



World Food Programme

SAVING LIVES  
CHANGING LIVES

# WFP Haiti Country Brief August 2024



## In Numbers

**1,265 MT** of food distributed\*

**USD 3.4 M** cash-based transfers made\*

**USD 189.4 M twelve-month** (September 2024 – August 2025) net funding requirements, representing 58 % of the total

**364,397 people assisted\***

in August 2024

\*Preliminary numbers

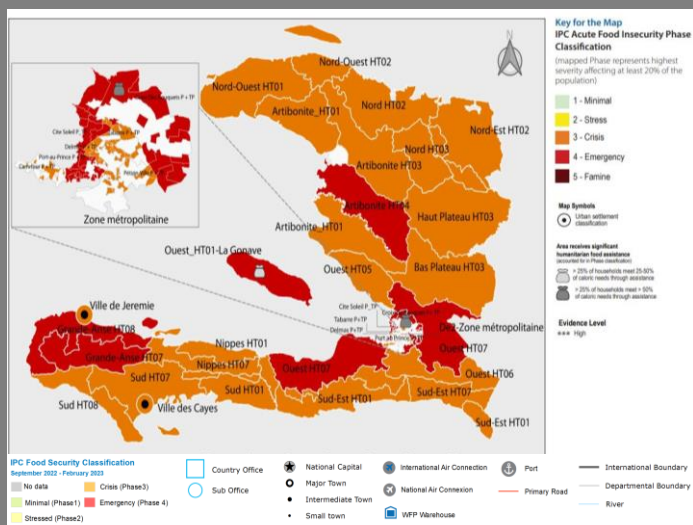
## Operational Updates

- In August, WFP supported a total of 381,941 people across its programmes, including through the distribution of 62,615 hot meals, USD 3.4 million in cash-based transfers (CBT), and 1,265 MT of food commodities.
- Through the emergency programme, WFP reached 93,715 people with 1,240 MT of food and 79,220 people with USD 1.9 million in cash-based transfers (CBT). WFP also distributed 62,615 hot meals to 16,628 people, the majority of which were distributed to 7,220 internally displaced people (IDPs) in the metropolitan area of Port-au-Prince (43,816 hot meals) and the remaining to 9,408 returnees from the Dominican Republic.
- In preparation for the 2024/2025 school cycle, all necessary stock for the School Meals Programme are prepositioned across WFP warehouses to ensure timely distribution when schools reopen.
  - In August, in collaboration with its partner Vivario, WFP continued its support to provide fortified peanut-based snacks to 852 school children, aimed at boosting their caloric intake and addressing malnutrition. This initiative was part of the summer camp programme implemented during the closure of schools in Port-au-Prince, specifically targeting four schools located in Cité Soleil (Brooklyn, Drouillard) and in Kenscoff.
  - As part of WFP efforts to reduce the use of wood and charcoal, WFP distributed 149 gas kits (stoves and gas) to 105 schools across the country before the re-opening of schools.
- As part of its nutrition-specific activities embedded in emergency, resilience, and social protection activities, WFP partners screened 12,439 children. Out of those, 1,486 were identified as moderately malnourished. All these children were referred to health facilities for treatment. In addition, 15,052 people participated in Social and Behavior Change Communication sensitization activities and 11,264 people received WFP cash nutrition top-ups from WFP.

## Operational Context

Haiti ranks 163 out of 191 countries on the 2021 Human Development Index. The country has one of the world's highest levels of chronic food insecurity, with over half its total population chronically food insecure and 22 percent chronically malnourished children. Underlying drivers of this situation include extreme poverty and frequent natural disasters. The latest **Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC)** of March 2024 shows that 50 percent of the population, or close to 5 million people, are food insecure (IPC3+). In addition, 1.6 million people are in IPC 4 (Emergency). Compared to the September 2023 analysis there has been an increase of 650,000 people in IPC3+. The key drivers remained increased violence, rising prices, and poor agriculture from low rainfall.

WFP's priority is to support the Government in developing sustainable solutions to hunger and malnutrition to achieve Sustainable Development Goal 2 (Zero Hunger).



