

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2011

Flexible Contributions

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	31.06
Belgium	5.53
Canada	30.28
Chile	0.02
China	2.00
Cuba	2.15
Denmark	32.67
Finland	9.26
Germany	31.59
Holy See	0.01
Hungary	0.02
Iceland	0.01
Ireland	14.76
Israel	0.02
Italy	0.41
Japan	4.15
Liechtenstein	0.11
Luxembourg	0.62
Netherlands	54.95
New Zealand	4.58
Norway	32.91
Private Donors	16.82
Slovakia	0.02
South Africa	0.21
Spain	23.54
Sweden	81.22
Switzerland	2.83
Ukraine	0.12
United Kingdom	33.23
USA	5.00
Grand Total	420.07

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	15.24
Bangladesh	10.75
Benin	1.81
Bhutan	0.27
Bolivia	2.42
Burkina Faso	3.48
Burundi	4.26
Cairo RB	14.47
Cambodia	5.82
Cameroon	8.34
Central Africa Rep.	2.73
Chad	1.34
Colombia	7.08
Congo	4.55
Côte d'Ivoire	12.12
Dakar RB	1.61
Dem. Rep. Congo	3.91
Djibouti	1.27
DPR Korea	17.52
Ecuador	0.27
Ethiopia	22.22
Gambia	0.33
Georgia	0.86
Guinea	1.29
Guinea-Bissau	0.97
Haiti	0.41
India	2.90
Iran	1.73
Kenya	30.92
Kyrgyzstan	0.01
Laos	1.63
Latin America Regional	0.53
Lesotho	2.53
Liberia	4.24
Libya	0.27
Madagascar	5.52
Malawi	0.67
Mauritania	3.53
Mozambique	4.87
Myanmar	1.18
Nepal	13.43
Nicaragua	0.01
Pakistan	20.59
Palestine	14.54
Philippines	2.14
Rwanda	3.84
S.Tome,Principe	0.44
Senegal	1.28
Sierra Leone	1.84
Somalia	35.25
Sri Lanka	8.08
Sudan	1.07
Swaziland	0.01
Syria	14.24
Tajikistan	4.06
Uganda	6.09
Yemen	24.57
Zambia	2.91
Zimbabwe	14.20
Grand Total	374.41

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2012**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	31.62
Belgium	5.41
Brazil	28.49
Canada	30.71
China	0.50
Cyprus	0.01
Denmark	32.16
Finland	7.34
Germany	27.72
Ireland	13.19
Japan	4.52
Liechtenstein	0.11
Luxembourg	1.31
Netherlands	44.91
New Zealand	4.90
Norway	24.97
Portugal	0.10
Private Donors	16.14
Republic of Korea	0.20
Slovakia	0.02
Sweden	81.97
Switzerland	5.18
United Kingdom	27.70
USA	7.43
Grand Total	396.63

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	10.59
Bangladesh	8.61
Benin	0.21
Bolivia	0.54
Burkina Faso	7.92
Burundi	5.18
Cambodia	4.17
Cameroon	7.14
Central Africa Rep.	2.25
Chad	14.94
Côte d'Ivoire	5.85
Dem. Rep. Congo	34.75
DPR Korea	8.70
Ecuador	0.31
Ethiopia	27.40
Gambia	1.50
Ghana	3.53
Guatemala	0.32
Guinea	0.54
Guinea-Bissau	0.64
Haiti	3.00
Honduras	0.21
Indonesia	1.82
Iran	1.71
Iraq	0.21
Kenya	9.47
Laos	0.86
Latin America Regional	0.43
Lesotho	0.75
Liberia	4.49
Libya	0.64
Madagascar	3.82
Malawi	4.39
Mali	14.89
Mali Regional	5.35
Mauritania	10.97
Mozambique	2.25
Namibia	0.43
Nepal	10.06
Nicaragua	0.43
Niger	41.76
North Africa	3.21
Pakistan	18.73
Palestine	9.31
Philippines	2.57
S.Tome,Principe	0.21
Senegal	15.04
South Sudan	40.34
Sri Lanka	0.96
Swaziland	2.91
Syria	12.91
Syria Regional	2.14
Tajikistan	2.46
Tanzania	5.56
Timor-Leste	1.71
Tunisia	0.54
Uganda	13.93
Yemen	13.29
Zambia	2.03
Zimbabwe	28.65
Grand Total	439.55

