



SAVING
LIVES
CHANGING
LIVES

WFP GUINEA-BISSAU

2024 Annual Review

In Guinea-Bissau, 2024 was marked by climate shocks, fragile markets, and shifting political and social dynamics that intensified daily challenges for families. Yet across communities, determination remained strong as people worked to keep moving forward.

Throughout the year, the World Food Programme (WFP) supported families facing shrinking resources and recurrent climate weather events. Needs evolved constantly, but so did the resolve of those striving to protect their children, rebuild their farms, and stay connected. Every meal, training, and partnership reflected the belief that dignity and food security are basic rights.

WFP's efforts—from assisting schoolchildren and strengthening early warning systems to helping farmers restore livelihoods—formed part of a broader mission to save and transform lives. This response became a collective journey, uniting local partners, UN agencies, civil society, government institutions, and donors to protect the most vulnerable.

The 2024 ACR captures this shared commitment, documenting significant needs and the actions taken despite funding gaps, highlighting WFP's role in helping communities build a more resilient future.

November 2025

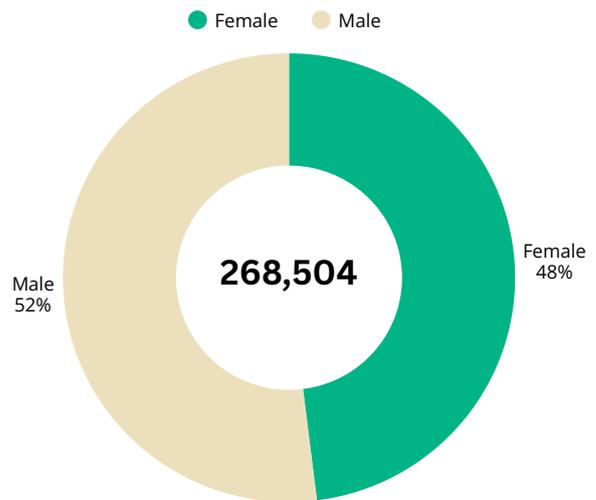
2024 ACHIEVEMENTS

Despite significant challenges, WFP reached nearly 270,000 people in Guinea-Bissau.

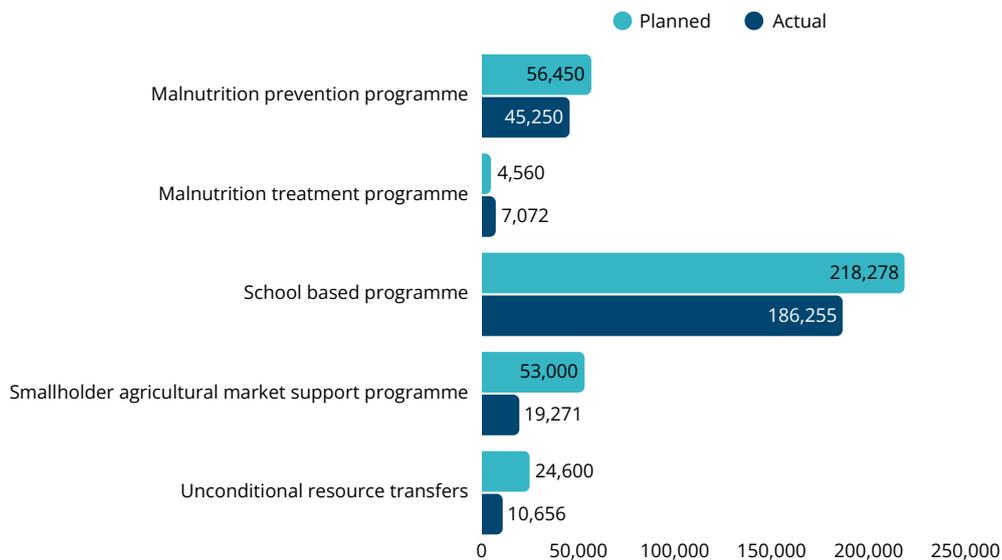
Consistent with its commitment towards the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) 2 and 17, WFP’s response in Guinea-Bissau aimed to provide food and nutrition assistance to crisis-affected populations.

