RBB Emergency Responses since June 2017

- Nepal Floods.
- Bangladesh Floods.
- Sri Lanka Drought & Floods.
- Philippines – Marawi conflict, response and recovery.
- Afghanistan – increased insecurity, displacement and access constraints.
613,000 refugees reached Bangladesh since 25 August 2017.

678,000 (152,000 families) people reached rice, lentils and oil every two weeks.

282,500 people received High Energy Biscuits (HEBs) on arrival.

69,000 pregnant women, nursing mothers and young children receiving SuperCereal.

Logistics Sector Hub established at Ukhiya (16 Mobile Storage Units).

Phase 1: WFP needs USD 77 million to feed all 1.9 million refugees until Feb 2018.

Phase 2: March-December 2018 targeted feeding, livelihoods and Host Community support.
Issues of concern:

- **Nutrition:**
  - 24.4% GAM.
  - 7.5% prevalence of SAM.

- “Mega Camp”.

- Hazards: Cholera, fire, cyclone, floods/landslides, acute waterborne disease.
L3 Response in Bangladesh to Sudden Influx

Opportunities:

➢ CBT/SCOPE roll out:
  • Multi-wallet biometric card.
  • Target 700,000 new refugees and 200,000 beneficiaries in the host communities.

➢ Medium-term activities:
  • Fuel Efficient Stoves (SAFE): Joint proposal with FAO IOM and WFP.
  • Livelihoods expanded in host communities.
  • Self-reliance cash for work for refugees.
Myanmar Response (Rakhine)

- Agreement with Red Cross Movement.
- Resumption of WFP Operations.
- Assessments.
11 Strategic Reviews Completed (including Afghanistan co-financed with FAO and UNICEF).

1 underway (Nepal).

2 revised Strategic Reviews (Cambodia and India).

2 possible “Roadmaps” (Bhutan and DPRK).
Strategic Shift and IRM Rollout:
Country Strategy Plans (CSP) and Related Systems

- EB.2/2018: Nepal, Cambodia and India.
- 2019: Bhutan and DPRK.
- FFR: 3 CO’s implemented; 9 CO’s June 2018; 2 CO’s July 2018.
- CRF: Implementation and refinement.
Thank You.