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2013

Flexible Donors	US\$ million
Australia	31.48
Belgium	6.79
Canada	28.78
Chile	0.02
China	1.00
Colombia	0.02
Denmark	32.91
Finland	7.82
Germany	32.24
Hungary	0.01
Ireland	12.72
Italy	0.78
Japan	4.52
Liechtenstein	0.11
Luxembourg	1.33
Mozambique	0.00
Netherlands	44.78
New Zealand	5.13
Norway	24.98
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	14.58
Republic of Korea	0.10
Slovakia	0.02
Spain	0.69
Sweden	78.28
Switzerland	5.69
United Kingdom	33.01
USA	5.00
Grand Total	372.78

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Bangladesh	6.57
Bolivia	0.58
Burkina Faso	3.75
Burundi	5.27
Cambodia	3.62
Cameroon	2.49
Central Africa Rep.	1.26
Chad	4.93
Congo	0.50
Côte d'Ivoire	1.21
Dem. Rep. Congo	16.07
Djibouti	1.43
DPR Korea	11.77
Ecuador	0.88
Ethiopia	25.18
Gambia	0.21
Guatemala	0.35
Guinea	1.18
Guinea-Bissau	1.40
Haiti	2.15
Indonesia	0.86
Iran	1.18
Kenya	26.45
Kyrgyzstan	1.13
Laos	0.64
Latin America Regional	1.07
Lesotho	0.32
Liberia	3.64
Madagascar	7.80
Malawi	9.52
Mali	7.99
Mali Regional	4.68
Mauritania	2.80
Mozambique	3.42
Myanmar	1.07
Nepal	5.92
Nicaragua	0.21
Niger	22.49
Pakistan	3.21
Paraguay	0.75
Rwanda	5.15
S.Tome,Principe	0.32
Senegal	1.46
Sierra Leone	1.50
Somalia	19.34
South Sudan	16.40
Sri Lanka	4.64
Sudan	12.95
Swaziland	1.07
Syria	12.53
Syria Regional	26.01
Tajikistan	0.64
Tanzania	5.60
Timor-Leste	0.64
Tunisia	0.78
Uganda	8.89
Yemen	14.76
Zambia	2.28
Zimbabwe	5.53
Grand Total	336.46

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2014

Flexible Donors	US\$ million
Australia	34.09
Belgium	11.37
Canada	28.43
Chile	0.02
China	1.50
Cyprus	0.01
Denmark	38.85
Equatorial Guinea, The Republic O	0.07
Finland	8.21
Germany	33.80
Hungary	0.01
Ireland	12.72
Japan	3.40
Liechtenstein	0.11
Luxembourg	1.38
Netherlands	49.52
New Zealand	4.88
Norway	37.03
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	10.45
Slovakia	0.02
Sweden	81.41
Switzerland	6.65
United Kingdom	62.84
USA	5.00
Venezuela	0.01
Grand Total	431.77

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Algeria	0.64
Bangladesh	4.92
Bhutan	0.54
Bolivia	1.28
Burkina Faso	3.39
Burundi	5.99
Cambodia	3.42
Cameroon	2.14
Central Africa Rep.	11.74
Chad	7.94
Colombia	2.35
Congo	0.32
Côte d'Ivoire	1.18
Dem. Rep. Congo	11.45
Djibouti	4.28
DPR Korea	7.60
Ethiopia	29.38
Ghana	0.11
Guinea	1.18
Haiti	5.78
Indonesia	0.32
Iran	0.96
Iraq	2.10
Jordan	1.27
Kenya	6.63
Kyrgyzstan	0.32
Laos	0.64
Latin America Regional	6.04
Madagascar	3.21
Malawi	0.64
Mali	17.06
Mali Regional	4.93
Mauritania	2.75
Mozambique	1.61
Nepal	3.96
Niger	21.41
Palestine	3.22
Rwanda	3.45
S.Tome,Principe	0.43
Senegal	0.32
Sierra Leone	0.21
Somalia	2.35
South Sudan	14.10
Sudan	9.10
Swaziland	0.86
Syria	15.62
Syria Regional	19.16
Tajikistan	1.84
Tanzania	4.28
Timor-Leste	0.86
Uganda	4.82
West Africa Regional (Ebo	1.50
Yemen	7.17
Zambia	0.54
Zimbabwe	11.02
Grand Total	280.34

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2015

Flexible Donors	US\$ million
Australia	26.45
Belgium	5.42
Canada	24.36
Chile	0.02
China	3.49
Cyprus	0.00
Denmark	34.40
Finland	9.58
France	0.11
Germany	28.17
Hungary	0.01
Ireland	23.75
Israel	0.02
Japan	2.91
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	1.13
Netherlands	49.52
New Zealand	4.69
Norway	42.20
Panama	0.00
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	7.86
Republic of Korea	0.10
Spain	0.06
Sweden	65.10
Switzerland	6.52
United Kingdom	61.63
USA	5.00
Grand Total	402.60

