustainable management of natural resources and enhanced participation in local markets and value chains.



**121** smallholder farmer groups supported with mechanisation and processing.



Purchased an insurance premium for **USD 11.3 million**, to protect rural livelihoods.

#### **Strategic Outcome 5**

Humanitarian and development actors can implement their programmes and provide support to their beneficiaries in an efficient, effective and reliable way at all times, including during crises.



Handled between **USD 3** million to **USD 4** million worth of non-food items and food every month.



Provided supply chain services to **7** entities, including **5** UN agencies and **2** nongovernmental organisations.

#### **Strategic Outcome 2**

By 2026, food-insecure households in urban areas meet their food and nutrition needs through resilient livelihoods.



**18,000** households involved in resilience strengthening activities in 20 urban areas.



**814** young people from vulnerable households engaged in vocational trainings.

#### Strategic Outcome 4

By 2026, national and subnational institutions have strengthened capacities to develop, coordinate and implement well-informed, effective and equitable actions to achieve food security and nutrition.



Supported the Food and Nutrition Council in finalising the profiling of the country's **60** districts.



Coordinated **3** multi-year, multi-sectoral operational plans using seasonal and gender lenses (seasonal livelihood programming).

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### **Financial Snapshot**

The new four and a half year country strategic plan, launched in July has a needs-based plan of **US\$ 52 million**.

**72** percent of all the available resources were allocated to crisis response activities.

**82** percent of all available resources were direct contributions from traditional donors.





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