



# WFP South Sudan

## Situation Report #216

29 March 2018

### In Numbers

- 6.3 million** people facing severe food insecurity from February-April 2018 ([IPC February 2018](#))
- 1.7 million** people assisted by WFP in February 2018
- 1.8 million** internally displaced people ([OCHA](#))
- 2.5 million** South Sudanese refugees ([UNHCR](#))
- 202,776** seeking shelter with the UN ([UNMISS](#))

### Highlights

- Food insecurity, malnutrition, flooding and Fall Armyworm was noted as the major hazards in the Quarterly multi-hazard early warning bulletin.
- Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse as well as Sexual Harassment and Abuse of Power were highlighted in the WFP South Sudan Annual Partnership Consultation.
- For the first time in two years, the Logistics Cluster coordinated a convoy from Juba to Yuai in Jonglei state.
- Since the beginning of the year, a total of 88,594mt of food commodities have been dispatched by road and air providing assistance to 2.4 million people in South Sudan.

**People assisted**  
February 2017



### Global Humanitarian Funding

**Overall:**  
USD 1.72 billion  
**WFP share:**  
USD 827 million

### WFP 6-month Net Funding Requirements (April 2018 — September 2018)

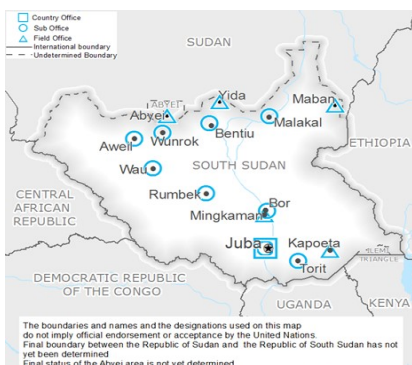
<b>Strategic Outcome 1</b> Food-insecure women, men and children in crisis-affected areas have access to safe and nutritious food	<b>USD 204.8 m</b>
<b>Strategic Outcome 2</b> People at risk of malnutrition in crisis affected areas, specially young children and pregnant and lactating women, are able to meet their basic nutrition requirements all year round	<b>USD 37.9 m</b>
<b>Strategic Outcome 3</b> Food-insecure smallholders and communities in non-conflict zones have enhanced livelihoods and resilience to seasonal climate shocks throughout the year	<b>USD 31.4 m</b>
<b>Strategic Outcome 4</b> The humanitarian community has access to reliable common services until satisfactory alternatives are available	<b>USD 39.7 m</b>

### Situation Update

- The February-May issue of the quarterly National Hazard Early Warning Bulletin produced by the South Sudan Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC), The Ministry of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Management (MHADM) with the support of WFP has been released this week. The bulletin identifies humanitarian crises and hazards that impact negatively on lives and livelihoods of the South Sudanese population, including but not limited to rainfall leading to flooding and diseases such as the Fall Armyworm.
- The Urban Food Security and Nutrition Assessment in Wau released last week showed that overall, 67 percent of the households were food insecure, 20 percent of which are severely and 47 percent moderately food insecure. The food security situation in the Southern part of Wau was found to be relatively worse (74 percent food insecure) as compared to Northern Wau (60 percent food insecure). Recent assessments in Juba and Bor urban areas showed similar high level of food insecurity, due to increasing limited access to the urban population.
- WFP participated in a meeting on 22 March, on the shared commitment to reduce vulnerability and enhance coping capacity, chaired by UN DSRSG and USAID Mission Director and attended by over 25 agencies, including Heads of Cooperation, Heads of UN Agencies and NGOs. WFP showcases its efforts to advancing integration of emergency efforts with sister agencies, through the alignment of key emergency response interventions.

### WFP Response

- On 27 and 28 March, the Ministry of General Education and Instruction (MoGEI) with the support of WFP organized a Stakeholders Consultative Workshop on School Meals in Juba. The aim of the workshop was to bring key stakeholders in the area of schools meals together to develop a strategy for homegrown school meals. This year, WFP plans to provide 380,000 primary school children with daily school meals at 600 schools across South Sudan through its School Feeding programme.
- On the 28th of March, the WFP South Sudan Annual



Partnership Consultation took place in Juba. Over 70 partners gathered to discuss and provide feedback upon WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan (ICSP) and its partnership strategy. Based on the Country Directors opening remarks and subsequent discussions, Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse as well as Sexual Harassment and Abuse of Power were agreed to be key priorities moving forward.



## Food and Nutrition Assistance

- WFP has over the past two weeks delivered 5,387mt of food commodities assisting around 359,583 people in 18 counties (Canal, Panyijiar, Uror, Ulang, Ayod, Yuai, Koch, Buaw, Keew, Bieh, Raja, Mading, Dolo, Pathai, Kurwai, Wai, Thaker, Mayom) through the Integrated Rapid Response Mechanism (IRRM).
- There are five ongoing IRRM food distributions assisting around 68,573 people including 14,425 children under the age of five.



## Gender and Protection

- WFP continues to strengthen the Complaints and Feedback Mechanism (CFM) by building the capacity of representatives from 12 Cooperating Partners (CPs) in Aweil. The training included Protection, Gender and Accountability to Affected Populations (APP) as well as support in setting up Project Management Committees (PMC) and operationalizing the CFM.

The establishment of both structures contribute to WFP's commitment to ensure that communities are at the center of decisions that affect them and that there are effective two way feedback mechanisms. Gender parity in the PMCs also provide opportunity to supports women's access to leadership and decision making positions.