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	5.89
Algeria	1.18
Bangladesh	2.09
Benin	1.47
Bolivia	0.54
Burkina Faso	3.67
Burundi	5.14
Cambodia	3.90
Cameroon	1.71
CAR Regional	3.96
Chad	0.32
Colombia	0.54
Congo	1.61
Côte d'Ivoire	0.54
Dem. Rep. Congo	5.67
Djibouti	1.07
DPR Korea	0.75
Ecuador	0.32
Egypt	1.07
Ethiopia	23.43
Guinea	0.32
Haiti	5.67
Iran	0.64
Iraq	22.83
Jordan	3.21
Kenya	12.47
Laos	0.64
Latin America Regional	5.56
Liberia	1.50
Libya	4.82
Madagascar	0.32
Malawi	10.27
Mali	4.39
Mauritania	3.14
Mozambique	7.43
Myanmar	2.46
Nepal	9.36
Niger	24.18
Nigeria Regional	12.52
Pakistan	7.60
Palestine	3.10
Philippines	0.54
Rwanda	3.26
Senegal	2.25
Sierra Leone	0.32
Somalia	23.43
South Sudan	41.73
Syria	23.35
Syria Regional	25.49
Tajikistan	0.64
Tanzania	1.39
Timor-Leste	0.32
Uganda	9.57
Uganda/Burkina Faso	0.75
Ukraine	2.92
Vanuatu	0.43
Yemen	10.49
Zambia	2.13
Zimbabwe	7.92
Grand Total	364.19

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2016

Flexible Donors	US\$ million
Australia	27.84
Belgium	5.42
Canada	23.51
Chile	0.02
China	1.65
Czech Republic	0.12
Denmark	30.79
Ecuador	0.01
Finland	10.94
France	0.11
Germany	27.72
Hungary	0.01
Ireland	10.93
Israel	0.02
Japan	2.87
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	1.13
Netherlands	40.82
New Zealand	4.01
Norway	28.12
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	6.23
Saudi Arabia	0.05
Sweden	79.12
Switzerland	6.52
United Kingdom	50.92
USA	4.00
Grand Total	362.98

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	13.70
Algeria	0.61
Bangladesh	1.27
Benin	2.25
Burkina Faso	5.33
Burundi	4.91
Cambodia	2.25
CAR Regional	13.63
Chad	2.81
Dem. Rep. Congo	6.25
Djibouti	0.57
DPR Korea	2.39
Ecuador	1.71
Ethiopia	27.84
Gambia	0.43
Guinea	1.50
Haiti	8.90
Iran	0.68
Iraq	10.41
Jordan	2.18
Kenya	6.59
Laos	1.07
Latin America Regional	6.21
Lesotho	1.52
Liberia	0.43
Libya	6.30
Madagascar	5.29
Malawi	10.86
Mali	2.25
Mauritania	3.37
Mozambique	11.37
Nepal	6.36
Nicaragua	0.27
Niger	6.42
Nigeria Regional	14.14
Pakistan	4.75
Philippines	1.28
Rwanda	1.50
Somalia	17.33
South Sudan	17.66
Swaziland	0.37
Syria Regional	3.32
Tanzania	2.82
Uganda	7.58
Ukraine	9.20
Yemen	26.79
Zambia	1.43
Zimbabwe	18.56
Grand Total	304.65

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2017

Flexible Donors	US\$ million
Australia	28.92
Belgium	5.37
Canada	23.47
Chile	0.02
China	2.10
Cyprus	0.00
Denmark	30.92
Finland	10.94
France	0.08
Germany	32.01
Hungary	0.01
Iceland	0.44
Ireland	18.26
Israel	0.02
Japan	1.98
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	0.53
Netherlands	46.71
New Zealand	4.01
Norway	33.27
Panama	0.00
Philippines	0.01
Portugal	0.21
Private Donors	8.17
Republic of Korea	0.20
Slovakia	0.02
Sweden	70.69
Switzerland	6.67
United Kingdom	51.75
USA	5.00
Grand Total	381.89