Food Imports: <b>over 80 percent of rice is imported</b>	Population: <b>11 million</b>
2021 Human Development Index: <b>163 out of 191 countries</b>	Global acute malnutrition prevalence: <b>7,2% nationally</b>

Country Strategic Plan (2024 - 2028)		
Total Requirements (in USD)	Allocated Contributions (in USD)	Twelve-Month Net Funding Requirements (in USD)
1.5 B	102 M	174.3 M

## Strategic Outcome 1: People are better able to meet their urgent food and nutrition needs

**Strategic Outcome 1:** Crisis-affected women, men, girls and boys in Haiti meet their diverse emergency food, nutrition and other essential needs before, during and after shocks

**Focus area:** Crisis Response

**Activity 1:** Provide emergency assistance to food-insecure crisis-affected Haitians, including nutrition assistance to targeted groups, before, during, and after emergencies

## Strategic Outcome 2: People have better nutrition, health and education outcomes

**Strategic Outcome 2:** Food-insecure school-aged children and targeted households in Haiti, with women, children and people living with HIV/AIDS and disabilities prioritized, meet their needs for diverse diets all year

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activity 2:** Provide diverse nutritious meals to food-insecure and malnourished school-age children and adolescents.

**Activity 3:** Provide nutrition-sensitive safety nets to targeted households throughout Haiti

## Strategic Outcome 3: People have improved and sustainable livelihoods

**Strategic Outcome 3:** Shock-affected food-insecure households throughout Haiti, including smallholders, women, youth and other disadvantaged groups, have improved resilience in the face of climate-related shocks and other stressors all year

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activity 4:** Provide food insecure households, including those affected by shocks, with conditional assistance and livelihoods support through an integrated approach.

**Activity 5:** Provide an integrated package, including climate-smart solutions, to link smallholders and other value chain actors to markets, including HG5F.

## Strategic Outcome 4: National programmes and systems are strengthened

**Strategic Outcome 4:** Haiti has an improved policy environment and strengthened systems for addressing food insecurity and disaster risks by 2028

**Focus area:** Resilience building

**Activity 6:** Provide capacity strengthening and delivery systems support to national stakeholders

## Strategic Outcome 5: Humanitarian and development actors are more efficient and effective

**Strategic Outcome 6:** Humanitarian and development partners in Haiti, including national institutions, receive reliable logistics and other support that enables them to deliver humanitarian assistance effectively and consistently all year

**Focus area:** Crisis Response

**Activity 7:** Provide humanitarian air services (UNHAS) to humanitarian and development partners in Haiti

**Activity 8:** Provide coordination and leadership to the logistics sector in Haiti.

**Activity 9:** Provide coordination and leadership to the emergency telecommunications sector in Haiti

**Activity 10:** Provide on-demand services to partners.

- Through WFP's resilience activities, 5,975 households participated in rehabilitation activities of community assets. A total of USD 107,268 was distributed to the participants and their family members (29,875 people).
- Furthermore, WFP supported the Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour in implementing the Adaptive Social Protection for Increased Resilience project (social protection), providing assistance to 126,590 beneficiaries with USD 1.3 million distributed.
  - WFP delivered a four-day training on gender and disability for 26 staff members from the Ministry of Social Affairs and Labor (MAST). This training was designed to enhance case management of ASPIRE beneficiaries and to ensure the long-term inclusivity of the program.
  - In line with its country capacity strengthening objectives, WFP has renewed its partnership with the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (ECLAC). This collaboration focuses on enhancing Haiti's social protection systems through evidence-based policy support and South-South cooperation.

### WFP Logistics Update:

- In August, WFP logistics operations focused on food offloading at various ports, receiving up to 291 containers of food and non-food items. A total of 2,328 MT was successfully offloaded at Cap-Haïtien, with 180 MT pending transfer to Miragoâne to support ongoing regional operations. In parallel, the free maritime transport service provided by the Logistics Sector ended. WFP continues to advocate for additional funding to renew this service to support the humanitarian community operations.

### Challenges:

- In preparation for the 2024/2025 academic year, challenges remain in transporting food to the WFP sub-office in Miragoâne to support school meal activities in the region. These difficulties are primarily due to the suspension of the maritime service, which was crucial in circumventing roads controlled by armed groups in Haiti's southern region.
- Despite the resumption of operations in Cité Soleil in August, access remains one of the main challenges in reaching all people in need.
- With a new transitional government in place, WFP is working with UN partners to support the national priorities, despite challenges in coordinating and managing the rising number of internally displaced persons (IDPs) and the need to restart the school year.

### Donors:

Canada, Colombia, Education Cannot Wait, European Union, France, Germany, Haiti (the Inter-American Development Bank and the World Bank), Japan, Norway, Monaco, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United States of America, United Nations CERF and private donors.