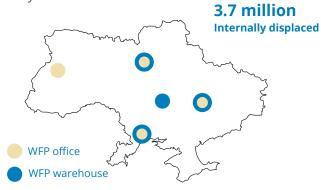
# **WFP Ukraine Overview**

May 2025



298 staff members 72% nationals

5 million

people in need of food and livelihoods assistance

426.000

severely food insecure in frontline regions

>> 1.3 million

people supported by WFP on average each month

**2025 TOTAL NEEDS** 

**6 MONTHS SHORTFALL** 

**US\$767 million** 

**US\$275 million** 

# WFP WORKS IN UKRAINE TO SUPPORT PEOPLE AFFECTED BY THE WAR.

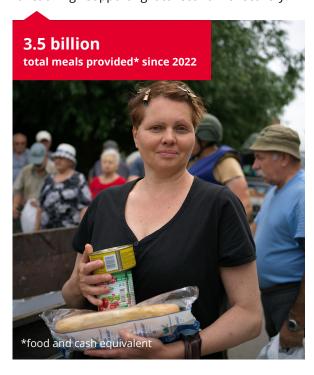
focused on frontline areas and the most vulnerable, such as the displaced, elderly, and people with disabilities. We also work to support the Government's social assistance systems and contribute to economic and agricultural recovery through local procurement, food exports and mine action programmes.

# **Assisting the most vulnerable** in frontline areas

**Food distributions** 

**Cash assistance** 

We distribute food in high risk areas where it is hard to find, and cash to buy food where markets are functioning - supporting local economic recovery.



## **US\$1.4** billion

Invested in the economy through local procurement and cash assistance

~80%

of food distributed is bought locally in Ukraine

## US\$782 million

**Vorld Food Programme** 

**SAVING LIVES** 

CHANGING LIVES

**Distributed in cash** since 2022

90%

of assistance is delivered in frontline regions

# Addressing the impact of war on food production and livelihoods

Mine action

We collaborate with specialist demining organizations to support the Government's efforts to make land safe for farmers, and work with the FAO to help farmers restart production once their land is safe. We also conduct risk education sessions to keep wider communities safe from unexploded ordnance.



#### **Grain exports**

We work to facilitate exports of Ukrainian food products to countries facing food crises, benefiting global food security as well as the recovery of Ukraine's agriculture. We partner with the Government to support the "Grain from Ukraine" initiative of the President of Ukraine.



#### **Quick Impact and Self Reliance Projects**

We help people develop marketable skills or provide poultry, equipment and trainings to support productive, income-generating activities in regions most affected by the war.

# Supporting social assistance systems affected by the war

# School feeding

We support daily hot meals for young children in schools across the country in line with the School Nutrition Reform led by the First Lady of Ukraine.



Photo credits: First page (left) WFP/Yana Kononova, (right) WFP/Sayed Asif Mahmud. Second page (top) - Government of Ukraine, (bottom) WFP/Sayed Asif Mahmud

#### **Institutional feeding**

We regularly deliver food commodities to over 700 institutions caring for the most vulnerable such as boarding homes for the elderly and people with disabilities, hospitals, IDP centres and orphanages.

#### **Social protection**

We work with the Ministry of Social Policy to modernise and digitalize social assistance programmes - to make it easier for citizens to apply for and access social assistance from the State and international organizations, as well as improve efficiency and transparency.

#### US\$3.8 million

Invested in the modernisation and digitalisation of social assistance

## **Empowering humanitarian actors**

#### Logistics

#### **Telecommunications**

We coordinate logistics and telecommunications services on behalf of the entire humanitarian community. We facilitate interagency convoys to hard-to-reach areas near the frontline by providing fleets of trucks and consolidating cargo requests.

#### 200

Interagency convoys facilitated (since 2022)

326

Organizations supported with logistics services

#### **CHALLENGES**



#### **Access**

Despite frequent requests sent jointly by WFP and other UN agencies, we have not been able to access areas occupied by the Russian Federation.



## Security

Civilian infrastructure, including infrastructure used to store or distribute humanitarian assistance, has been repeatedly targeted and damaged by strikes.



# Movements

War dynamics and changes in the frontline are hard to predict and can cause sudden displacement and surges in needs, making operational flexibility particularly critical.