



WFP Haiti

COUNTRY BRIEF

April 2026



753,240 people assisted in March 2026



2,180 mt food distributed



USD 8.1 M cash transferred



USD 167.3 M required in the next six months (May – October 2026)

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

- New [IPC results](#) for March–June 2026 indicate 5.8 million people (52 percent) are projected to face acute food insecurity (IPC Phase 3+), a slight improvement versus the previous projection, yet gains remain fragile amid insecurity, climate shocks, and rising food and fuel prices.
- WFP reached record operational scale, surpassing one million people assisted so far in 2026 (15 percent higher than the same period last year). In March, WFP provided food assistance and nutrition support to 753,240 people, delivering 2,180 mt of food and USD 8.1 million in cash-based transfers.
- WFP successfully completed the final round of cash-based transfers to 110,000 beneficiaries in Grand'Anse under the Klere Chimen programme, the national social protection programme, marking the handover of operational responsibilities to the Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour (MAST).

SITUATION OVERVIEW

- Haiti's humanitarian situation continues to be shaped by the interaction of armed violence, political uncertainty, and economic pressures, increasingly compounded by fuel price shocks and constraints on humanitarian movement. Recent reporting highlights that fuel price hikes have contributed to protests and mobility disruptions, while humanitarian access remains constrained, leaving around 60,000 people unreachable in some locations due to road blockages and armed group control.
- Food insecurity remains at critical levels. An updated IPC analysis for March–June 2026 indicates 5.8 million people (52 percent) are projected in IPC Phase 3+, including a modest reduction in the population facing IPC Phase 4 (Emergency) since the 2025 peak. However, WFP warns that this fragile improvement could be reversed as insecurity persists and higher fuel prices further increase transport and food costs.
- In parallel, the Government has advanced preparedness and coordination for the food security response. In March, Haiti's Intersectoral Commission for Food and Nutrition Security (CISAN) presented the approved Food Security Crisis Preparedness Plan (FSCPP) following official publication, a key step in preparedness planning. This aligns with World Bank requirements that a

government-approved preparedness plan is a critical prerequisite to access Early Response Financing (ERF) under the Crisis Response Window for food crisis responses.

- Against this backdrop, WFP continues to align its response to urgent needs, particularly in areas affected by insecurity and displacement, while adopting modalities to sustain delivery and protect humanitarian space and access.

OPERATIONAL UPDATES

General Food Assistance

- WFP delivered emergency food and nutrition assistance to over 118,000 people, including 22,430 IDPs, in March 2026, despite insecurity and access constraints, helping meet urgent food needs. Overall, 57.5 percent of planned emergency activities were implemented – impacted by access constraints. Cash-based transfers reached 241,704 beneficiaries with USD 8.14 million distributed across 8 departments; 42.1 percent was delivered digitally. Where markets were constrained, WFP provided 757.14 mt of food to 64,753 people. Through ZINLI (a new transfer modality facilitating financial inclusion), 5,765 households were supported; 97 percent made purchases and 93 percent of funds (USD 1.3 million) were utilized.

Nutrition

- Nutrition interventions (prevention and treatment) reached over 22,660 people in March, including children under five, pregnant and breastfeeding women, through specialized nutrition support and awareness-raising activities, contributing to improved nutrition outcomes among vulnerable groups. WFP distributed nearly 140 metric tons of specialized nutritious foods, including SuperCereal Plus, alongside social and behaviour change communication sessions and cooking demonstrations. Prevention activities were integrated with emergency response targeting IPC 4 households and IDPs. All children under five were screened, with malnourished cases referred to for treatment. However, access to essential services remained constrained in parts of Port-au-Prince due to insecurity.

School-Based Assistance

- In March 2026, WFP provided school meals to 384,600 students across 1,498 schools nationwide, with 62.1 percent sourced through local procurement, utilizing approximately 1,426 metric tons of food to support improved education and nutrition outcomes.

Social Protection

- WFP successfully completed the final round of cash-based transfers to 110,000 beneficiaries in Grand'Anse under the Klere Chimen programme, marking the planned handover of operational responsibilities to the Ministry of Social Affairs and Labour (MAST). This transition reflects a longstanding collaboration, through which WFP provided policy advice and technical assistance, and was made possible by key milestones achieved in 2025 - including the development of MAST's management information system - paving the way for full government ownership of the programme. WFP's role is shifting exclusively to technical assistance as part of the next phase of geographic expansion of the programme.

Resilience and Livelihood Support

- Resilience-building activities supported 28,345 people in March, with USD 915,515 in assistance, helping strengthen livelihoods and reduce vulnerability to chronic food insecurity. Activities included rehabilitation of 2.89 km of agricultural roads to improve access to markets, basic services and school feeding supply chains. WFP also supported soil restoration through the stabilization of 42 hectares of land, along with desilting of 4.78 km of drainage canals to mitigate flooding risks. In addition, 3.27 km of gullies and 2.35 km of irrigation canals were rehabilitated, improving water management and protecting agricultural infrastructure and communities.

Cross- Cutting Issues

Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP):

- WFP's Community Feedback Mechanism (CFM) was used as a collective inter-agency platform by 17 organizations, enabling affected populations to provide feedback and strengthening accountability

efforts. In March, the CFM received nearly 20,000 cases, mainly through hotline 8811, with over 98 percent processed and closed, helping ensure timely responses to community needs. Requests for assistance represented 42 percent of cases, followed by observations and suggestions, information requests, and complaints. Hotline 8811 was also designated as the official PSEA reporting channel, reinforcing accountability and protection for affected populations.

Common services (Logistics and UNHAS)

- WFP provided common logistics and aviation services to the humanitarian community, supporting access and delivery of assistance across Haiti. Logistics operations moved 433.17 metric tons of cargo through air, sea and land transport, including 32 mt by airbridge, 250 mt via 10 maritime voyages, and 151.17 mt through 8 land dispatches, while 22,236 litres of fuel were supplied to partners. UNHAS facilitated humanitarian access by transporting 1,963 passengers across 172 flights to 11 destinations, and carrying 9,029 kg of cargo, enabling continuity of operations in insecure and hard-to-reach areas.

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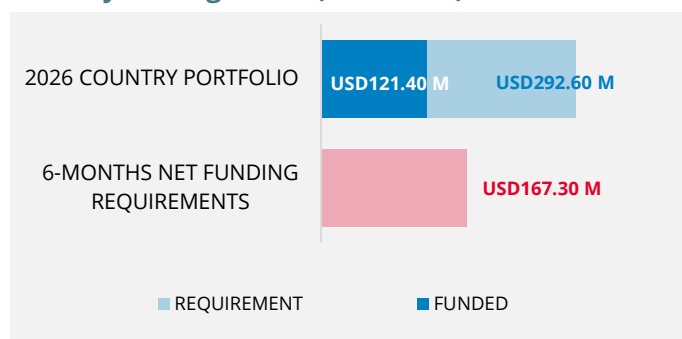
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FUNDING OVERVIEW

Country Strategic Plan (2024-2028)



Donors

Canada, European Union, Finland, France, Germany, Haiti, Japan, the Church of Jesus Christ Latter-Day Saints, Luxembourg, Monaco, The Netherlands, Norway, Republic of Korea, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the United Kingdom, the United States of America, flexible donors, donors to the Immediate Response Account, and private donations.