

COUNTRY CONTEXT

population **29.1** million

79% live in rural areas

10TH Climate Change of 176 countries at climate risk

81ST Global Hunger Index of 121 countries

25% poverty below national poverty line

COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN (CSP) focused on six strategic outcomes

- 1** Affected population have timely access to food and nutrition (9%)
- 2** Food insecure people have improved nutrition by 2025 (46%)
- 3** Vulnerable communities have improved food security and resilience to shocks (26%)
- 4** Government of Nepal has strengthened capabilities (14%)
- 5** Inclusive and coherent policy frameworks support Government efforts to zero hunger (3%)
- 6** Humanitarian and Development Partners have access to reliable common services (2%)

CSP budget 165.2 USD million | **66%** funded

April 2022

EVALUATION

February 2023

KEY FINDINGS & CONCLUSIONS

RELEVANCE AND STRATEGIC POSITIONING



Aligned and adaptive to needs, national priorities and 2030 Agenda



Siloed approach constrained transformative potential

RESULTS AND PERFORMANCE



Nutrition and school feeding activities largely effective



Community resilience strengthened, but broad coverage limited gains



Good results from Blanket Supplementary Feeding



Crisis response swift with effective partners support

CROSCUTTING DIMENSIONS



Adequate attention to humanitarian principles, community engagement, gender and environment



Climate change focus insufficiently mainstreamed



WFP complaints and feedback mechanism applied but awareness limited

RESOURCE MOBILIZATION AND EFFICIENCY



Collection of evidence supported results and targeting



Efficient implementation with effective cost-containment measures



Appropriate funding but heavy earmarking a constraint

SUSTAINABILITY



Intertwining of country capacity strengthening (CCS) and direct assistance supported a nexus approach and sustainability



Insufficient Government absorption capacity hindered institutionalization of CCS and Emergency preparedness response

RECOMMENDATIONS

1 Ensure an interconnected and coherent CSP, linking food systems and social protection to improve food security and resilience

2 Design an evidence-based CCS strategy to address policy and regulatory frameworks and institutional capacities

3 Support the Government in designing nutrition-specific and nutrition-and-gender-sensitive programmes

4 Continue school handover to the Government while developing a strategy to support policy, context-adapted modalities and management

5 Deepen climate change and resilience-building support by integrating CCS, advocacy and direct support

6 Support the enhancement of the Government's analytical capacities for more optimal evidence-based policy formulation and operational response

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