



WFP TOGO

COUNTRY BRIEF
February 2026

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

- According to the November 2025 Cadre Harmonisé, 288,383 people across Togo face crisis or emergency levels of acute food insecurity (IPC 3+), with projections of 332,147 people during June–August 2026 if no assistance is provided.
- The Savanes region remains the most affected, with 87,864 people in IPC Phase 3 or above, compounded by spillover of the Sahel crisis.
- WFP continues scaling up its home-grown school feeding model in 200 public schools during the 2025–26 school year, strengthening food systems and promoting local production.

IN NUMBERS



72,987 people assisted in January 2026



51%
Male



49%
Female



200 schools benefited from the HGsf



USD 0.5 M cash transferred



USD 12.6 M (Feb – Jul 2026) net funding requirements

Photo Caption & Credit: School feeding at the Houlloun Primary School. WFP/Simoni Dakiche

SITUATION OVERVIEW

- In 2026, Togo continues to face a combination of security, climatic and economic shocks. In the most northern regions, the spillover of the Sahel conflict heightens insecurity and triggered significant population movements, including 49,287 refugees and 10,171 internally displaced persons, as of January 2026.
- Recurrent climate shocks including irregular rainfall, localized flooding and land degradation continue to undermine agricultural production and household food stocks. These climatic stressors combine with persistently high food prices, driven in part by the global repercussions of the Ukraine crisis, reducing access to nutritious food for the most vulnerable households. Limited infrastructure and insecurity in border areas increasingly affect access to markets, services, and assistance, exacerbating vulnerabilities.
- WFP's response directly aligns with the Country Strategic Plan (2022-2026), addressing these challenges through crisis response, resilience building, and system strengthening. Activities contribute to Strategic Outcome 1 by ensuring crisis-affected populations maintain access to food and nutrition; Strategic Outcome 2 by supporting smallholder farmers, home-grown school feeding, and community resilience; and Strategic Outcome 3 through enhanced national capacities for emergency preparedness, supply chain, and service delivery.

OPERATIONAL UPDATES

General Food Assistance

- From 27 to 29 January, WFP, in coordination with the National Civil Protection Agency (ANPC), completed e-voucher distributions for 9,940 beneficiaries (2,413 vulnerable households) across five localities in the Savanes region. The total value of the e-vouchers distributed amounted to 79,695,900 FCFA (approximately USD 144,300). This assistance was delivered under an ECOWAS-funded humanitarian project aimed at improving living conditions for refugees, internally displaced persons, and host families in the Savanes and Kara regions.

School-Based Assistance

- In January 2026, under the Home-Grown School Feeding (HGSF) programme component, WFP continued delivering daily school meals across 200 schools in the Kara and Savanes regions. A total of 63,047 children benefited from school feeding, 49 percent of whom were girls. Complementary activities under the integrated home-grown approach, such as school gardening, also continued throughout the reporting period.

Global Commodity Management Facility – Lomé Corridor

- The Lomé Corridor successfully completed the dispatch of 6,300 mt of rice (in-kind donation from the United States), to Burkina Faso. The operation, which spanned six weeks, mobilized 141 trucks, ensuring the smooth movement of commodities along the corridor.
- Access constraints have reduced truck availability along the corridor, prompting WFP to expand its contracted fleet to maintain timely dispatch of food commodities. Three new transport contracts have been awarded to reinforce WFP's delivery capacity to Niger.

Accountability to Affected Population

- As part of the ECOWAS-funded distribution, in January, WFP deployed its Community Feedback Mechanism (CFM) to strengthen accountability and community engagement. WFP established and trained fourteen complaint management committees, composed of 46 members, including 17 women from host communities,

refugees, and internally displaced persons. These committees recorded and resolved 132 cases on site, contributing to improved transparency, responsiveness, and trust between communities and WFP.

Beneficiary Story



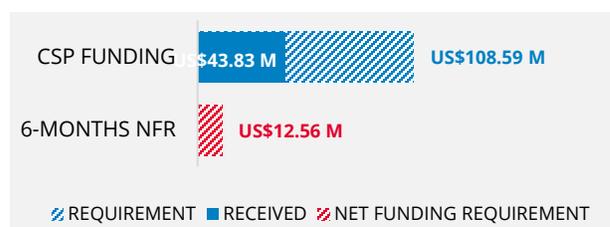
Caption: Tchokno Yawa, FFA beneficiary. WFP/Togo

“Thanks to the Food Assistance for Assets programme implemented by WFP, I was able to buy 20 bowls of sorghum to expand my small business producing local drinks (Income-Generating Activity). I now use seven bowls per week instead of four. I also joined a savings group where I contribute 2,250 FCFA weekly, and with a loan from the group, I added salad sales to my business. I am truly grateful for this project, which has strengthened my dignity among my fellow women.”

Tchokno Yawa, FFA beneficiary

FUNDING OVERVIEW

Country Strategic Plan (2022-2026)



Donors:

Australia, China, ECOWAS, the European Commission, France, Germany, the Mastercard Foundation, Republic of Korea, Sodexo, Government of Togo, the United States Agency for International Development's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID -BHA), and WFP internal funds.