



World Food

Programme





Shock-affected populations in targeted areas and refugees in camps are able to meet their basic food and nutrition needs throughout the year 5.26 billion (75%)



Vulnerable and food-insecure populations in targeted areas have increased resilience to shocks by 2025

**422** million (**6%**)





Nutritionally vulnerable populations in targeted areas have improved consumption of high-quality, nutrient-dense foods to prevent all forms of malnutrition through June 2025 **95** million (**1%**)



Government institutions, the private sector and local NGOs benefit from capacity strengthening through June 2025 **68** million (**1%**)



Government, humanitarian and development partners in Ethiopia have access to and benefit from effective and cost-efficient services through June 2025

1.13 billion (16%)



CSP ambition to reduce the need for humanitarian assistance by strengthening sustainable food systems was strategically sound

Expected shift in focus was impeded by gaps in country office technical capacity and overoptimistic assumptions

Partners, including donors, had different views on WFP comparative advantage resulting in funding being allocated to the "changing lives" or "saving lives" agenda rather than being channeled toward both

Unprecedented levels of assistance provided by WFP helped crisis-affected people meet basic food and nutrition needs

# **EFFECTIVENESS AND COVERAGE**



In the face of insufficient resources, WFP tended to favour reaching more people in need over providing full rations, which reduced food and nutrition security gains

### **HUMANITARIAN PRINCIPLES**

WFP's reliance on government systems to deliver relief assistance posed challenges to its adherence to the humanitarian principles



Limitations in government capacity challenged WFP's ability to ensure assistance reached people in need without discrimination



Suspension of assistance following aid diversion challenged WFP's efforts to adhere to the principle of humanity

## RECOMMENDATIONS

Identify and explicitly address areas of uncertainty to ensure strategic direction of next CSP remains relevant over time

Ensure a conducive environment for principled humanitarian responses



Accelerate the shift from in-kind to cash-based assistance



Continue the shift from 'saving lives" to "changing lives" agenda



Improve the ability to demonstrate results, in particular, for resilience and cross-cutting areas



Improve planning for staffing needs to help ensure agility and continuity in WFP's identified strategic direction



### **KNOW MORE**

Brief





www.wfp.org/independent-evaluation