## Supply Chain

- Three convoys carrying 1,380mt of assorted commodities and non-food items (NFIs) departed Juba early/mid- March and arrived in Kapoeta on 17 March, in Kuajok and Yida on 27 March and Kuda, Rokon and Serimon on 28 March. Another convoy to Makpandu and Yambio carrying 1,008mt food commodities and NFI departed Juba on 25 March and arrived in Yambio on 28 March. An overland convoy with 44 trucks and two fleet trucks from Mombasa via Juba carrying 1,240mt of food commodities and NFIs departed Juba 24 March and arrived in Kapoeta on 28 March.
- Over the last two weeks, air deliveries to Pathai, Mading, Kurwai, Aburoc, Mayendit, Tonga, Gorwai, Koch, Boaw, Bieh, Bouh and Keew were completed. 17,154mt of assorted commodities have been delivered by air since the start of the year to hard-to-reach areas. A total of around 90,000mt of assorted food commodities has been dispatched so far in 2018.

## Clusters and Common Services



### Food Security & Livelihoods Cluster

- FSL cluster participated in the Inter Cluster Working Group (ICWG) retreat together with around 40 participants. The retreat took place in Juba on the 22 March and envisioned a new modality for prioritization

of response to be piloted with effect from mid-April. A Needs Analysis Working Group (NAWG) will be formed to conduct the analysis in locations not covered by State ICWGs. This information will feed into the ICWG decisions on prioritization of response to be implemented by an Operational Working Group (OWG). The three groups (NAWG/ICWG/OWG) will work together to have this new modality in place in the coming weeks.

- FSL cluster facilitated the Fall Armyworm (FAW) Response training and planning in Juba on 27 and 28 March in order to launch a strong and effective FAW response across the country. More than 80 FSL partners attended the training. The training was crucial as pests and diseases are among the contributing factors to the current dire food insecurity situation in South Sudan according to the recent IPC report released in February 2018.



## Logistics Cluster

- The Logistics Cluster, with the support of WFP, continues to facilitate access to critical supply chain routes to maximize road transportation during the dry season. For the first time in two years, the Logistics Cluster coordinated a convoy from Juba to Yuai in Jonglei state. The convoy successfully arrived in Yuai on 25 March with trucks from UNICEF and Tearfund.
- The Logistics Cluster successfully coordinated the fifth convoy along the Western Corridor in 2018. The convoy with 32 vehicles from five organisations arrived in Bentiu on 21 March. The next convoy is set to depart from Juba to Yei on 28 March.
- The Logistics Cluster continues to train organisations on how to request logistics services from the Logistics Cluster. Over the past two weeks, the cluster conducted five trainings for 34 staff from five organizations.
- The Logistics Cluster facilitated the transport of 154mt of Camp Coordination and Camp Management (CCCM), Education, General Operations, Health, Logistics, Nutrition, Shelter, and WASH cargo to 19 locations on behalf of 16 organizations.
- The most recent Access Constraints map can be found at this [link](#).



## UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)

- UNHAS transported 3,317 passengers and 50mt light humanitarian cargo to 71 destinations.
- WFP Aviation performed 84 airdrop flights, delivering 2,197 MT of WFP food.
- UNHAS performed four medical evacuations from Akobo, Aweil, Maban, and Malakal to Juba on behalf of three organizations.
- In support of the Inter-Cluster Working Group (ICWG) Rapid Response Mission (ICRM) mechanism, UNHAS transported 10 passengers from Malakal to Tonga and 11 passengers from Tonga to Malakal.
- UNHAS replaced one fixed-wing aircraft with a DHC-Q-400, a 70 seat aircraft to serve larger destinations.
- UNHAS updated its schedule with effect 01 April. The new schedule is available on the Logistics Cluster [website](#).

## WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan

	Total Requirements (in USD)	Total Received (in USD)	6 Months Net Funding Requirements* (in USD)	People Assisted** (Feb 2018)	Female**	Male**
<b>ICSP TOTAL</b> (2018-2020)	3.2 b	250.75 m	313.86 m	1,715,025 ***	930,363	784,662
<b>Activity 1</b> Provide nutrition-sensitive food assistance to crisis-affected populations <b>Strategic Result 1:</b> Access to food	1.86 b	139.30 m	184.46 m	1,011,789	534,253	477,536
<b>Activity 2</b> Provide food and nutrition assistance to refugees <b>Strategic Result 1:</b> Access to food	337.65 m	21.78 m	20.36 m	284,200	151,387	132,813
<b>Activity 3</b> Provide nutrition assistance to populations at risk of malnutrition <b>Strategic Result 2:</b> End malnutrition	531.28 m	9.86 m	37.94 m	134,590	93,716	40,874
<b>Activity 4</b> Provide livelihood support and build resilience of rural households <b>Strategic Result 3:</b> Smallholder Productivity and Income	192.92 m	14.22 m	31.41 m	284,446	151,007	133,439
<b>Activity 5</b> Operate air services for the humanitarian community <b>Strategic Result 8:</b> Global Partnerships	173.60 m	19.08 m	28.52 m	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Activity 6</b> Coordinate the Logistics Cluster in support of the humanitarian community <b>Strategic Result 8:</b> Global Partnerships	71.33 m	7.76 m	11.15 m	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>Non Activity Specific funding</b>		38.75 m				

\*April-September 2018 \*\*Includes overlap of beneficiaries \*\*\*Unique beneficiaries, excluding overlap  
Focus Area for Activity 1-3, 5-6: Crisis response. Focus Area for Activity 5: Resilience building.

### Donors (2017-2018, listed alphabetically)\*



\* Private and multilateral Donors not included



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