

JENIN MARKET MONITORING FLASH UPDATE

WFP PALESTINE

SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES





Number of food-insecure people In Jenin

21,000 people





Number of contracted shops 10 shops (3 are closed due to the ongoing conflict)

- Jenin's population is currently estimated to be 353,000, with 11,700 individuals residing in Jenin Refugee Camp. Around 21,000 people, approximately 6% of Jenin population, are classified as food insecure. The poverty rate in Jenin Camp is recorded at 29.4%. Jenin, along with Hebron, holds the highest unemployment rate in the West Bank, currently at 16.8%.
- On 3 July, an Israeli military operation in Jenin, specifically in Jenin Camp, resulted in restricted movement for the camp's residents, preventing them from entering or leaving the camp. Moreover, essential supplies such as food, water, and medicine have been inaccessible to them. In addition, the camp has experienced disruptions in electricity, water, and internet services. The water supply has also been disrupted in the broader Jenin governorate. On 3 July, approximately 500 families were compelled to evacuate their homes in the camps (OCHA).
- Recognizing this dire situation, WFP conducted a rapid survey to assess the food availability and accessibility in local shops. WFP has 10 contracted local shops in Jenin governorate. Out of the total of 10 shops approached, 9 responded to the WFP questionnaire between July 3 and July 4, 2023. Results of the survey are outlined in the report.
- 78% of the shops in the wider governorate of Jenin did not report suffering from a shortage in stock of main food commodities. The 3 shops located in Jenin City however have been shut down for two days. 57% of the respondents have not expressed a current need for food goods, but approximately 29% of the participants mentioned that it typically takes them around five days to acquire food commodities from their usual sources based on previous experiences in similar situations. Additionally, 14% of the respondents reported needing more than five days to obtain their necessary supplies.
- Regarding prices, the majority of respondents stated that they have remained stable. However, 12.5% of the participants noted an increase in the price of main food commodities.
- In terms of food availability, most shops in the area have an adequate stock of food commodities that can last for approximately two weeks. Around 30% of the respondents indicated that the current supply is sufficient for one week.
- In relation to infrastructure, 37.5% of the respondents mentioned experiencing instability in electricity services.
- The military operation ended on 5 July. However, shops in Jenin were still closed due to ongoing funeral possessions. According to the Palestinian Ministry of National Economy, there is a deficit of various goods in the camp, and a high demand for canned food. There is no significant increase in food prices reported, as suppliers are expecting the arrival of goods in the coming days.

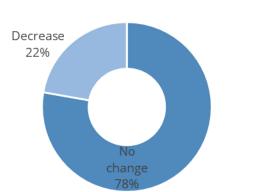
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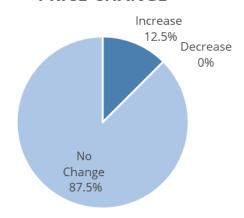
During the early hours of 3 July 2023, Israeli forces launched a large-scale air and ground operation in Jenin Refugee Camp and its surroundings. This is the second operation in Jenin involving air strikes within two weeks and since 2006. As of 4 July the Palestinian Ministry of Health (MoH) confirmed the death of ten Palestinians. Furthermore, at least 100 others have been injured.

As of 3 July, access to the refugee camp is mostly only possible from one entrance where Israeli forces conduct checks on vehicles. Most of the roads have been demolished, shops are closed, and there is limited movement or access to any services. (OCHA)

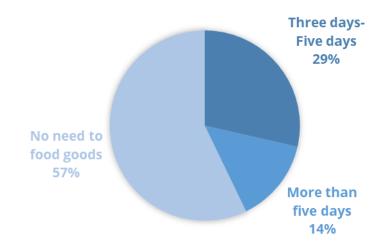


PRICE CHANGE





PERIOD TO OBTAIN FOOD NEEDS



CHANGE IN STOCK AND PRICES BY FOOD COMMODITIES



Wheat Flour: The majority (85.7%) reported either a decrease or no change in price, while 12.5% noted a decrease in stock. Half of the respondents (50%) indicated that the current stock of wheat flour would last for at least one month, while the remaining 50% stated it would be sufficient for a maximum of two weeks.