as of June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	17.11
Algeria	0.54
Angola	0.24
Bangladesh	8.79
Benin	2.68
Burundi	1.93
CAR Regional	13.20
Colombia	0.54
Côte d'Ivoire	3.19
Dem. Rep. Congo	18.66
Djibouti	2.35
DPR Korea	2.08
Ecuador	1.84
Egypt	1.07
El Salvador	1.85
Ethiopia	9.84
Haiti	2.46
Iraq	16.05
Kenya	11.02
Laos	0.96
Latin America Regional	11.31
Lesotho	0.96
Liberia	3.21
Libya	2.94
Madagascar	2.78
Malawi	2.69
Mali	2.57
Mauritania	5.99
Namibia	0.45
Nepal	2.57
Nicaragua	0.21
Niger	5.46
Nigeria Regional	16.59
Palestine	5.97
Philippines	1.31
Rwanda	5.46
S.Tome,Principe	0.32
Somalia	20.37
South Sudan	10.70
Sudan	1.73
Swaziland	0.75
Syria	17.37
Tajikistan	0.43
Tanzania	11.66
Uganda	15.30
Ukraine	2.35
Yemen	25.15
Zambia	2.14
Zimbabwe	0.54
Grand Total	295.68

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2018**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	28.17
Belgium	10.96
Canada	22.90
Chile	0.02
China	1.20
Cyprus	0.00
Denmark	30.92
Finland	9.32
France	0.08
Germany	35.84
Hungary	0.01
Iceland	0.48
Ireland	15.30
Israel	0.02
Japan	1.83
Kazakhstan	0.01
Liechtenstein	0.11
Luxembourg	0.62
Malta	0.03
Netherlands	47.20
New Zealand	4.01
Norway	35.13
Panama	0.00
Philippines	0.01
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	9.16
Republic of Korea	0.10
Slovakia	0.02
Sweden	96.45
Switzerland	8.45
Turkey	0.01
United Kingdom	51.75
USA	10.00
Grand Total	420.10

as of 2 June 2019

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	7.99
Algeria	3.86
Angola	1.28
Bangladesh	20.12
Benin	2.56
Bolivia	0.53
Burkina Faso	5.13
Burundi	4.37
Cambodia	0.96
CAR Regional	10.12
Central Africa Rep.	10.64
Chad	6.42
Colombia	7.88
Congo	2.70
Côte d'Ivoire	1.33
Dem. Rep. Congo	26.53
Djibouti	2.80
Dominican Republic	0.11
DPR Korea	3.20
Ecuador	1.43
Egypt	2.26
El Salvador	2.98
eSwatini	0.32
Ethiopia	10.12
Guatemala	1.49
Guinea	1.68
Haiti	0.85
Honduras	0.64
Indonesia	0.53
Iraq	6.94
Kenya	0.32
Laos	0.43
Lesotho	0.75
Liberia	4.05
Libya	5.33
Madagascar	9.40
Malawi	0.53
Mali	10.86
Mauritania	7.99
Myanmar	8.02
Nepal	0.85
Nicaragua	1.43
Niger	0.85
Nigeria Regional	5.75
Pakistan	2.14
Palestine	10.12
Philippines	0.43
Rwanda	4.79
Sahel	5.86
Senegal	6.18
Sierra Leone	1.37
Somalia	4.79
South Sudan	6.39
Sri Lanka	0.53
Sudan	0.43
Syria	22.27
Tajikistan	0.46
Tanzania	0.75
Timor-Leste	1.07
Uganda	6.66
Yemen	12.78
Zambia	4.79
Zimbabwe	5.43
Grand Total	301.55

as of May 2019

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2019**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	26.59
Belgium	11.30
Canada	20.71
China	0.50
Cyprus	0.00
Denmark	30.92
Finland	9.13
France	0.07
Germany	36.34
Greece	0.01
Hungary	0.01
Iceland	0.42
Ireland	15.80
Israel	0.02
Japan	2.79
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	0.56
Monaco	0.01
Netherlands	40.91
New Zealand	4.10
Norway	35.24
Panama	0.00
Philippines	0.00
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	12.70
Republic of Korea	0.10
Slovakia	0.02
Sweden	104.64
Switzerland	7.97
United Kingdom	51.75
USA	10.00
Grand Total	422.72

