The 2019 Orange Campaign against sexual and gender-based violence was launched on 25 November 2019 in WFP Yemen.

Situation Update (including security)

- On 07 November, the Supreme Council for Management and Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs and International Cooperation (SCMCHA) was established. The new council replaced both the National Authority for the Management and Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs and Disaster Recovery (NAMCHA) and the international cooperation sector at the Ministry of Planning and International Cooperation.
- The Internationally Recognized Government of Yemen (IRG) and the Southern Transitional Council (STC) signed a power-sharing agreement on 05 November to end hostilities in the South.
- The WFP-led UNHAS established a new air route between Aden and Mukalla. Flights to Mukalla are scheduled to operate once a week and are based on demand.
- Throughout November, the fuel situation in northern Yemen remained unpredictable. A reduced number of commercial fuel vessels continued to enter Hudaydah port. WFP operations were not affected, and WFP chartered vessels operated without issue.
- As part of the nationwide targeting and biometric registration exercise, on 17 November, the first batch of equipment landed in Sana’a airport and is pending customs clearance. While the exercise is ongoing in the south, WFP will first implement a cash pilot in three districts in Sana’a city targeting some 158,000 people.
- On 25 November, the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) reported a new outbreak of dengue fever in Yemen, with over 3,500 cases of dengue reported in Taiz alone.
- On 27 November, WFP’s Bilateral Service Provision (BSP) dispatched over 5,000 m³ of medical cargo, the largest

Highlights

- WFP provided general food assistance to 12.73 million Yemeni people in November. This is the highest number of people reached with general food assistance to date.
- WFP-led UNHAS established a new air route between Aden and Mukalla.
- WFP requires USD 559 million to continue operations unimpeded over the next six months (January 2020 – June 2020).

In Numbers

24.1 million people in need of humanitarian assistance*
3.65 million people internally displaced
20.1 million people are food insecure

*According to the 2019 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP)

12.73 million people assisted
November 2019

Overall: US$4.2 billion
WFP share: US$2.3 billion

Global Humanitarian Funding

WFP Net Funding Requirements
(January 2020 – June 2020)

Interim Country Strategic Plan (ICSP)

USD 559 million

Highlights

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- On 27 November, WFP's Bilateral Service Provision (BSP) dispatched over 5,000 m³ of medical cargo, the largest
dispatch of medical cargo transported in a single day in the operation to date, on behalf of WHO from Salalah and Dubai.

**WFP Response**

- During the November cycle, WFP delivered food assistance to a total of 12.73 million people in 22 governorates. Of these, 9.5 million people received in-kind food assistance, 2.7 million people received commodity vouchers and 469,374 people received cash-based transfers.

- In response to the increased fighting and large-scale population displacement in Hudaydah governorate in 2018, the UN established a Rapid Response Mechanism (RRM) in June 2018 to assist newly-displaced persons and ensure their most immediate needs are met. Displaced families are provided with WFP Immediate Response Rations (IRR) sufficient for five days. In November, WFP distributed 8,932 IRR kits through UNFPA and its cooperating partners.

- Preparations for the registration of 1.3 million households are ongoing in the northern governorates. In the southern governorates, preparations are on-going to start the biometric registration of additional 600,000 people with the service provider. A total of 788,704 people has been registered so far.

**Livelihood and Resilience Projects**

- In November, WFP continued to expand its coverage to increase the number of beneficiaries to 126,458 assisted through 18,065 participants under the Food Assistance for Assets modality (FFA), a ten percent increase compared to October 2019. This includes 700 women participants under the Food Assistance for Training modality (FFT).

- FFA participants worked on approximately 320 assets, including rural road rehabilitation and water harvesting schemes. In addition, WFP continued to support women literacy and numeracy as well as tailoring trainings with the aim of empowering rural women and improving their skills to support their households.

**School Feeding Programme**

- Under the November cycle, WFP dispatched a total quantity of 735 mt of school snacks (date bars in the northern governorates and high-energy biscuits in the southern governorates) for 680,000 students.

**Nutrition Assistance**

- During November, WFP reached 172,480 children aged 6 to 59 months and 198,855 pregnant and lactating women and girls (PLWG) with its Targeted Supplementary Feeding Programme (TSFP) to treat moderate acute malnutrition (MAM). For MAM prevention, WFP reached 261,570 children aged 6 to 23 months and 243,045 PLW with its Blanket Supplementary Feeding Programme (BSFP). So far in 2019, WFP has assisted some 2.6 million PLWG and children through these programmes.

**Clusters and Common Services**

**Food Security and Agriculture Cluster (FSAC)**

- In November, the FSAC prepared the dossier for the to be-funded projects under the standard allocation of the Yemen Humanitarian Fund (YHF) and defended this at the respective advisory board. Subsequently, 15 partners were informed to submit proposals along the guidance from FSAC.

**Logistics Cluster**

- In November, the Logistics Cluster facilitated the inland transport of 101 mt of relief items on behalf of six partners to nine different locations. Humanitarian cargo of 77 mt was transported by air between Djibouti and Sana’a on behalf of six partners.

- 27,808 litres of fuel (petrol and diesel) were distributed from WFP-managed distribution points around Sana’a, Aden and Bayt to 15 partners.

- The Logistics Cluster continues to closely coordinate with partners for the organization of an ad-hoc shipment between Aden and Hudaydah, in order to ease the congestion in the sea port of Aden.

**Resourcing Update**

- Based on the ICSP, WFP urgently needs an additional USD 559 million to ensure operations can continue unimpeded over the next six months.

- WFP is expecting a series of pipeline breaks for a number of programmes in 2020. Critical pipeline break for general food assistance is expected in June. Wheat flour is expected to break in May, pulses in January, vegetable oil in March, sugar in February and salt in March. Shortfalls for cash assistance are starting in February and a pipeline break is expected in March for commodity vouchers. Nutrition interventions are experiencing a critical pipeline break in March. Shortfalls for the school feeding programme are expected to start in March due to commodities arrival schedule. The cash assistance under the food for assets activity is covered until March, with shortfalls to start from April. Funding for Logistic Cluster is secured until June 2020; however, if the grant is not extended, it will be only secured till February. Funding for the Emergency Telecommunication Cluster is secured until January 2020, with 84 percent shortfalls to start in February. Funding for UNHAS is secured until March with a 100 percent critical break starting in April.
**WFP Interim Country Strategic Plan**

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<td><strong>ICSP TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>4.82 b</td>
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<td>559 m</td>
<td>12,732,373</td>
<td>6,254,142</td>
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<td>General Food Assistance</td>
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<td>12,732,373</td>
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<td>Nutrition (Treatment)**</td>
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* The total beneficiary figure includes beneficiaries of all activities as there is almost a complete overlap between activities.

**Nutrition Prevention and Treatment figures are based on dispatches.

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**WFP would like to thank all government donors, UN funds, and private sector donors for their contributions to the Yemen ICSP 2019-2020.**

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