Dairy Products: 71.4% reported no change in the price, while 12.5% noted a decrease in stock. 37.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock of dairy products would be enough for one week, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for 2 -4 weeks.



Pulses: 71.4% reported no change in the price, while 25% noted a decrease in stock. 37.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock of pulses would be enough for two weeks, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for one month.



Rice: 71.4% reported no change in the price, while 12.5% noted a decrease in stock. 37.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock of rice would be enough for two weeks, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for one month.



Vegetable Oil: 57% reported a decrease in the price, while 12.5% noted a decrease in stock. 37.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock would be enough for two weeks, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for one month.



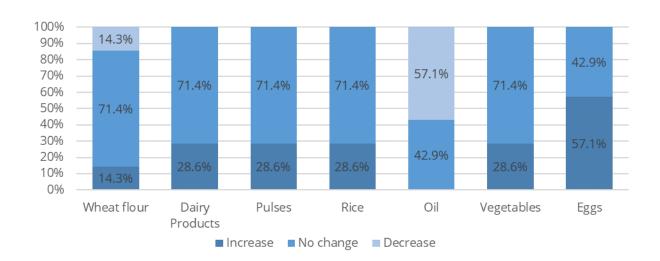
Vegetables: 28.6% reported an increase in the price, while 12.5% noted a decrease in stock. 37.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock would be enough for one week, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for 2-4 weeks.



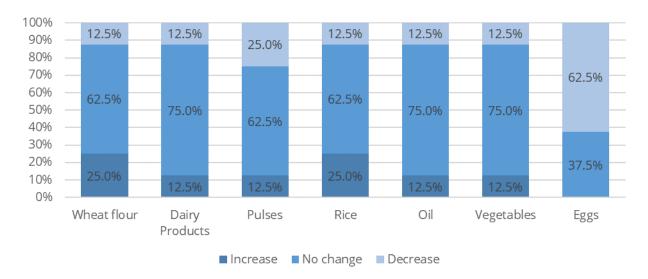
Eggs: 57% reported an increase in the price, while 62.5% noted a decrease in stock. 62.5% of the respondents indicated that the current stock would be enough for 1-2 week, while the remaining stated it would be sufficient for one month.

The below charts show the distribution of shops regarding prices, stock availability of basic food commodities, and sufficiency period during the escalation.

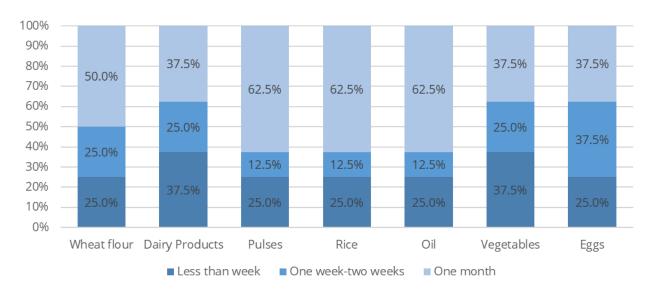
1.CHANGE IN THE PRICE OF FOOD COMMODITIES DURING THE ESCALATION.



2.CHANGE IN THE QUANTITY OF FOOD COMMODITIES STOCK DURING ESCALATION.



3.SUFFICIENCY PERIOD OF FOOD STOCK.



WFP PALESTINE CONTACTS

Mr. Samer AbdelJaber, Representative and Country Director Samer.Abdeljaber@wfp.org

Mr. Salah Lahham, VAM Officer Salah.Lahham@wfp.org

Mr. Ali Jabbarin, Programme Associate (VAM)
Ali.Jabbarin@wfp.org

Prepared by the WFP Palestine Vulnerability Analysis and Mapping (VAM) Unit.