as of April 2020

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	4.26
Algeria	1.28
Bangladesh	4.47
Bolivia	2.56
Burkina Faso	9.12
Burundi	1.17
Cambodia	0.21
Cameroon	9.70
Gen. African Rep	11.21
Chad	1.60
Colombia	8.20
Congo (Brazzav)	2.34
Côte d'Ivoire	0.53
Dem. Rep. Congo	21.30
Djibouti	1.50
DPR Korea	7.24
DR Congo	8.12
Egypt	2.13
El Salvador	3.79
eSwatini	2.33
Ethiopia	12.67
Gambia	2.34
Guatemala	3.45
Guinea	2.13
Guinea-Bissau	1.60
Honduras	3.41
Indonesia	0.16
Iran	0.96
Iraq	3.20
Jordan	10.01
Kenya	0.21
Laos	0.32
Lesotho	7.14
Liberia	3.73
Libya	10.01
Madagascar	11.08
Malawi	4.33
Mali	6.71
Mauritania	1.60
Mozambique	15.72
Myanmar	16.72
Nepal	2.88
Nicaragua	0.64
Niger	1.28
Nigeria	5.96
Pakistan	1.17
Palestine	31.47
Philippines	3.51
Rwanda	6.66
Sao Tome and Principe	0.21
Senegal	4.79
Sierra Leone	2.78
Somalia	5.38
South Sudan	3.73
Sri Lanka	1.07
Sudan	0.85
Syria	17.04
Tajikistan	3.04
Tanzania	1.70
The Pacific	0.53
Timor-Leste	1.65
Uganda	2.02
Yemen	12.25
Zambia	2.96
Zimbabwe	16.03
Grand Total	350.15

as of April 2020

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2020**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	20.36
Belgium	14.48
Canada	19.01
Chile	0.02
Cyprus	0.02
Denmark	30.74
Finland	10.96
Germany	60.03
Holy See	0.03
Hungary	0.02
Iceland	0.56
Ireland	16.72
Israel	0.02
Japan	2.35
Kazakhstan	0.02
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	0.54
Malta	0.01
Monaco	0.01
Netherlands	49.27
New Zealand	4.10
Norway	33.99
Panama	0.00
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	28.43
Republic of Korea	2.60
Slovakia	0.02
Spain	0.60
Sweden	109.97
Switzerland	10.23
United Kingdom	56.25
USA	10.00
Grand Total	481.47

as of February 2021

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	13.89
Bangladesh	1.63
Bolivia	0.96
Burkina Faso	8.31
Burundi	4.18
Cameroon	5.46
CAR	14.38
Chad	6.28
Colombia	1.38
Congo	2.67
Côte d'Ivoire	1.28
Dem. Rep. Congo	8.31
Djibouti	0.96
Egypt	12.25
El Salvador	3.78
Eswatini	1.60
Ethiopia	15.44
Gambia	0.96
Ghana	1.07
Guatemala	2.08
Guinea	0.85
Guinea-Bissau	0.43
Honduras	3.35
Iraq	11.18
Jordan	5.33
Kenya	2.13
Lesotho	2.13
Liberia	0.32
Libya	6.19
Madagascar	4.07
Malawi	9.69
Mali	10.76
Mauritania	2.13
MLEO Venezuela	6.71
Mozambique	6.50
Myanmar	9.42
Nicaragua	3.41
Niger	18.96
Nigeria	13.10
Pacific	0.85
Pakistan	4.15
Palestine	4.08
Peru	0.53
Philippines	1.17
Senegal	1.70
Sierra Leone	1.60
Somalia	14.91
Syria	5.75
Tajikistan	1.07
Tanzania	1.07
Timor-Leste	1.07
Uganda	7.46
Yemen	8.52
Zambia	2.04
Zimbabwe	18.64
Grand Total	298.10

as of October 2020

What is a Flexible Contribution?

A flexible contribution is one for which donors don't impose conditionalities, thus allowing WFP to determine the country programme or its activities in which the contribution will be used and how it will be used.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2021**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Andorra	0.02
Australia	28.92
Belgium	21.79
Bulgaria	0.10
Canada	19.60
Chile	0.02
China	0.30
Cyprus	0.02
Denmark	29.39
Estonia	0.12
Faroe Islands	0.23
Finland	9.71
France	2.39
Germany	70.65
Hungary	0.02
Iceland	0.39
Ireland	20.31
Israel	0.02
Kazakhstan	0.01
Liechtenstein	0.11
Lithuania	0.12
Luxembourg	0.59
Monaco	0.01
Netherlands	40.91
New Zealand	6.29
Norway	96.32
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	39.14
Republic of Korea	4.57
Slovakia	0.02
Spain	0.58
Sweden	88.83
Switzerland	15.16
United Kingdom	51.75
USA	14.50
Grand Total	562.91

