

WFP Afghanistan Country Brief September 2024



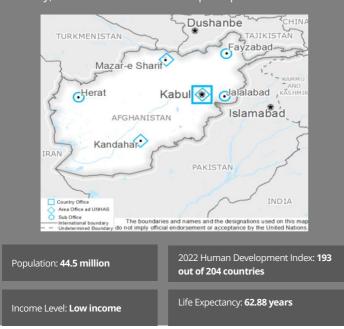
SAVING LIVES CHANGING LIVES

Operational Context

Following peak hunger levels in 2021 and 2022 when massive food and nutrition assistance averted a catastrophe, 2024 has seen a reprieve from three consecutive years of drought. Nevertheless, more than a quarter of the Afghan population is still hungry, including 2.4 million people facing emergency levels of food insecurity. These figures keep the country squarely amongst other severe global hunger crises.

Increasingly erratic weather patterns are becoming the norm across the country. Devastating flash floods across the country followed years of drought conditions that forced families to go hungry and leave their villages, swelling the number of urban poor. As the climate crisis worsens, the losses from flooding are expected to increase every year.

Present in Afghanistan since 1963, the World Food Programme (WFP) works with partners to reach the most vulnerable communities in need of assistance across the country, in line with humanitarian principles.



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In Numbers

7,736 mt food distributed

US\$5.5 million cash-based transfers made

US\$ 646 million six months (October 2024 - March 2025) net funding requirements

3.2 million people assisted*





Situation Update

 Since the ratification of the Law on the Promotion of Virtue and the Prevention of Vice (PVPV) on 21
August, which imposes stringent restrictions on Afghan women and men, WFP has observed with concern an increasing level of scrutiny of the humanitarian activities of international and national non-governmental organizations (NGOs). Although WFP's operations have not yet been significantly affected, the agency continues to monitor the situation and is engaging proactively with the de facto authorities to ensure the safety and protection of its staff, cooperating partners (CPs), and beneficiaries.

Operational Updates

- In September, WFP reached 3.2 million people with emergency food and nutrition assistance and livelihoods support. Due to a global funding decline, WFP had to prioritize its assistance from May to September to the most vulnerable through a subdistrict targeting approach, leaving 11 million vulnerable Afghans without support.
- General food assistance: WFP reached 1.3 million beneficiaries with emergency food assistance, of which around 42 percent received cash-based transfers and commodity vouchers. Food assistance allows households to meet their immediate food and nutrition needs, preventing families from resorting to harmful coping strategies. In areas where markets are functioning, WFP provides cash and voucher assistance, equipping communities with an informed choice for using their assistance.
- On 24 September, under its contingency response, WFP participated in a joint distribution to 273 households displaced by the clashes between Pakistan and Afghanistan border forces in Zazai Maidan district of Khost Province. Affected people received cash assistance, fortified biscuits and specialized nutritious food from WFP along with non-food items from other agencies.

WFP Country Strategy



Country Strategic Plan (2018-2025)

US\$ 9.03 b	US\$ 4.52 b	US\$ 646.49 m
CSP Requirements	Allocated Contributions	Six-month Net Funding Requirements
Country Strategic Flair (2010-2023)		

Strategic Result 1: Everyone has access to food

Strategic Outcome 1: Vulnerable people in Afghanistan are able to meet their food and nutrition needs during and immediately after emergencies through 2025

Focus area: Crisis response

Activities:

- Emergency food assistance
- Prevention and treatment of malnutrition of crisis-affected

Strategic Outcome 2: Vulnerable people in Afghanistan are increasingly able to meet their food and nutrition needs on their own by 2025 *Focus area:* Resilience building

Activities:

- · Livelihood support
- · Emergency preparedness capacity strengthening

Strategic Result 2: End malnutrition

Strategic Outcome 3: Vulnerable people at each stage of the life cycle in target areas have improved nutrition by 2025

Focus area: Resilience Building

Activities:

- School feeding
- Social protection/Safety nets

Strategic Result 4: Sustainable food systems

Strategic Outcome 4: People throughout the country can have access to a wide range of fortified nutritious food products at affordable prices by 2025

Focus area: Resilience Building

Activities:

• Nutritional value chains

Strategic Result 6: Policy coherence

Strategic Outcome 5: People throughout the country can have access to a wide range of fortified nutritious food products at affordable prices by 2025

Focus area: Resilience Building

Activities:

• Policy coherence support on food security and nutrition

Strategic Result 8: Enhance global partnerships

Strategic Outcome 6: The Humanitarian community has enhanced capacity to respond to needs throughout the country through 2025 *Focus area: Resilience Building*

Activities:

- Common service provision (SCOPE, Supply Chain, ICT)
- UN Humanitarian Air Service

Nutrition

 WFP reached 523,230 children aged 6-59 months and acutely malnourished pregnant and breastfeeding women and girls (PBW/G) with specialized nutritious foods (SNF) to treat moderate acute malnutrition. To prevent acute malnutrition, WFP provided SNF to 241,530 children aged 6-59 months and PBW/G.

School Feeding

 WFP reached over 894,000 schoolchildren across 1,700 primary schools and community-based education centres in eight provinces with either onsite or take-home meals.

Resilience and Food Systems

- Thanks to newly confirmed contributions, starting from October, WFP will be able to resume its food for assistance activities, paused since July 2024 due to funding constraints, in 50 villages to enhance the resilience of some 50,000 food-insecure people against climate shocks.
- In September, WFP in partnership with the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) kicked off a joint pilot to provide vocational training (tailoring) and psychosocial support for 40 women in one of UNICEF's safe spaces for women and girls in Jalalabad. Protection messages are being developed while preparations are underway to replicate the pilot in Mazar Province.

Maternal and Child Benefit Programme (MCBP)

 Under the World Bank-funded MCBP, WFP supported around 28,870 pregnant women and women with children in Warduj and Zaranj districts with health & nutrition awareness sessions and CBT transfers, benefitting around 144,000 people (including their household members) so far.

Accountability to Affected Populations

In September, WFP Afghanistan's Community
Feedback Mechanism (CFM) registered 13,564 calls so
far, showing a downward trend compared to the
previous months. Around one quarter of the callers
were female. Most of the reported cases were
requests for assistance and queries about WFP
assistance. Almost all the cases were resolved on the
spot while 1 percent was referred to the area offices
for verification and response.

Funding Outlook

 WFP requires US\$1.6 billion for 2024 to deliver emergency food, nutrition and livelihood support to those most in need. WFP faces a funding shortfall of US\$646 million to sustain operations over the next six months.

2024 Donors

Australia, Canada, the European Union, Finland, France, Iceland, Japan, New Zealand, the Republic of Korea, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, and the United States of America; and private donors.

^{*}Distribution figures for September is subject to change following validation.