WFP response to COVID-19
COVID-19 pandemic is the worst crisis the world has faced since WWII. To fight it we need a coordinated global response.

As of 6 April 2020, over 1,270,000 cases have been confirmed worldwide. Almost all countries where WFP has operations have been affected.

12 million children are no longer receiving WFP school meals due to school closures in 51 countries where WFP implements school feeding programmes.

Humanitarian supply chains at risk as: Food exports are blocked; Borders closed; Staple food prices rise; Manufacturing industries disrupted; Reduced availability of labour, Special Nutritious Foods Supplies.

Food insecurity situation critical in some countries as many countries enter their annual lean season and the hurricane and monsoon season approaches.
In order to pre-position food and cash supplies and sustain all global operations, WFP urgently requires **USD 1.9 billion** to be frontloaded against WFP’s existing plan of work. This will not be an additional cost, but rather an anticipation of planned contributions.

In alignment with the **Global Humanitarian Response Plan**, an initial **USD 350 million** is urgently required to:
- Rapidly scale-up the common services
- Ensure real-time monitoring of the global situation
- Provide critical investments required to safely deliver operations and services worldwide.
Mitigating risks to supply corridors

- Forward purchasing three-month stocks of food and cash
- Positioning resources in or near the most fragile countries
- Reinforcing critical corridors to ensure continued flow of resources
- Local procurement and leveraging existing relationships with local suppliers and the private sector

Adapting delivery mechanisms

- Providing alternative means of food assistance eg. take-home rations in lieu of in-school meals
- Reducing congestion at distribution sites and retail shops
- Putting health mitigation measures in place eg. Handwashing stations and awareness-raising campaigns

Adapting market-based approaches

- Shifting between modalities (food, cash vouchers), amending ration baskets and allowing double distributions
- Working with partners to secure inventory
- Expanding online platforms (e-shop) and exploring other delivery options

Responding to emerging needs

- Prioritizing interventions
- Working with governments and partners to step-in when needed
- Preparing to support new population groups who may become food insecure
- Providing a real-time platform to track changes in food security, health indicators and market functionality in priority vulnerable countries.
Programme Priorities

Sustaining essential food and nutrition assistance
- People’s ability to meet their essential needs, enjoy their rights and manage future risks are of concern
- Consider do-no harm, innovative delivery and social assistance measures, with existing and future safety nets
- Adjustments to ensure continuity of care to and adjusting implementation to reduce the risk of transmission

Supporting children during school closures
- Take-home rations in lieu of in-school meals, home delivery of food and provision of cash or vouchers
- When schools reopen, providing comprehensive support to the health and nutrition status of students

Responding to emerging needs
- New population groups who may become food insecure (people in quarantine, urban populations, migrant workers, seasonal laborers, service workers)

Taking a systems approach to scaling up urban interventions and social protection
- Technical advice
- Delivery for and in partnership with government
- Supporting an enabling environment
• **Hubs and Staging Areas:** WFP will establish four international strategic consolidation hubs in Shanghai, Liege, Dubai and Atlanta. These international hubs will be connected to regional staging areas over the world.

• **Air and Sea Cargo Services:** WFP will set up air transport links between international consolidation hubs and regional staging areas and onwards to final destinations when required.

• **Passenger Air Services:** WFP will strategically position five medium-sized passenger aircraft (150-180-seater) to transport humanitarian and medical staff between international and regional hubs to critical countries of operation.

• **MEDEVAC Services:** WFP will set-up MEDEVAC services for the humanitarian and health community based out of 7 regional hubs serving field operations across the globe.
In Country downstream services (Cost recovery)*
- Storage and handling
- Landside goods transport
- Goods and services procurement
- Fuel provision
- Engineering and light construction
- Common booking and management services for light passenger vehicles

Mandated Common Services activated in Country as required
- UNHAS
- Emergency Telecommunications Cluster
- Logistics Cluster
- UNHRO (leveraging existing hubs/network)

*Not all downstream services might be offered in all countries and services offered will be based on available capacity.

CONOPS is not limited to the GHRP but will serve critical operations, and evolve as situation and needs evolve.
• **ED USD 1.9 billion appeal** (not part of HRP) reflects requirements under WFP’s existing plan of work and corresponds to 70% of **three-month needs-based plan** for countries in prioritization categories P1 and P2.

• **USD 3.6 billion** required for **next six months** for prioritized countries to implement current activities (Needs-Based Plan).

• To date, COVID-19 *specific* support received from **Japan** and **Private Sector Donors**, with pledges from **Denmark, Norway, United Kingdom**.

• **UN CERF** allocation to WFP Special Account for COVID-19 Response (USD 20 million) under Global Humanitarian Response Plan.
Resourcing Needs in Priority Operations

- Most critical P1/P2 operations
- Figures based on 2020 Needs Based Plans and do not incorporate potential COVID-19-related adjustment in requirements
Our Approach and Solution: Speed – Scale – Access

• **Anticipate** confirmation of funding for critical operations by providing early and specific indications of support so internal advance financing mechanisms can potentially be utilized.

• **Adapt** funding to allow programming and utilization of funding to address priority operational needs.

• **Simplify** funding-related processes for agreements and disbursement of funding, along with procedures related to due diligence, budgeting, reporting, evaluation and audits.

• We will need **additional funding** to scale-up the COVID-19 response at some point in the future.

World Food Programme
Optimizing Funding with Available Financial Instruments

**Multilateral funding**
- USD 10 million allocated to COVID-19 Special Account for WFP global preparedness & response
- USD 4 million allocated to COVID-19 Trust Fund for global humanitarian preparedness & response

**Internal Project Lending**
- USD 10 million allocated to COVID-19 Trust Fund (pending CERF contribution)

**Global Commodity Management Facility**
- Additional Purchase Requisitions for 216,000 mt, bringing total available GCMF inventory to 770,000 mt
- Resulting GCMF inventory estimated to cover 100% of COs cash purchases until the end of Q3
Immediate Response Account
- Requests beginning to come in - proposal for a USD 5 million IRA allocation to Palestine

PSA savings and Wellness Fund
- USD 2.5 million advanced from PSA savings for office hygiene items
- Additional requirement for global telecom services, HQ infrastructure, video conferences
- Allocations from the Wellness Fund for purchase of office hygiene items

Additional requests and adjustments
- Constantly under review