as of February 2022

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	22.69
Algeria	3.23
Angola	1.94
Armenia	1.23
Bangladesh	1.60
Bolivia, Plurinational State of	1.23
Burkina Faso	22.19
Burundi	9.80
Cameroon	5.89
Caribbean Community	1.22
Central African Republic	10.44
Chad	10.28
Colombia	5.52
Congo	4.17
Congo, The Democratic Republic of the	14.40
Côte d'Ivoire	0.53
Cuba	1.15
Dominican Republic	0.18
Egypt	4.67
El Salvador	4.58
Eswatini	3.14
Ethiopia	24.23
Ghana	1.37
Guatemala	4.95
Guinea	3.55
Guinea-Bissau	1.17
Haiti	1.70
Honduras	3.98
India	0.01
Indonesia	0.31
Iran	0.02
Iraq	0.18
Jordan	4.63
Kenya	4.69
Kyrgyz	0.86
Lao People's Democratic Republic	1.51
Lebanon	0.31
Lesotho	1.53
Liberia	0.23
Libya	2.66
Madagascar	17.10
Malawi	2.85
Mali	4.48
Mauritania	0.70
Mozambique	16.31
Myanmar	17.25
Namibia	1.67
Nicaragua	0.89
Niger	11.82
Nigeria	20.24
Pakistan	0.18
Palestine, State of	5.29
Peru	1.23
Philippines	1.08
Republic of South Sudan	24.25
Rwanda	0.96
Sao Tome and Principe	0.18
Senegal	2.50
Sierra Leone	3.59
Somalia	4.20
Sudan	15.01
Syrian Arab Republic	27.43
Tajikistan	0.01
Tanzania, United Republic of	5.96
Timor-Leste	0.02
Togo	0.36
Tunisia	0.27
Turkey	0.06
Uganda	13.26
Yemen	12.25
Zambia	0.53
Zimbabwe	15.71

Grand Total

415.63

As of March 2022

What is a Flexible Contribution?

Flexible funding is one of WFP's core funding approaches, allowing it to determine the country and the activities for which the contribution will be used. As such, it strengthens WFP's ability to prioritize strategically, to optimize planning and to respond with speed.

WFP's definition of flexible funding aligns with the earmarking definitions introduced in the Grand Bargain (2016). Flexible contributions to WFP consist of three types of funding: unearmarked multilateral contributions; contributions to life-saving activities through the Immediate Response Account (IRA); and softly earmarked contributions allowing flexibility beyond country level, such as regional and thematic contributions. Note that this definition applies to contributions made in 2022 and onwards, while the historical funding statistics until 2021 exclude softly earmarked funds.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2022**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	28.98
Belgium	19.30
Canada	29.25
Chile	0.02
China	0.20
Cyprus	0.02
Czech Republic	0.34
Denmark	31.03
Estonia	0.06
Finland	16.21
France	11.06
Germany	698.33
Hungary	3.52
Iceland	1.62
Ireland	19.14
Italy	8.89
Kazakhstan	0.03
Liechtenstein	0.10
Luxembourg	7.24
Monaco	0.01
Netherlands	75.40
New Zealand	3.77
Norway	59.50
Panama	0.00
Poland	1.00
Portugal	0.01
Private Donors	31.89
Qatar	5.00
Republic of Korea	4.10
Slovenia	1.03
Spain	4.92
Sweden	145.65
Switzerland	23.20
United Kingdom	59.35
USA	16.55
Grand Total	1,306.73

as of May 2023

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	18.29
Algeria	5.62
Angola	1.31
Armenia	2.39
Bangladesh	1.42
Benin	0.55
Bhutan	0.40
Bolivia	3.15
Burkina Faso	3.48
Burundi	4.13
Cambodia	0.57
Cameroon	8.77
Caricom	2.33
Cen.African Rep	6.72
Chad	6.18
Colombia	4.03
Congo (Brazzav)	1.40
Côte d'Ivoire	1.70
Cuba	3.58
Dem. Rep. Congo	6.93
Djibouti	2.28
Dominican Rep.	1.84
DPR Korea	0.86
Ecuador	3.56
Egypt	6.29
El Salvador	2.43
Eswatini	2.79
Ethiopia	20.44
Gambia	0.96
Ghana	1.62
Guatemala	3.91
Guinea	2.88
Guinea-Bissau	0.59
Haiti	5.96
Honduras	4.92
India	0.51
Indonesia	1.54
Iran	0.50
Iraq	9.95
Jordan	6.55
Kenya	2.86
Kyrgyz Republic	0.53
Laos	0.50
Latin America	5.78
Lebanon	4.97
Lesotho	3.06
Liberia	1.80
Libya	2.68
Madagascar	14.48
Malawi	3.15
Mali	3.90
Mauritania	2.10
Moldova	0.02
Mozambique	11.63
Myanmar	9.54
Namibia	2.85
Nepal	1.44
Nicaragua	4.17
Niger	8.51
Nigeria	17.17
Pacific (PICT)	1.24
Pakistan	11.20
Palestine	1.08
Peru	0.74
Philippines	0.54
Rwanda	3.18
S.Tome,Principe	0.10
Senegal	2.06
Sierra Leone	3.55