In addition, WFP implemented resilience-building activities targeting communities affected by recurrent climate shocks to address the root causes of food insecurity and to strengthen communities’ responses to shocks.

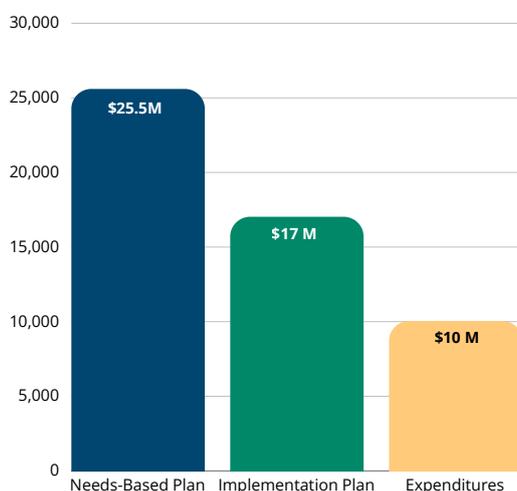
PEOPLE ASSISTED



BENEFICIARIES BY PROGRAMME AREAS



FINANCIAL OVERVIEW



By the end of 2024, the Guinea-Bissau Country Strategic Plan (CSP) 2023–2027 was **84 percent** funded against the Needs-based plan. WFP’s **top five donors** in 2024 were the governments of **Guinea-Bissau, Japan, Germany, the Republic of South Korea, and Ireland**. These five accounted for most of the funding, while additional support came from **private sector contributions**.

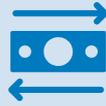
Strategic Outcome

01 Emergency Response

Crisis-affected populations in Guinea-Bissau are able to meet their basic food and nutrition requirements during and in the aftermath of shocks.



10,500 vulnerable women, men, girls, and boys received cash assistance in three regions (Tombali, Bolama and Gabu).



USD 101,578 distributed via cash-based transfers (CBTs).



74 Community Feedback Mechanism Committees established across all regions of the country.



WFP collaborated with **UN agencies, government ministries, and National Red Cross** to strengthen emergency response and preparedness.

Strategic Outcome

02 Nutrition and School Feeding

Children, vulnerable populations, and people at risk of malnutrition in Guinea-Bissau have improved diets and access to basic services, including health, education, and nutrition by 2027.



WFP provided **1,800 metric tons of school meals** for over **186,000 children** in 850 schools across the country.



WFP distributed **457 metric tons of specialised nutritious food** to **21,450 children** for supplementation of Moderate Acute Malnutrition and prevention of stunting.



WFP supported **293 pregnant and breastfeeding women** through cash assistance to access to pre-and post-natal consultations for 12 months.



49,117 people received Social Behavioural Communication to improve the dietary diversity of vulnerable women and children.



Strategic Outcome

03 Resilience Building

Rural communities in Guinea-Bissau, particularly women and young people, have increased resilience in the face of climate change and socio-economic shocks and stressors by 2027.



598 smallholder farmers, including 328 women, were trained in commodity aggregation and quality control.



WFP signed **12 agreements with farmers' cooperatives** to provide smallholder agricultural market support and procure food for school canteens.



15,400 smallholder farmers (51% women) received 1,154 metric tons of improved seeds and fertilizers.



9 buildings were constructed at the Bissorã Agro-Livestock Centre with an annual production capacity of 1.2 million layers and broilers.

Strategic Outcome

04 Social Protection

The social protection system in Guinea-Bissau is strengthened by 2027.



With WFP's leadership from the UN side, three key instruments were developed: the first National Social Protection Policy, national social protection strategy and the costing and funding mechanism for that strategy, and the development of a roadmap for creating a national social registry.



156 staff from government agencies received capacity-strengthening training on technical expertise.



WFP collaborated with **9 national government agencies and 11 regional representatives** to develop and implement inclusive social protection policies.

WITH THANKS TO OUR DONORS



Cover photo: WFP/Isabel Nunes Correia
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World Food Programme

Bairro D'Achada (Coqueiros), Avenida
Pansau Na Isna
Bissau, Guinea-Bissau - T +245 95 740 97 37
wfp.org



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