Somalia	28.49
South Sudan	22.15
Sri Lanka	1.54
Sudan	10.78
Syria	31.16
Tajikistan	2.45
Tanzania	4.13
Timor-Leste	0.49
Togo	1.39
Tunisia	0.54
Turkiye	0.50
Uganda	3.34
Yemen	91.06
Zambia	3.25
Zimbabwe	10.49
Grand Total	499.89
As of February 2023	

What is a Flexible Contribution?

Flexible funding is one of WFP's core funding approaches, allowing it to determine the country and the activities for which the contribution will be used. As such, it strengthens WFP's ability to prioritize strategically, to optimize planning and to respond with speed.

WFP's definition of flexible funding aligns with the earmarking definitions introduced in the Grand Bargain (2016). Flexible contributions to WFP consist of three types of funding: unearmarked multilateral contributions; contributions to life-saving activities through the Immediate Response Account (IRA); and softly earmarked contributions allowing flexibility beyond country level, such as regional and thematic contributions. Note that this definition applies to contributions made in 2022 and onwards, while the historical funding statistics until 2021 exclude softly earmarked funds.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2023**Flexible Contributions**

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	28.78
Austria	18.10
Belgium	22.22
Canada	21.80
Chile	0.02
China	0.20
Cyprus	0.05
Czech Republic	0.35
Denmark	31.88
Estonia	0.11
Finland	17.68
France	12.93
Germany	655.68
Hungary	0.02
Iceland	1.88
Ireland	26.48
Italy	3.24
Korea Dpr	0.06
Liechtenstein	0.33
Luxembourg	2.07
Monaco	0.01
Netherlands	82.94
New Zealand	4.95
Norway	62.33
Panama	0.00
Poland	0.31
Portugal	5.40
Private Donors	45.44
Qatar	5.00
Republic of Korea	4.56
Slovakia	0.02
Slovenia	1.43
Spain	0.24
Sweden	111.39
Switzerland	11.21
United Arab Emirates	0.03
United Kingdom	49.81
USA	15.05
Grand Total	1,244.00

as of May 2024

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	27.55
Algeria	2.03
Angola	3.88
Armenia	1.68
Bangladesh	10.64
Benin	0.96
Bhutan	0.75
Bolivia	0.62
Burkina Faso	4.70
Burundi	3.01
Cambodia	0.60
Cameroon	4.59
Cape Verde	0.01
Caricom	2.18
Cen.African Rep	11.20
Chad	18.63
Colombia	6.82
Congo (Brazzav)	2.07
Côte d'Ivoire	3.62
Cuba	1.59
Dem. Rep. Congo	12.70
Djibouti	0.80
Dominican Rep.	1.07
DPR Korea	0.89
Ecuador	1.24
Egypt	5.25
El Salvador	1.14
Eswatini	1.45
Ethiopia	13.39
Gambia	0.45
Ghana	1.98
Guatemala	1.77
Guinea	0.64
Guinea-Bissau	2.68
Haiti	8.57
Honduras	2.49
India	0.54
Indonesia	0.61
Iran	2.04
Iraq	3.21
Jordan	7.65
Kenya	3.93
Kyrgyz Republic	0.85
Laos	0.52
Latin America	-3.66
Lebanon	7.10
Lesotho	1.98
Liberia	0.61
Libya	5.16
Madagascar	9.57
Malawi	4.77
Mali	6.49
Mauritania	4.32
Moldova	0.47
Mozambique	4.59
Myanmar	4.37
Namibia	1.59
Nepal	1.36
Nicaragua	4.85
Niger	7.45
Nigeria	9.81
Pacific (PICT)	1.29
Pakistan	5.55
Palestine	12.43
Peru	0.78
Philippines	0.56
RBB	-0.00
RBD	-0.01
RBJ	-0.00

RBN	-0.00
RBP	0.06
Rwanda	3.21
S.Tome,Principe	0.23
Senegal	1.23
Sierra Leone	2.17
Somalia	11.33
South Sudan	16.13
Sri Lanka	0.51
Sudan	31.47
Syria	33.16
Tajikistan	0.52
Tanzania	5.00
Timor-Leste	1.05
Togo	3.26
Tunisia	0.48
Turkiye	1.86
Uganda	10.58
Ukraine	7.93
Venezuela	5.32
Yemen	24.58
Zambia	1.63
Zimbabwe	7.80
Grand Total	443.97
as of May 2024	

Flexible Funding

Year 2024

What is a Flexible Contribution?

Flexible funding is one of WFP's core funding approaches, allowing it to determine the country and the activities for which the contribution will be used. As such, it strengthens WFP's ability to prioritize strategically, to optimize planning and to respond with speed.

WFP's definition of flexible funding aligns with the earmarking definitions introduced in the Grand Bargain (2016). Flexible contributions to WFP consist of three types of funding: unearmarked multilateral contributions; contributions to life-saving activities through the Immediate Response Account (IRA); and softly earmarked contributions allowing flexibility beyond country level, such as regional and thematic contributions. Note that this definition applies to contributions made in 2022 and onwards, while the historical funding statistics until 2021 exclude softly earmarked funds.

What is the importance of Flexible Funds?

Flexible contributions are crucial for our emergency responses, protracted relief and recovery efforts, whenever and wherever needs are greatest. Flexible funds provide WFP with greatest flexibility and predictability to kick start operations, fund neglected crises and ultimately enhance our response to those most in need.

Year 2024

Flexible Contributions

Donors	US\$ million
Australia	26.14
Austria	33.14

Flexible Allocations

Allocations	US\$ million
Afghanistan	30.03
Algeria	5.41

Belgium	10.78
Canada	23.31
Chile	0.02
China	0.20
Cyprus	0.05
Denmark	36.73
Estonia	0.04
Finland	11.42
France	10.83
Germany	500.30
Hungary	0.02
Iceland	1.92
Ireland	27.41
Italy	2.14
Kazakhstan	0.03
Liechtenstein	0.34
Lithuania	0.11
Luxembourg	2.85
Netherlands	68.24
New Zealand	6.31
Norway	43.81
Panama	0.00
Poland	1.22
Portugal	2.11
Private Donors	36.73
Qatar	5.00
Republic of Korea	26.00
Slovakia	0.02
Slovenia	1.71
Sweden	110.52
Switzerland	28.48
UN Other Funds and Agencies (excl. CERF)	0.28
United Kingdom	51.13
USA	15.00
Grand Total	1,084.38

as of February 2025

Angola	3.29
Armenia	0.57
Bangladesh	6.74
Benin	1.65
Bhutan	0.45
Bolivia	0.76
Burkina Faso	12.37
Burundi	2.84
Cambodia	0.60
Cameroon	4.43
Caricom	3.59
Cen.African Rep	9.86
Chad	5.00
Colombia	2.82
Congo (Brazzav)	0.91
Côte d'Ivoire	4.39
Cuba	1.59
Dem. Rep. Congo	24.75
Djibouti	2.67
Dominican Rep.	1.18
DPR Korea	0.90
Ecuador	1.80
Egypt	0.61
El Salvador	1.56
Eswatini	0.58
Ethiopia	28.69
Gambia	1.33
Ghana	1.43
Guatemala	1.79
Guinea	0.99
Guinea-Bissau	1.69
Haiti	6.80
Honduras	2.92
India	0.61
Indonesia	0.89
Iran	2.68
Iraq	2.89
Jordan	9.31
Kenya	13.54
Kyrgyz Republic	0.56
Laos	0.53
Lebanon	16.96
Lesotho	3.86
Liberia	1.26
Libya	1.78
Madagascar	2.79
Malawi	17.18
Mali	6.00
Mauritania	6.22
Moldova	0.41
Mozambique	10.71
Myanmar	4.63
Namibia	1.70
Nepal	0.51
Nicaragua	3.14
Niger	6.80
Nigeria	11.67
Pacific (PICT)	1.37
Pakistan	2.01
Palestine	15.32
Peru	0.78
Philippines	1.63
RBN	-0.00
Rwanda	1.30
S.Tome,Principe	0.32
Senegal	0.58
Sierra Leone	0.41
Somalia	21.18
South Sudan	27.23
Sri Lanka	1.04
Sudan	19.01
Syria	30.77
Tajikistan	0.58

Tanzania	1.44
Timor-Leste	0.52
Togo	1.71
Tunisia	0.48
Turkiye	0.61
Uganda	14.19
Ukraine	5.11
Venezuela	1.44
Yemen	31.61
Zambia	4.02
Zimbabwe	9.83
Grand Total	498.16

as of February 2025